

Cisco Cyber Vision Center VM Installation Guide, Release 5.4.x

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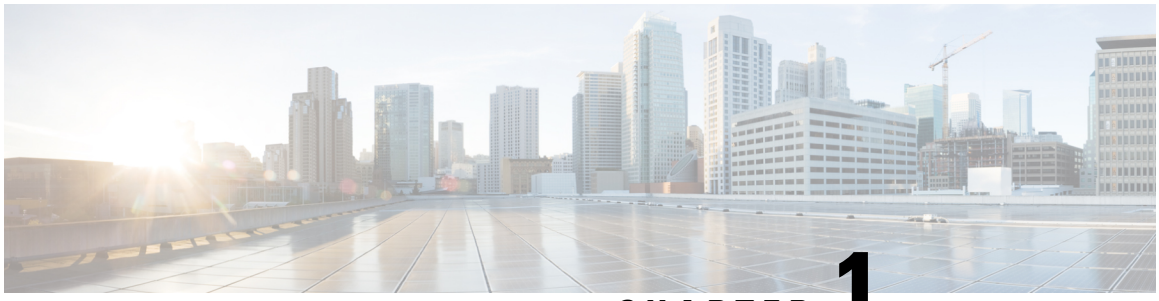
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CHAPTER 1

About this documentation

- Document purpose, on page 1
- Warnings and notices, on page 1

Document purpose

This installation guide shows how to connect, configure and install Cisco Cyber Vision Center on a virtual machine running on VMware ESXi and Microsoft Hyper-VVMware ESXi, Microsoft Hyper-V, Nutanix, and RedHat OpenShift Container Platform.

You will also find the upgrade procedures for an architecture with a Global Center and for an architecture with one Center only.

Warnings and notices

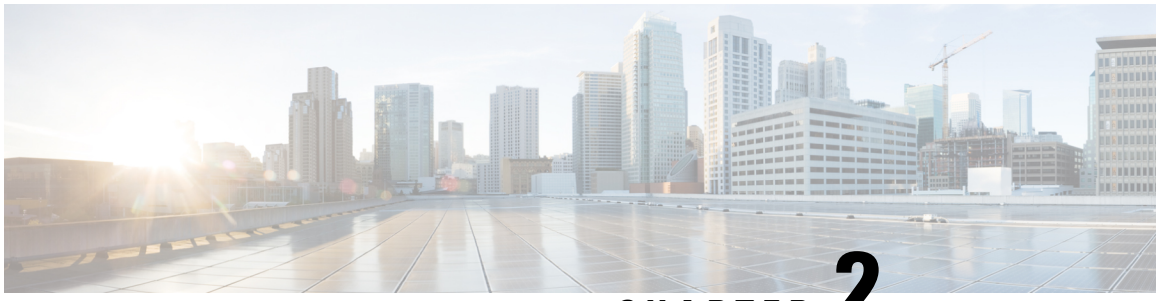
This manual contains notices you have to observe to ensure your personal safety as well as to prevent damage to property.

The notices referring to your personal safety and to your property damage are highlighted in the manual by a safety alert symbol described below. These notices are graded according to the degree of danger.

Warning Indicates risks that involve industrial network safety or production failure that could possibly result in personal injury or severe property damage if proper precautions are not taken.

Important Indicates risks that could involve property or equipment damage and minor personal injury if proper precautions are not taken.

Note Indicates important information on the product described in the documentation to which attention should be paid.



CHAPTER 2

Information and characteristics

- Information and Characteristics, on page 3
- IPv6 support for Cyber Vision administration services, on page 5

Information and Characteristics

The solution can have a 2-tier or 3-tier architecture made of:

- **Edge sensors** which are installed in the industrial network. These sensors are dedicated to capture network traffic, decode protocols using the Deep Packet Inspection engine and send meaningful information to the Center.
- The **Center**, a central platform gathering data from all the Edge Sensors and acting as the monitoring, detection and management platform for the whole solution.
- Optionally, a third-tier **Global Center** to which all Centers are connected, to provide a central view of all Centers deployed within an organization for alerting, reporting and management functions.

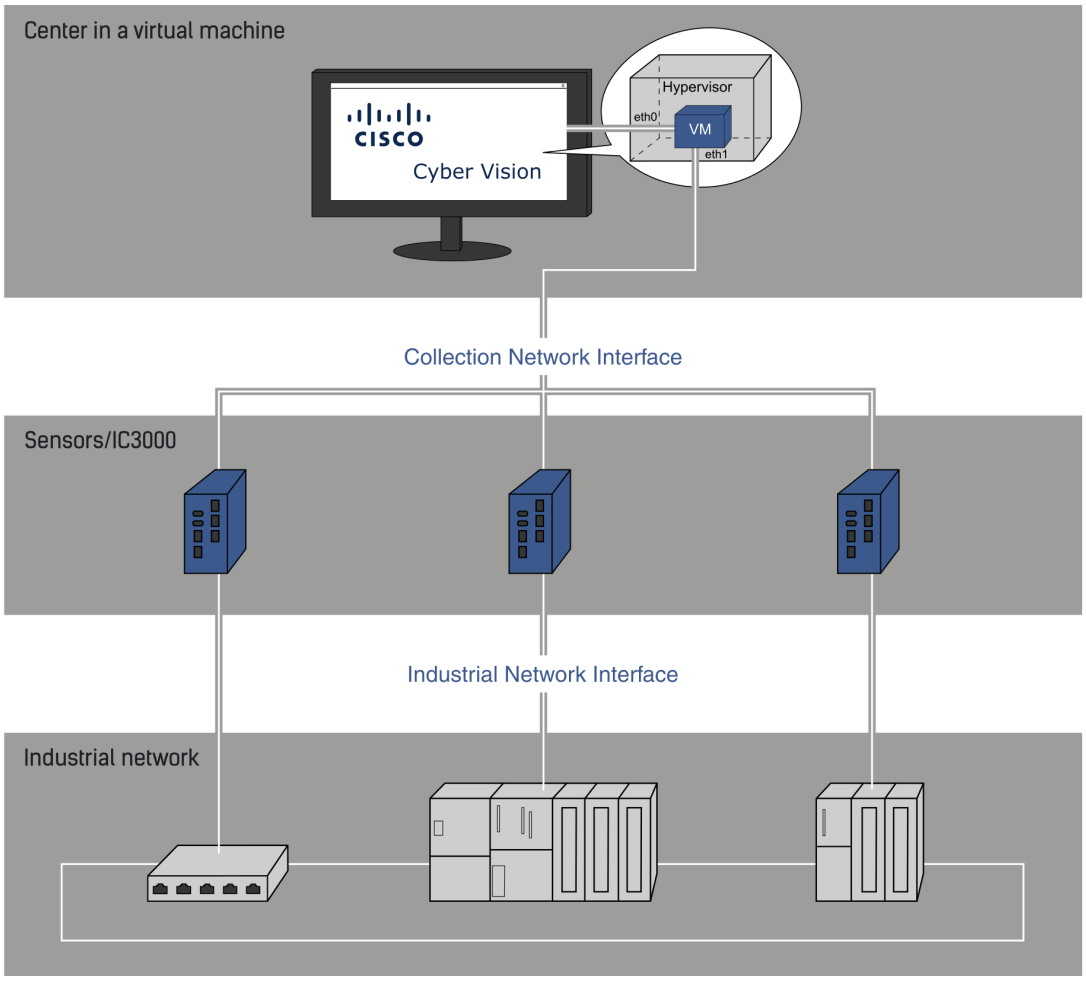
During the installation of the Center, you will have the opportunity to set up Center data synchronization to a Global Center. However, if you choose to set up a global infrastructure, you must install the Global Center first, then the Centers, and finally, the sensors.

Networks or segments involved

From perspective, three important networks will be involved with the platform:

- The **Administration network**, used to access the Center User Interface (UI) and interact with authorized external services (NTP, DNS, API, SIEM, etc.).
- The **Collection network**, used to manage all sensors. This network must be isolated from the operational traffic plant (separated VLAN/subnet).
- The **Acquisition/Industrial network**, used for all industrial plant traffic and/or external interconnection under consideration that will be analyzed by the sensors (SPAN traffic collected).

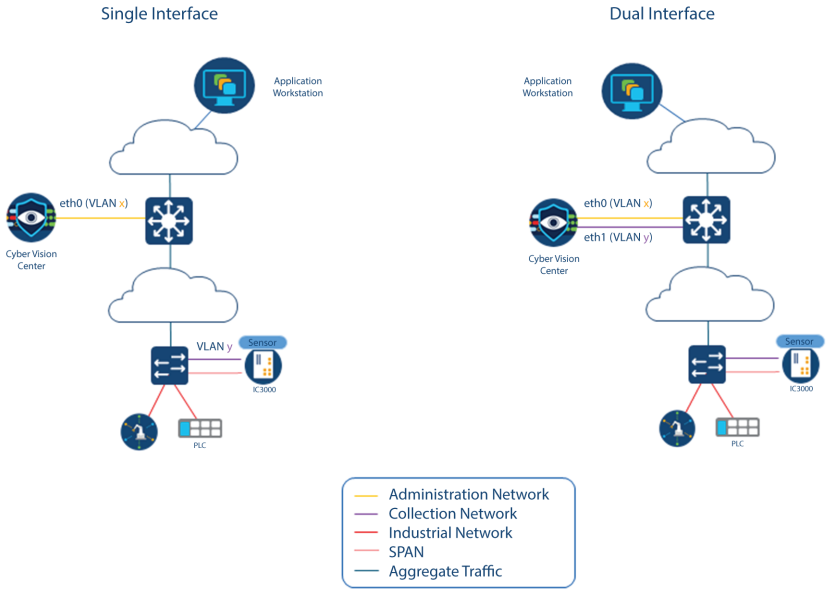
Example of a installation (without Global Center):



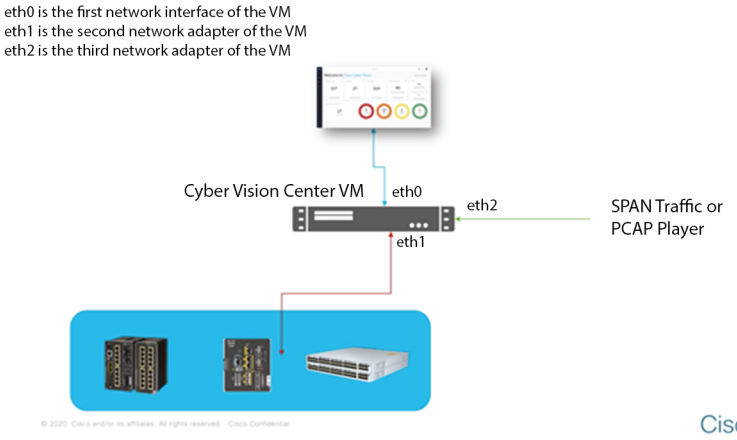
Configuring single or dual interface (not applicable to a Global Center)

For security reasons, it is recommended to use the Center on **two separate networks**, respectively connected to the following interfaces:

- The **Administration network interface (eth0)**, which gives access to the user interface.
- The **Collection network interface (eth1)**, which connects the Center to the sensors.



