

ACS Group-of-Prefixed-URLs Configuration Mode Commands

Important This configuration mode is customer specific. For more information, contact your Cisco account representative.

Command Modes

The ACS Group-of-Prefixed-URLs Configuration Mode is used to create and configure groups of prefixed URLs.

Exec > ACS Configuration > ACS Group-of-Prefixed-URLs Configuration

active-charging service *service_name* **> group-of-prefixed-urls** *group_name*

Entering the above command sequence results in the following prompt:

```
[local]host_name(config-acs-grp-of-prefixed-urls)#
```

Important The commands or keywords/variables that are available are dependent on platform type, product version, and installed license(s).

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end

Exits the current configuration mode and returns to the Exec mode.

Product All

Privilege Security Administrator, Administrator

Syntax Description `end`

Usage Guidelines Use this command to return to the Exec mode.

exit

Exits the current mode and returns to the parent configuration mode.

Product All

Privilege Security Administrator, Administrator

Syntax Description **exit**

Usage Guidelines Use this command to return to the parent configuration mode.

prefixed-url

This command allows you to add or remove URLs from the current group of prefixed URLs.

Important A maximum of 10 URLs can be added per group.

Product ACS

Privilege Security Administrator, Administrator

Command Modes Exec > ACS Configuration > ACS Group-of-Prefixed-URLs Configuration

active-charging service *service_name* **> group-of-prefixed-urls** *group_name*

Entering the above command sequence results in the following prompt:

`[local]host_name(config-acs-grp-of-prefixed-urls)#`

Syntax Description **[no] prefixed-url** *url*

no

If added previously, removes the specified URL from the current group of prefixed URLs.

url

Specifies the URL to add/remove.

url must be an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.

Usage Guidelines Use this command to add or remove URLs to be filtered from the group of prefixed URLs.

Example

The following command adds the URL *http://abc.net* to the current group of prefixed URLs:

prefixed-url http://abc.net