- An additional interface dedicated to DPI (eth2) is required to deploy a Center with sensor function on ESXi.



However, in case of incompatibility with the industrial network infrastructure or for limited environments, you can use a single network interface (eth0).

Refer to the Architecture Guide for more information about defining environment configuration.

IPv6 support for Cyber Vision administration services

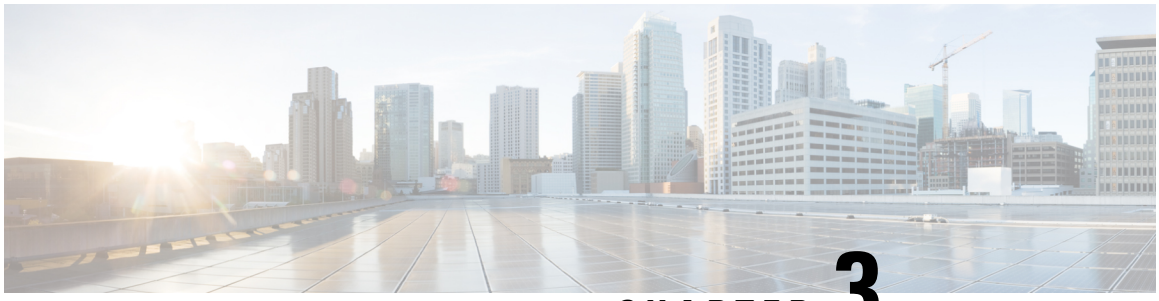
You can use both IPv4 and IPv6 protocols for administration services in Cyber Vision.

You can use IPv6 on center eth0 for all your administration-related access, such as:

- Accessing the web UI.
- Integrating with third-party solutions such as syslog, ISE configurations, and LDAP.

Consider these limitations:

- License operations only work with direct transport; Transport Gateway and HTTP/HTTPS Proxy are not supported.
- Sensor data collection uses only IPv4, whether performed on eth0 or eth1.



CHAPTER 3

Requirements for installation

- Installation Prerequisites, on page 7

Installation Prerequisites

Ensure the following conditions are met before installing as a virtual machine.

Supported Hypervisors

Use one of these hypervisors.

- VMware vSphere 6.x or later
- Microsoft Hyper-V Server 2016 or later
- Nutanix Acropolis OS 6.10 or later
- RedHat OpenShift Container Platform 4.19 or later



Note The hypervisor must have permissions configured to create a new virtual machine.

Virtual Machine Sizing

Minimum (up to 500 components)

- CPU: Intel Xeon, 8 cores
- RAM: 16 GB
- Storage: 500 GB SSD

Recommended (10,000 components without Center DPI):

- CPU: Intel Xeon, 10 cores
- RAM: 32 GB
- Storage: 1 TB SSD, RAID-10

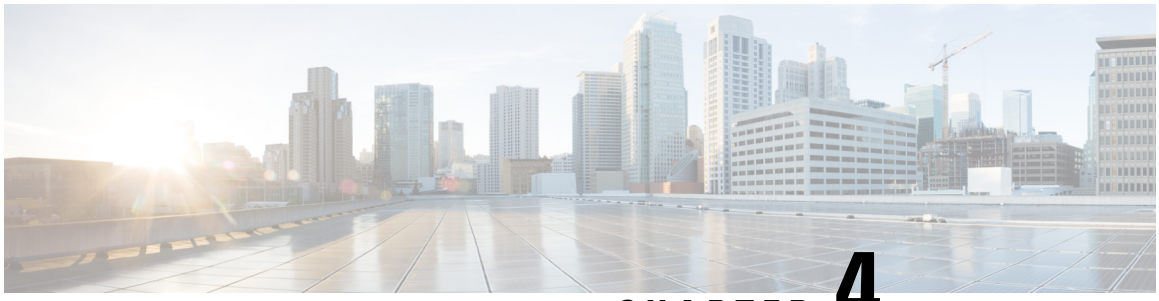
For over 10,000 components or with Center DPI:

- CPU: Intel Xeon, 16 cores
- RAM: 64 GB
- Storage: 1 TB SSD, RAID-10

Network Requirements

IP Addresses

- 1–2 IP addresses for the Center, based on single or dual interface configuration:
  - Single interface: One IP for web interface and SSH administration.
  - Dual interface: One IP for protocol data from sensors (Collection network) and one for web interface/SSH (Administration network).
  - One IP address per sensor, ideally on a dedicated LAN or VLAN (Industrial network interface). Not applicable for Global Center.
  - An additional interface for DPI if deploying a Center with sensor functionality on ESXi.
- NTP Server: Accessible from the Center (typically configured via a router).
- Machine Name: A unique name, configured in DNS or on each client, required for secure communication between clients (users or APIs) and the Center.



CHAPTER 4

Install the Virtual Center

To install Center, follow these steps:

1. Retrieve the installation file.
2. Create a virtual machine.
   - For VMware ESXi: Create a virtual machine and deploy the OVA file.
   - For Microsoft Hyper-V: Create a virtual machine, configure the disk size, and map the required network interfaces.
   - For Nutanix: Import the OVA file in Nutanix via PRISM Central.
   - For RedHat OpenShift Container Platform: Configure a boot volume using the **qcow2** image and deploy a virtual machine that uses the volume as its boot disk.
3. Configure the Cisco Cyber Vision Center to finalize the installation.

- Retrieve the installation file, on page 9
- ESXi, on page 11
- Hyper-V, on page 17
- Nutanix, on page 30
- RedHat OpenShift Container Platform, on page 32

Retrieve the installation file

Before starting the VM installation, you must retrieve the virtual machine installation file.

To retrieve the virtual machine installation file:

Procedure

Step 1 Access Software Download platform.

Step 2 Download the latest virtual machine image files for your hypervisor. Image files with the DPI option are also available.

To verify that the file you just downloaded is healthy, it is recommended to use the SHA512 checksum provided by .

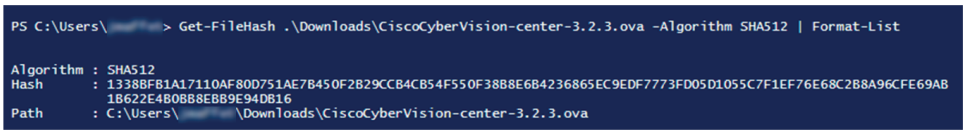
To do so (Windows users):

Step 3 Access download page.

Step 4 Download the file.

Step 5 Open a shell prompt such as Windows Powershell and use the following command to retrieve the file checksum:

```
Get-FileHash .\CiscoCyberVision-<TYPE>-<VERSION>.<EXT> -Algorithm SHA512 | Format-List
```



Step 6 In the download page, mouse over the file and copy the SHA512 checksum.



Step 7 Compare both checksums.

- If both checksums are identical it means the file is healthy.
- If the checksums do not match try to download the file again.
- If, after downloading the file again the checksums still don't match, please contact support.

ESXi

Create a Virtual Machine

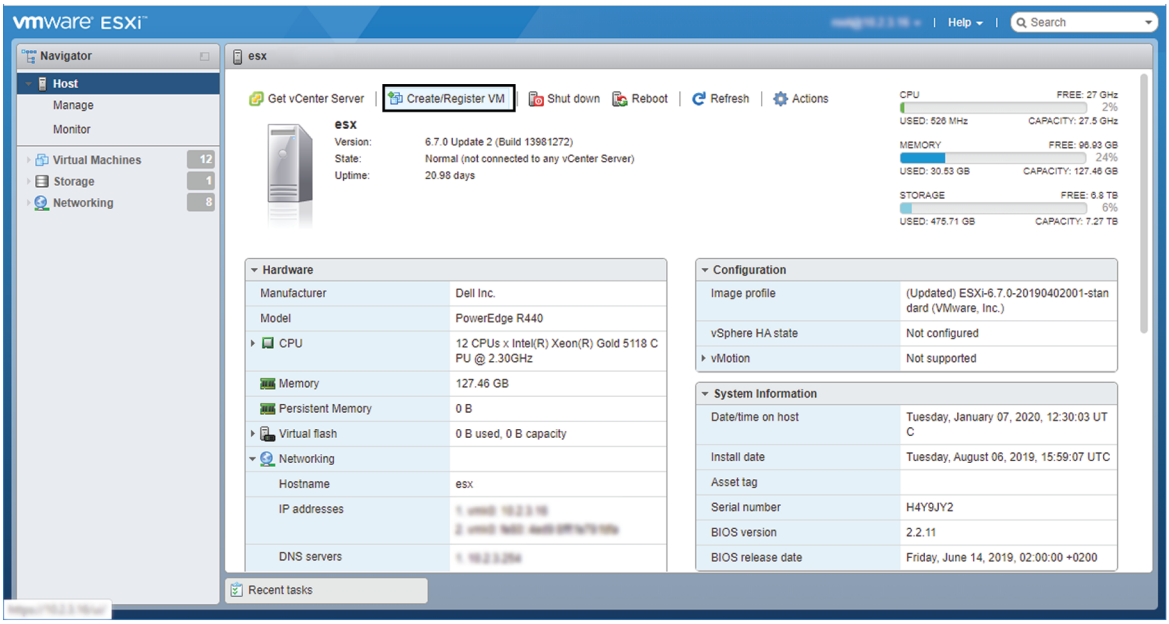
Before taking the steps below to create a VM on ESXi, **you must set two network interfaces** (the Administration and the Collection network interfaces), and a third if deploying a Center with DPI (the DPI network interface), accordingly to the infrastructure of the network. To do so, refer to VMware ESXi documentation.

To create the Virtual Machine and deploy :

Procedure

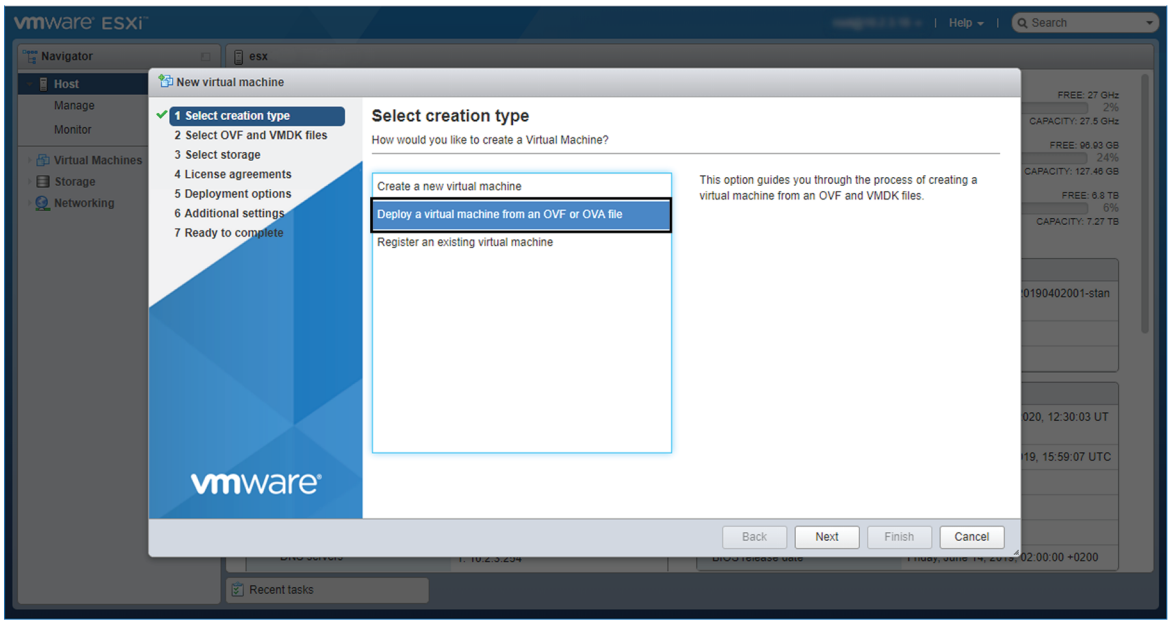
Step 1 Login to VMware ESXi.

Step 2 Click Create/Register VM.

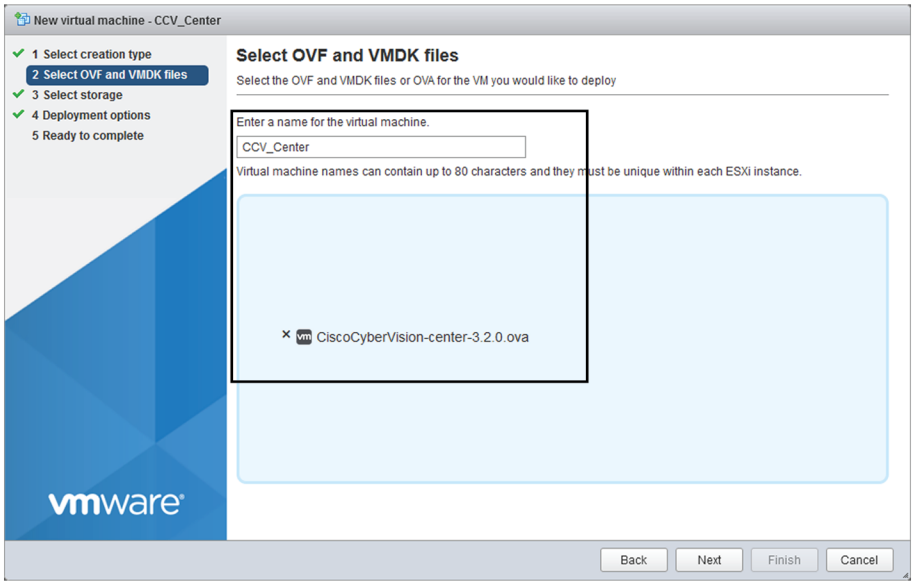


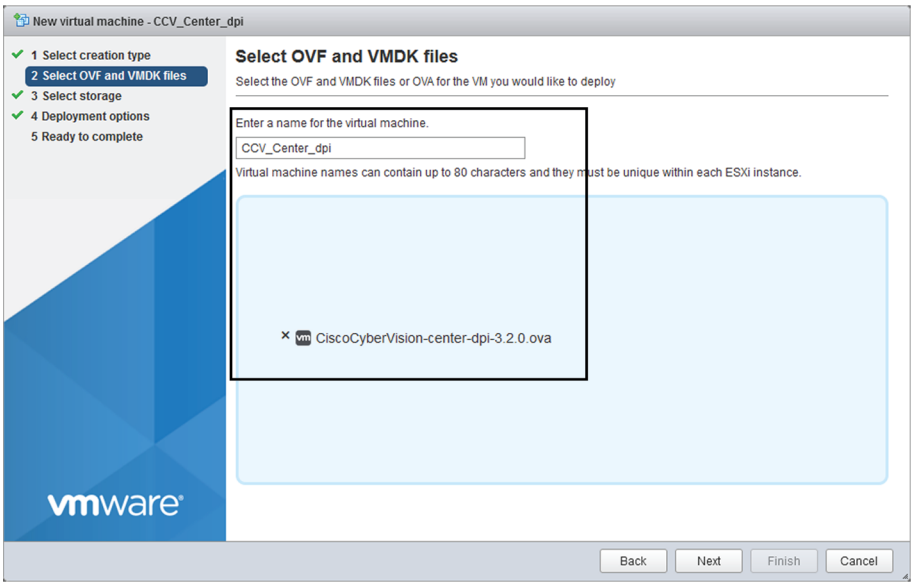
The wizard to create a new virtual machine opens.

Step 3 Click Deploy a virtual machine from an OVF or OVA file.

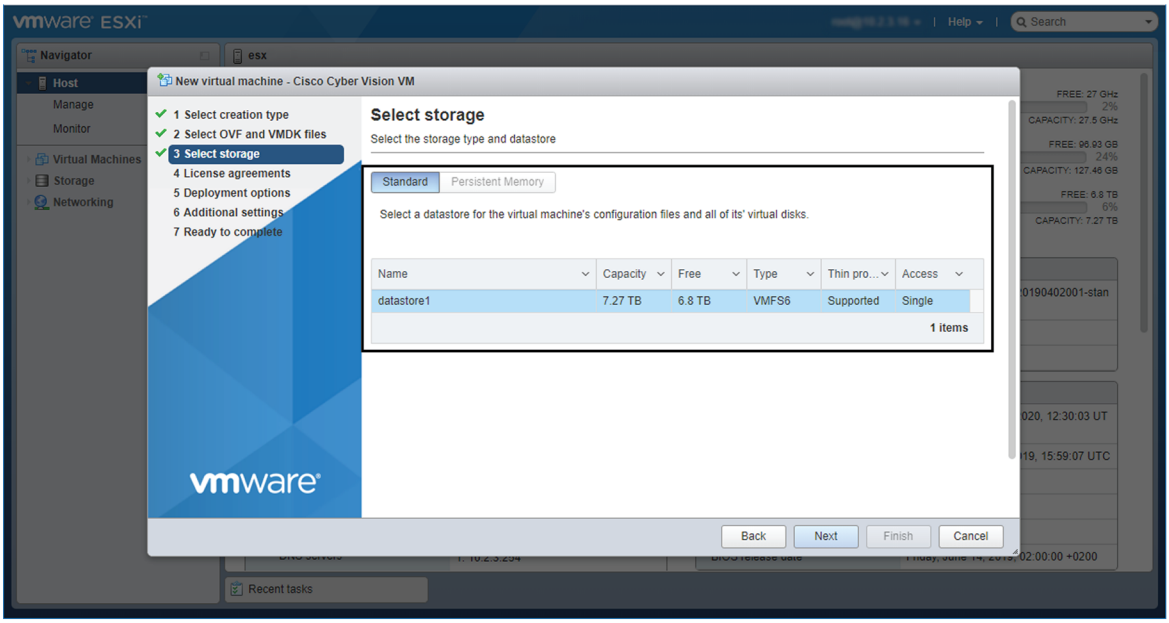


Step 4 Give a name to the virtual machine and select the OVA file. Select the DPI OVA file to enable the sensor function on the Center VM.





Step 5 Select a disk with sufficient storage. Refer to Installation Prerequisites, on page 7.



Step 6 Map the network interfaces you have previously created to the VM's ports **(1)**, as shown below:

- The Administration network interface as eth0.
- The Collection network interface as eth1.
- If deploying a Center with DPI, the DPI network interface as eth2.

Step 7 Set disk provisioning as Thin **(2)**.

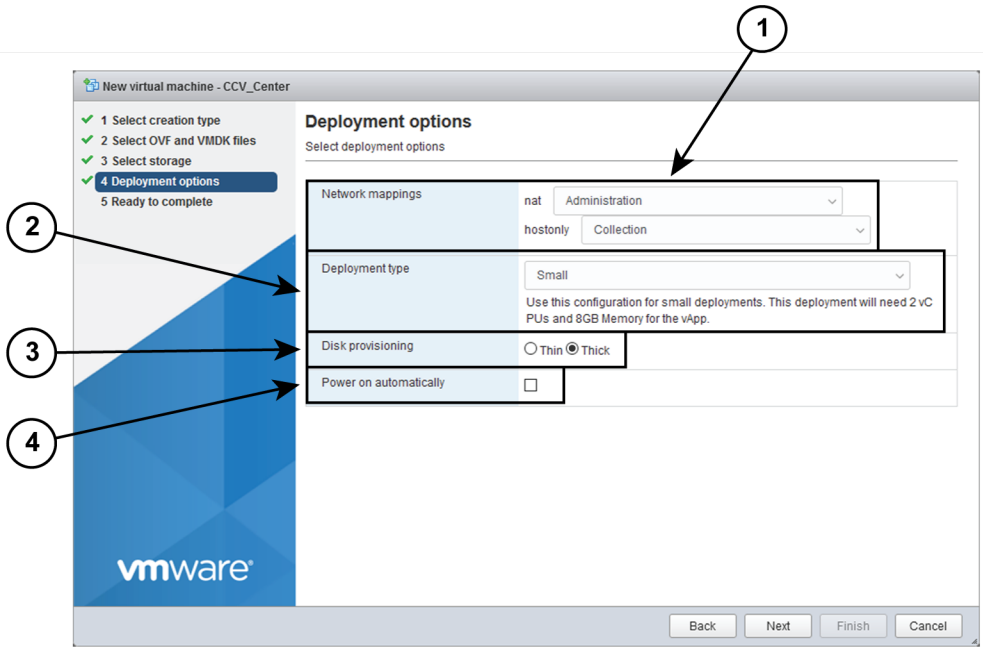
Step 8 Set the Deployment type as Small, Medium or Large **(3)**. The deployment size for an OVA DPI file is Large by default.

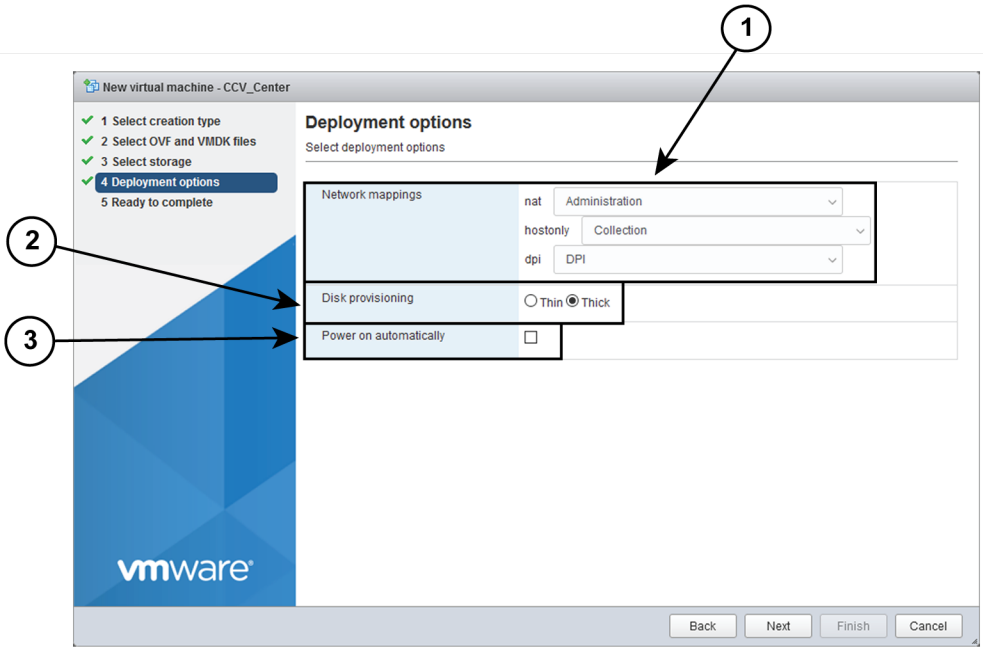
Small: Intel Xeon, 8 cores, 16GB RAM

Medium: Intel Xeon, 10 cores, 32GB RAM

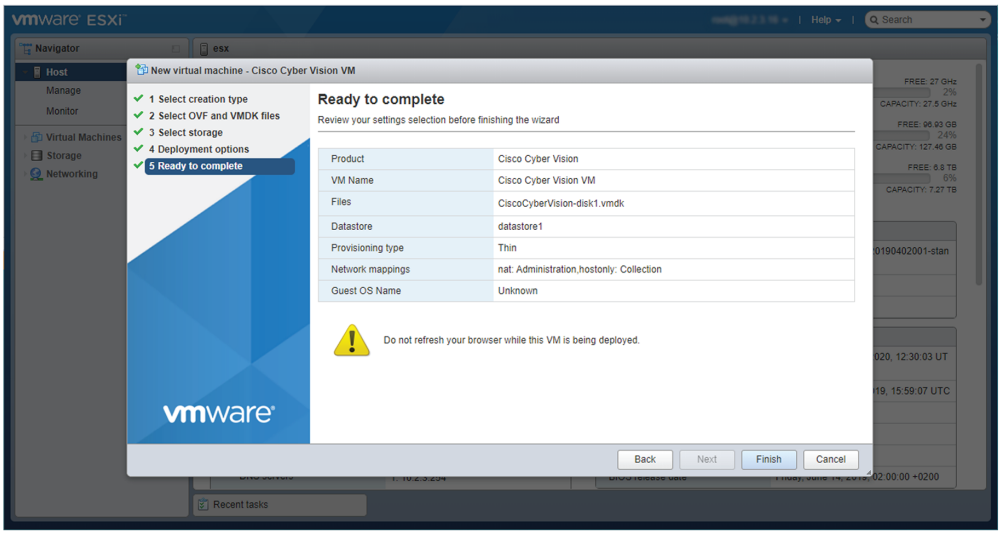
Large: Intel Xeon, 16 cores, 64GB RAM

Step 9 Disable the virtual machine's automatic start **(4)**.

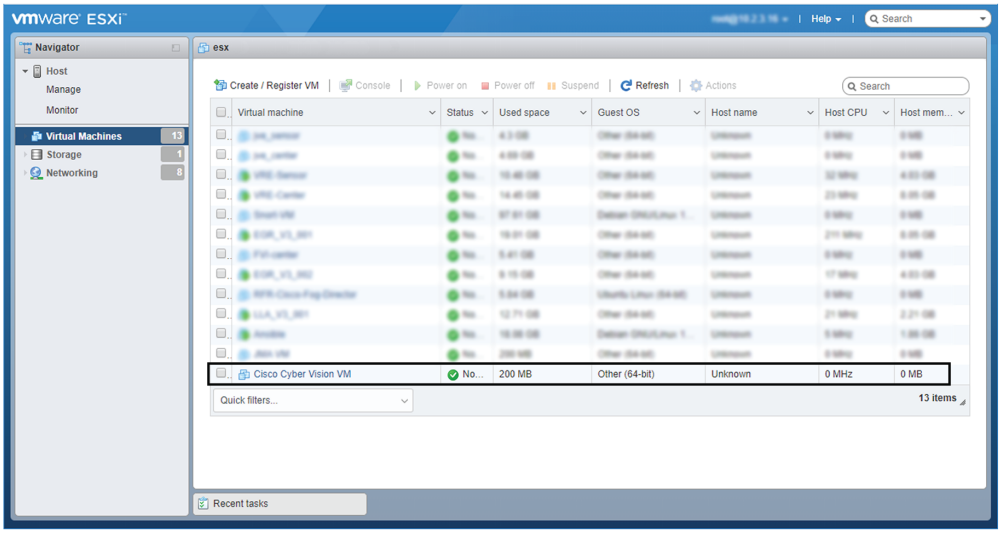




Step 10 Check the new VM's settings before clicking Finish.



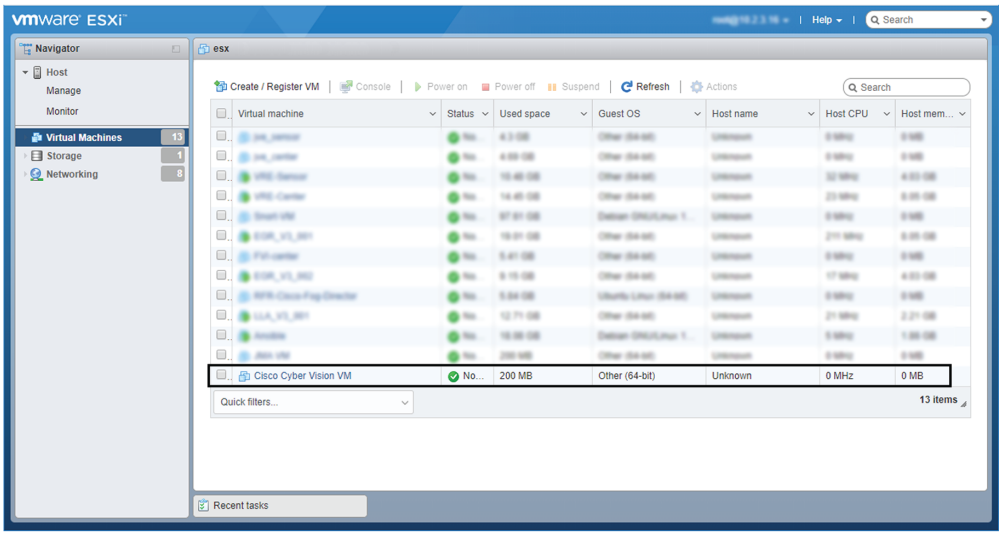
Your new VM is displayed in the virtual machine list.



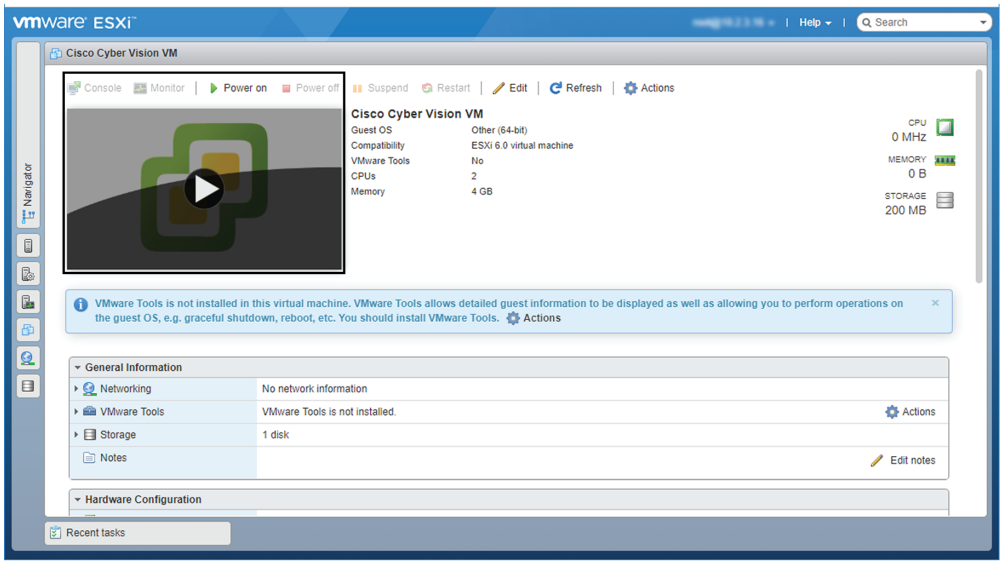
Boot the Virtual Machine

After creating the VM, you can proceed to its first boot.

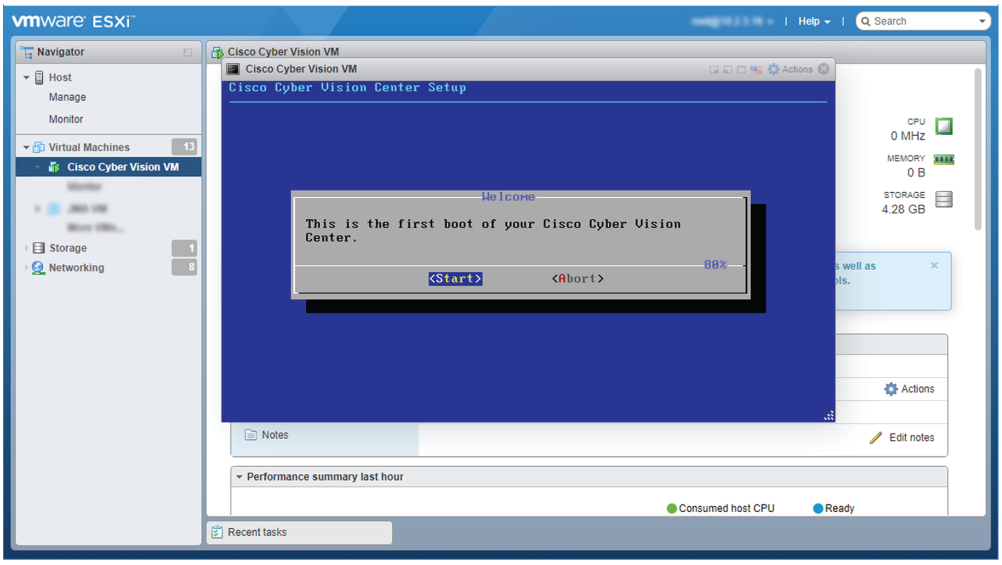
1. Click the VM in the list.



2. Power on the VM.



3. Wait a few moments for the VM initiation to complete. The following screen is displayed:



4. Press Ctrl+Alt to retrieve the control of your keyboard and mouse.

   The Virtual Center is now ready for basic configuration.

Hyper-V

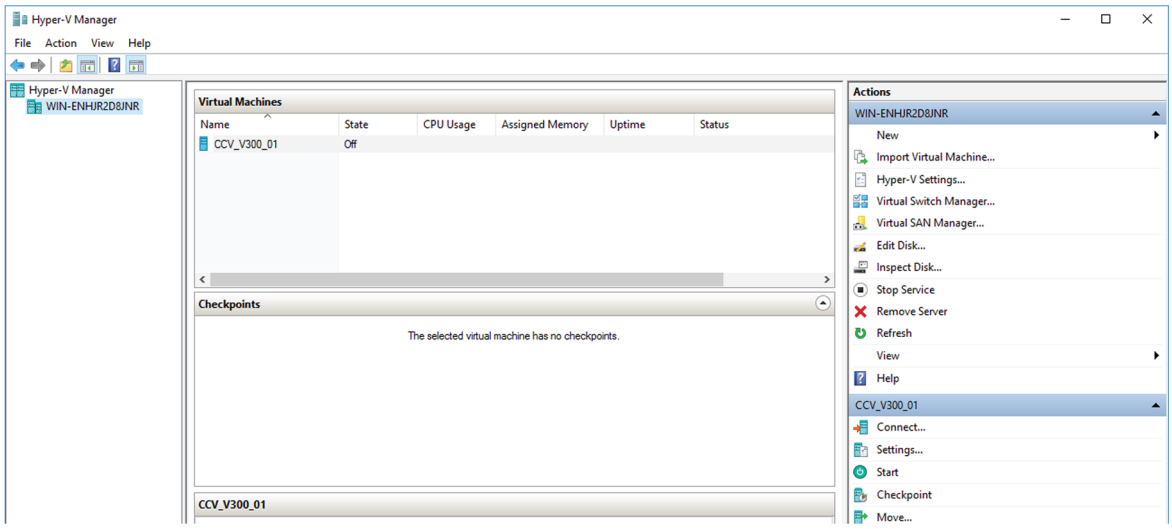
Create a Virtual Machine

To create a new VM:

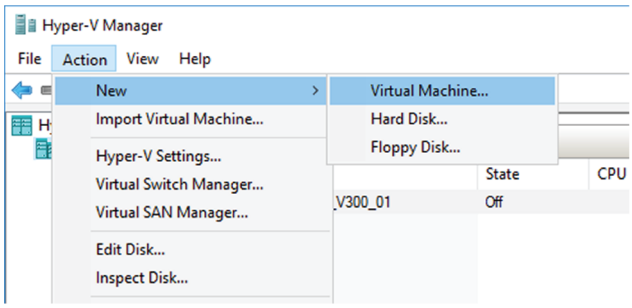
Procedure

Step 1 Open Hyper-V Manager.

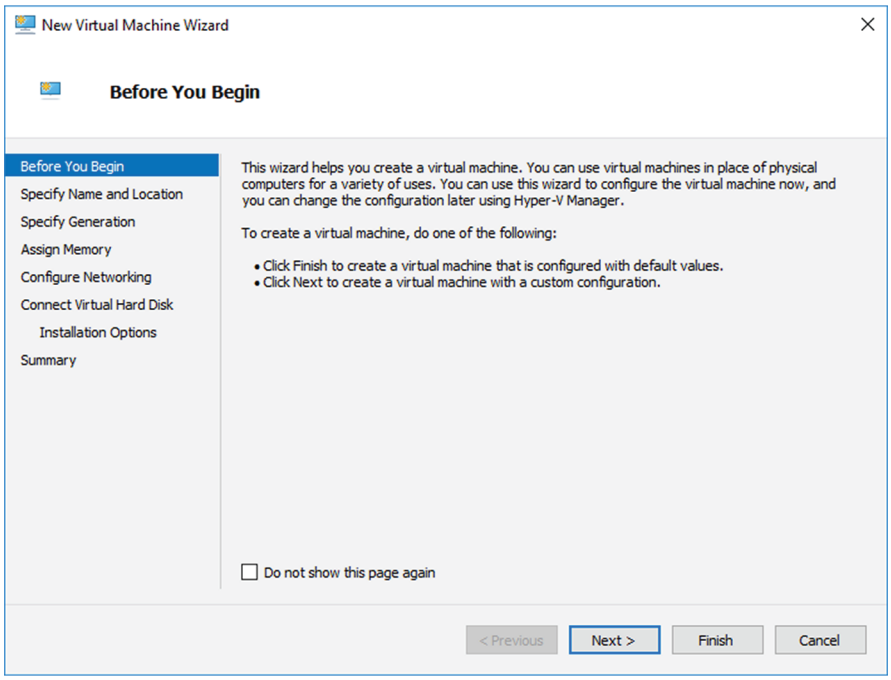
The following home screen appears:



Step 2 Access the New Virtual Machine Wizard by clicking Action > New > Virtual Machine.



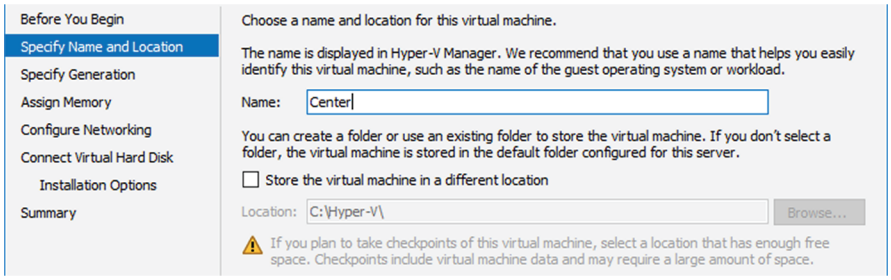
The New Virtual Machine Wizard is displayed.



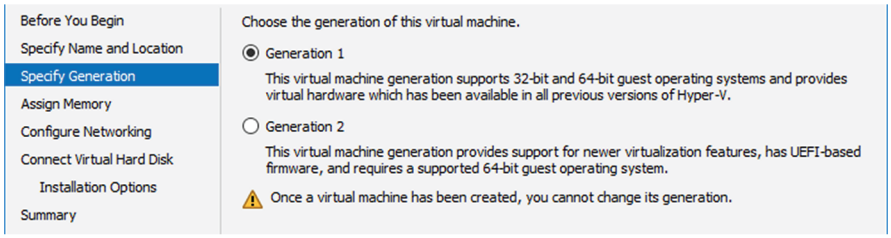
Step 3 Click Next to start.

Step 4 Give the new VM a name (e.g. 'Center').

Step 5 If necessary, give the Virtual Center a different location on the server than the one set by default. In any case, the location chosen must have enough remaining space in case you plan to create snapshots (i.e. VM backups).

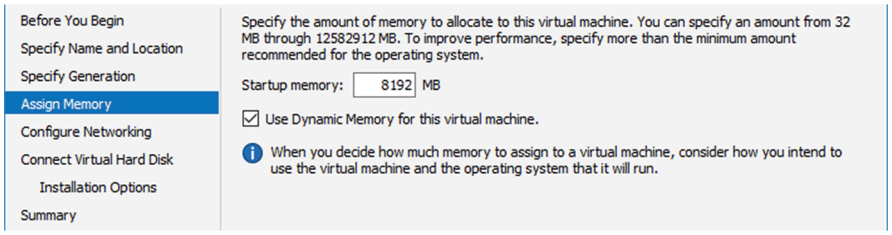


Step 6 Set the VM as Generation 1.

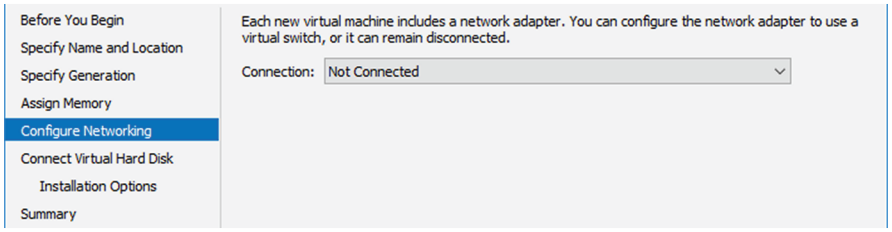


Step 7 Assign memory to the VM.

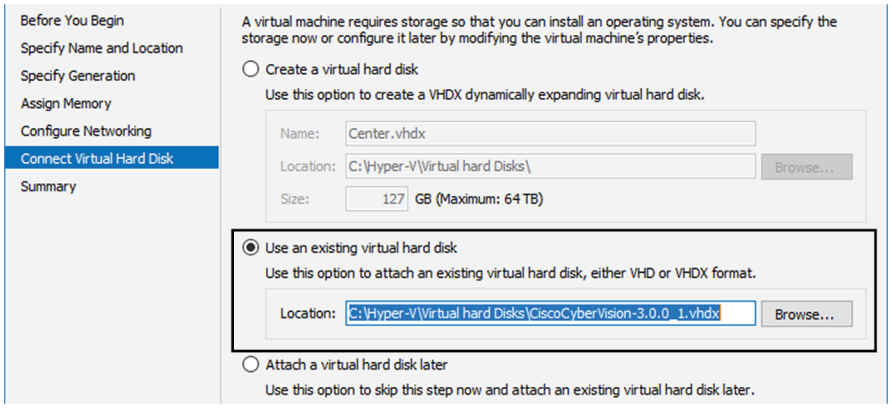
Note
The minimum configuration required is 8192 MB.



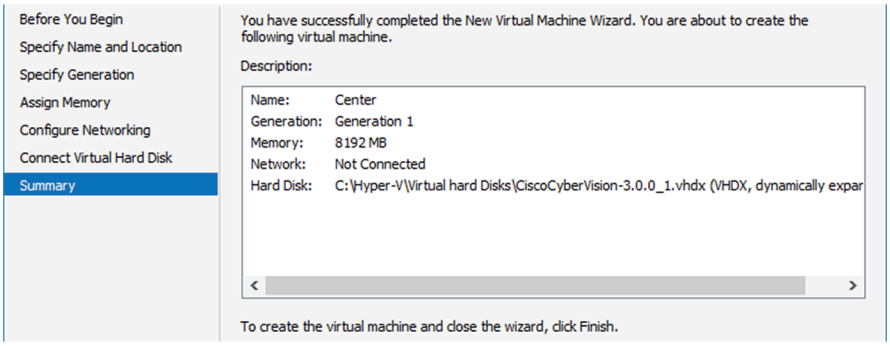
Step 8 Leave the network connection disconnected.



Step 9 Select 'Use an existing hard disk' and choose the VHDX file.



Step 10 Click 'Finish' to create the VM and close the wizard.



The Virtual Center created is displayed inside Hyper-V Manager home screen.

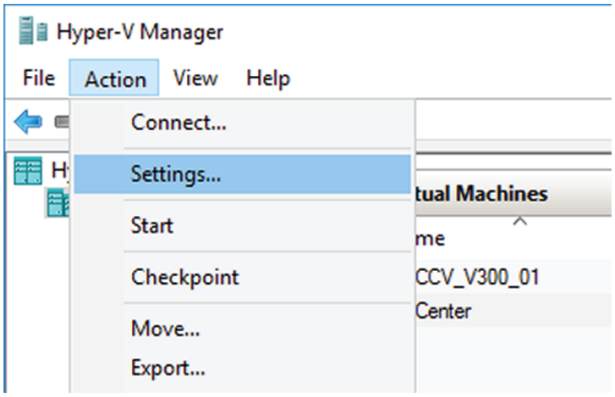
Configure the disk size

To configure the disk size:

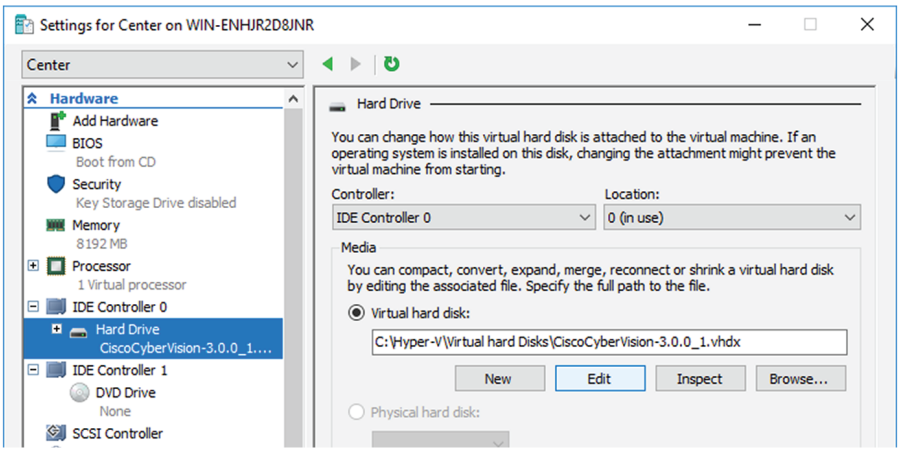
Procedure

Step 1 In the Hyper-V Manager select the Center.

Step 2 Click **Action** > **Settings**.

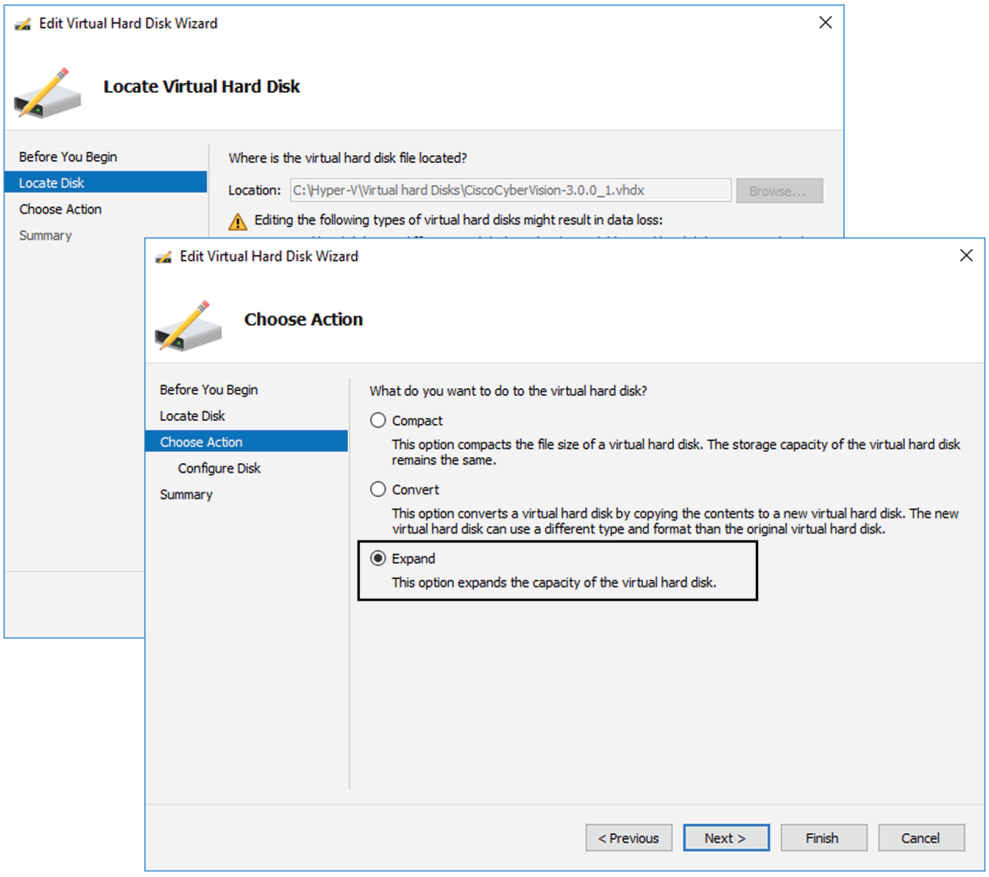


Step 3 Click **Hard Drive**, then **Edit**.



The Edit Virtual Hard Disk Wizard displays.

Step 4 Click **Next** to proceed until the Choose Action tab.



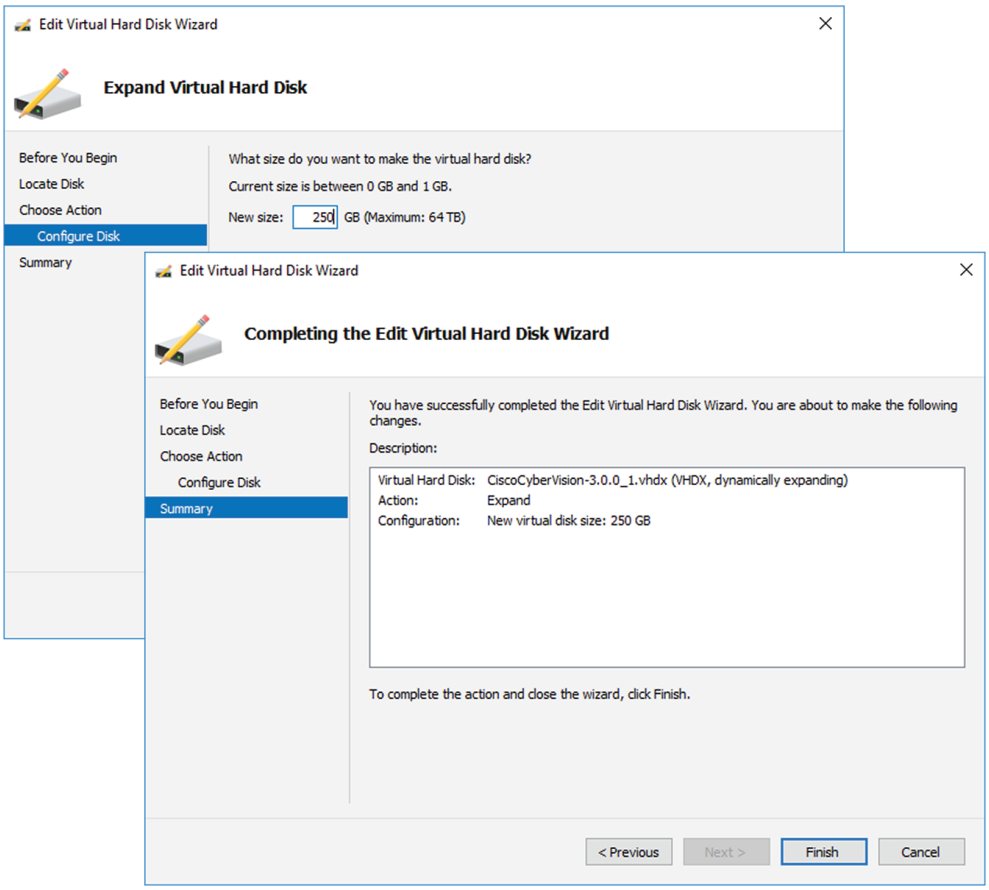
Step 5 As you are on the Choose Action tab select the **Expand** option.

Step 6 Configure a new size for the virtual hard disk.

It is recommended:

- that you set the minimum size at 100GB for a demo installation with small amounts of data.
- that you set the minimum size at 250GB for a cartography.
- that you set the minimum size at 800GB for a Center with sync or 1.5TB for a Global Center for a production environment.

  The size you set here is a minimum. The virtual drive will expand as data is written on the virtual disk.



Step 7 Click **Finish**.

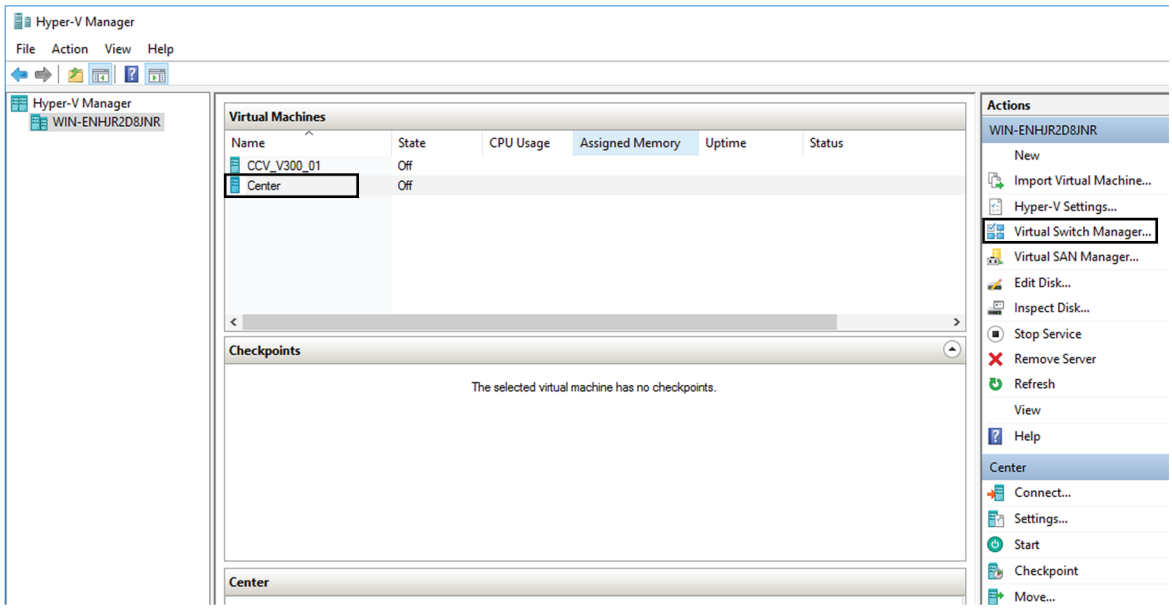
Create the network interfaces

To create the Admin and Collection network interfaces:

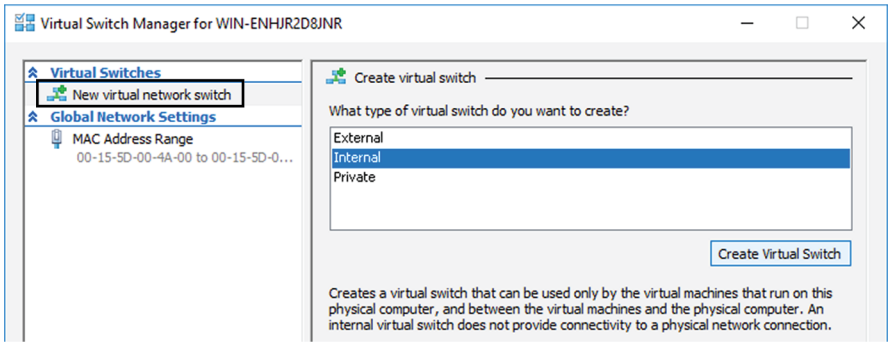
Procedure

Step 1 Select the Center.

Step 2 On the Actions menu, open the Virtual Switch Manager.



The Virtual switch manager opens.

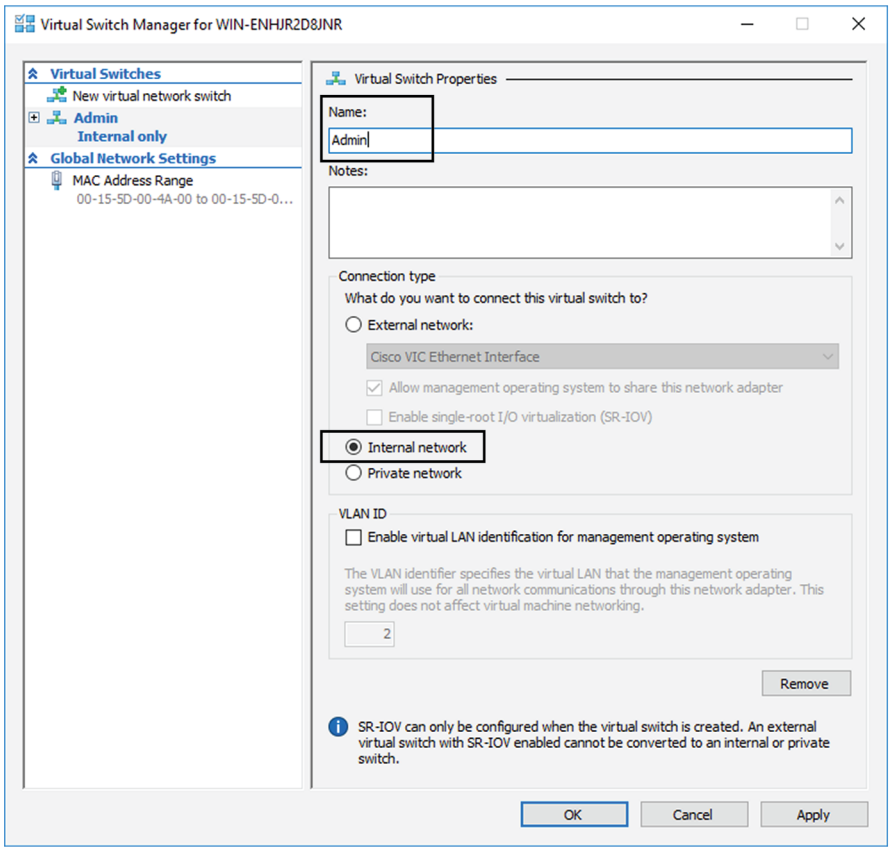


Step 3 Click 'New virtual network switch'.

Step 4 The new virtual switch displays.

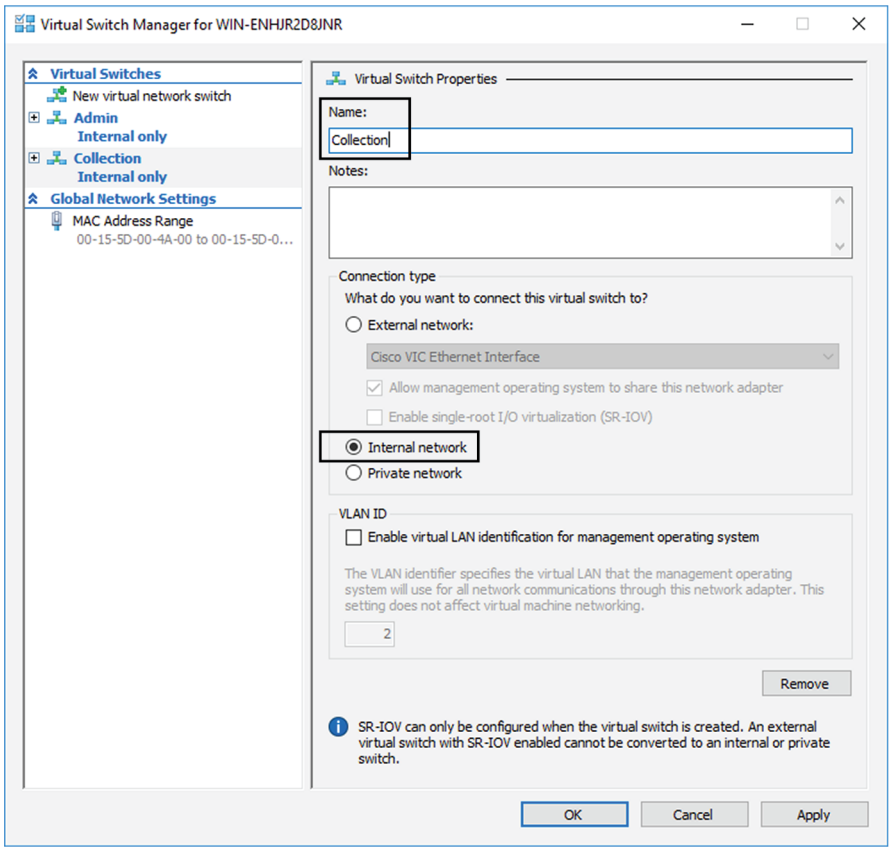
Step 5 Name it 'Admin'.

Step 6 Select 'Internal network'.



Step 7 Create a second virtual switch and name it 'Collection'.

Step 8 Select 'Internal network'.



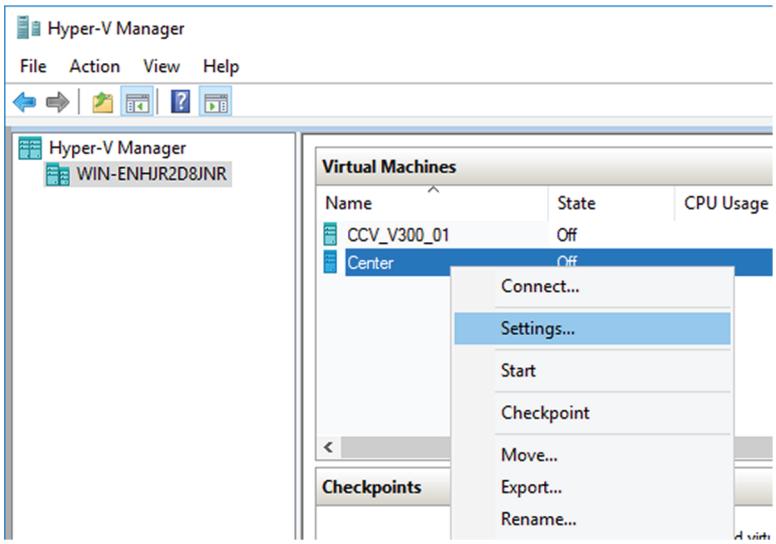
Map the network interfaces

To add a network card:

ICS CyberVision needs two network adapters (i.e. network card) to which the Admin and Collection network interfaces will be assigned. Each new VM includes a network card when created which is available within the hardware list. Therefore, you need to create another one during this step.

Procedure

Step 1 Right click the Center and click again 'Settings'.

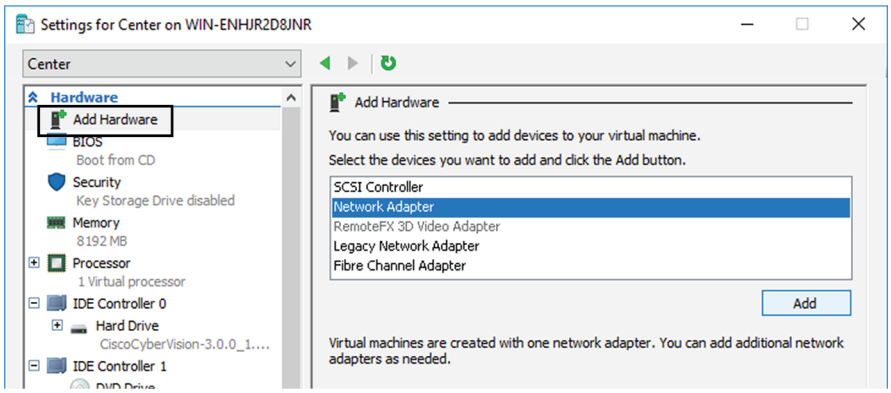


The settings window for the Virtual Center is displayed.

Step 2 Click 'Add Hardware'.

Step 3 Select 'Network Adapter'.

Step 4 Click 'Add'.



The second network adapter needed is created. Now you need to map each network adapter to a Virtual Switch.

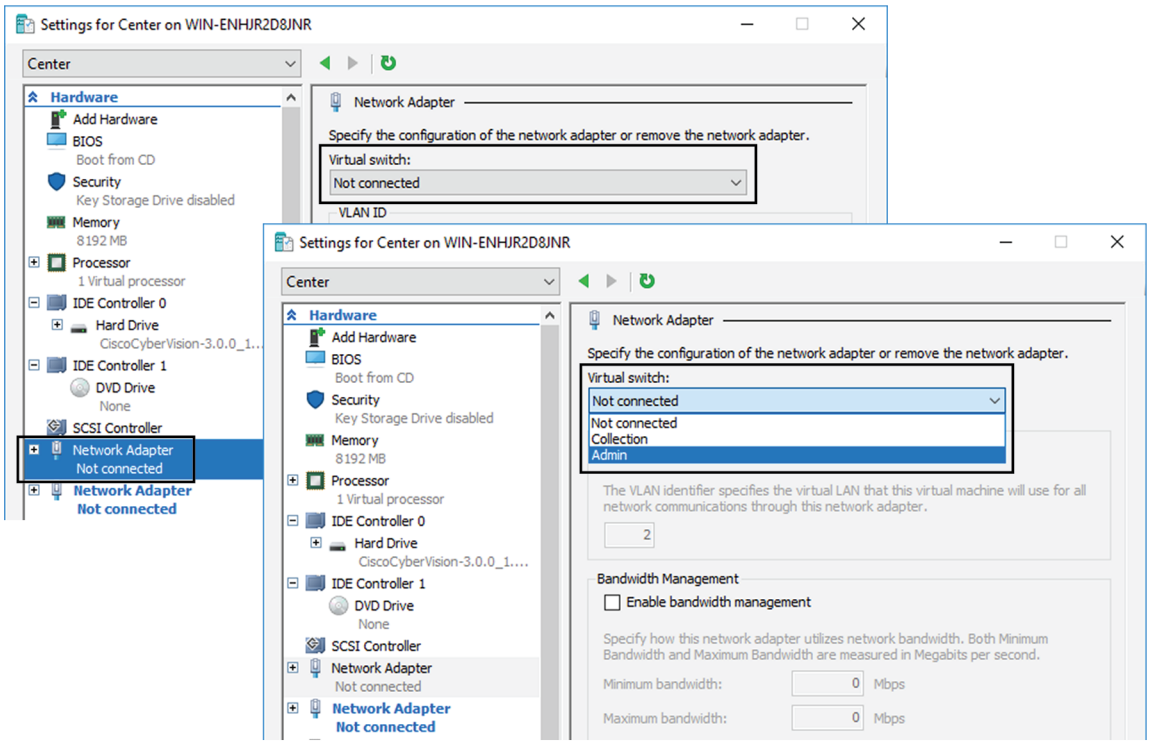
To proceed to the network mapping:

Step 5 Select the first network adapter.

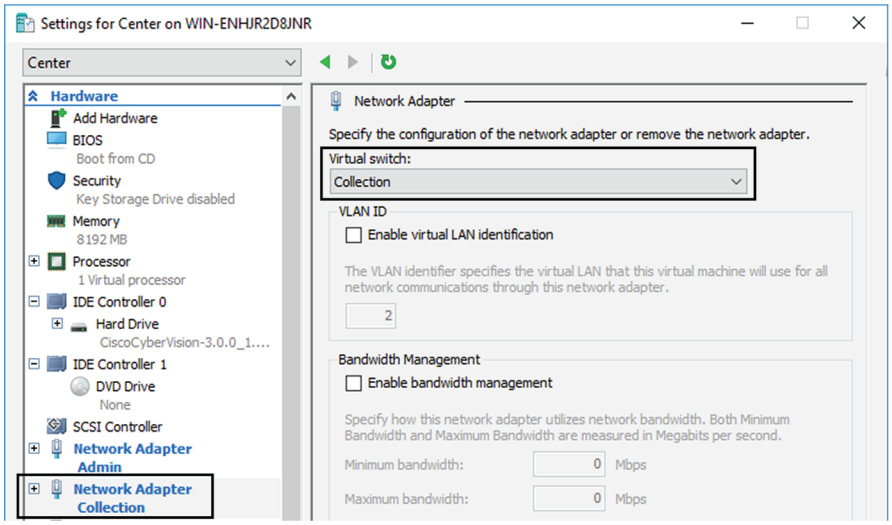
Step 6 Select 'Admin' as Virtual Switch.

Note
You must configure network interfaces in order of appearance inside the network list to avoid confusion:

- The first network card as the Administration network interface (eth0).
- The second one as the Collection network interface (eth1).



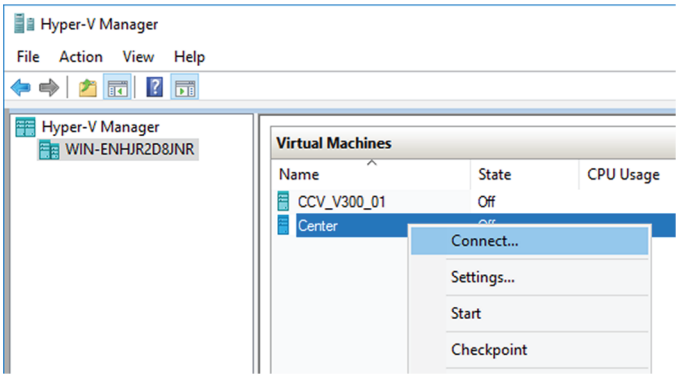
Step 7 Repeat the previous action for the second network adapter and select 'Collection' as Virtual Switch.



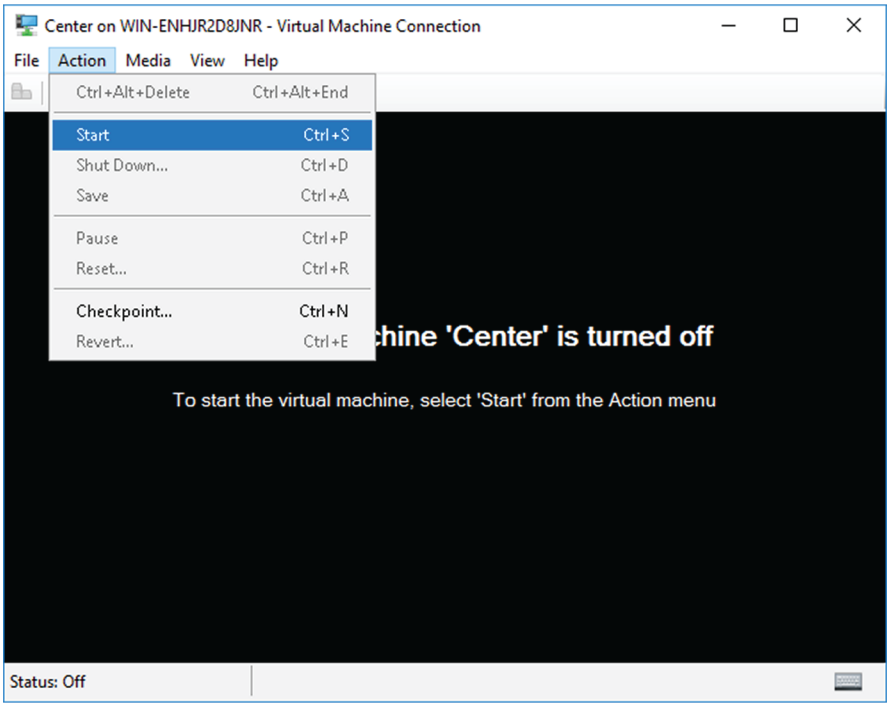
Boot the Virtual Machine

You can now proceed to the Virtual Center first boot.

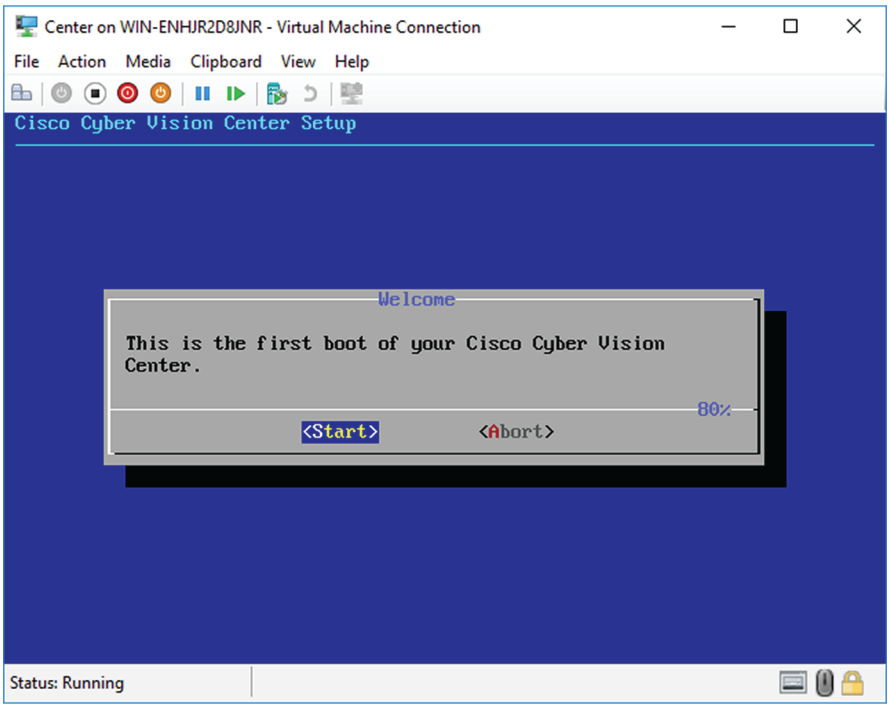
1. Click Center on Hyper-V Manager and click 'Connect'.



2. Start the Virtual Center.



Once the VM configuration completed successfully, the following screen appears:



Note To retrieve the control of your keyboard and mouse, press Ctrl+Alt.

The Virtual Center is now ready for basic configuration.

Note Keeping your Virtual environment safe and clean. Once the VM first boot has completed successfully, recommends to shut down the Virtual Center and delete the Virtual Disk from Hyper-V hardware list. Keeping interfaces to the minimum lowers possible access doors for attackers.

Nutanix

Create virtual machines

Deploy a new virtual machine (VM) using a pre-uploaded OVA file in Nutanix Prism Central.

Use this task when you need to instantiate a Center VM for your environment.

For detailed guidance on setting up the network interfaces, refer to the official Nutanix documentation.

Before you begin

- Confirm that you have administrator access to Nutanix Prism Central.

- Ensure that administration, collection, and (if needed) DPI network interfaces are configured.
- Obtain the Center VM OVA file and upload it to Prism Central if not already present.
- Review the virtual machine sizing and hardware requirements in the official documentation.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to the Nutanix Prism Central as an administrator.

Step 2 On the left sidebar, select **Compute > OVAs** .

All your uploaded OVA files are listed in the right pane. To upload a new one, click **Upload OVA** .

Step 3 Select an OVA file by checking the box next to its name. Then, click the **Actions** menu and choose **Deploy as VM** .

The deployment wizard guides you through these configuration stages for your VM: Configuration, Resources, Management, and Review.

Step 4 In the **Configuration** stage:

a. Enter a name for the VM in the **Name** field and optionally enter a description in the **Description** field.

b. Enter the hardware details in the **VM Properties** section, and click **Next** . For more details, see the Installation Prerequisites, on page 7 .

Step 5 In the **Resources** stage:

a. In the **Disks** section, modify the disk size to suit your requirements. The default value is 250 GB. For more details, see the "Virtual Machine Sizing" section in Installation Prerequisites, on page 7 .

b. In the **Networks** section, configure a VLAN for the management and collection interfaces.

Step 6 In the **Management** stage:

a. (Optional) Enable the default storage policy by checking **Enable Default Storage Policy** . This allows you to manage the storage configurations across all VM disks.

b. Select your timezone from the **Timezone** drop-down list, and click **Next** .

Step 7 In the **Review** stage:

a. Review the settings and modify them if required by clicking **Edit** next to the section you want to modify.

b. Click **Create VM** .

The new VM is listed under **Compute > VMs** .

Step 8 (Optional) To modify VM settings at any time, select the VM and choose **Update** from the **Action** drop-down list.

The new virtual machine is deployed and will appear in **Compute > VMs** in Nutanix Prism Central.

What to do next

- Verify the VM status and network connectivity.
- Update VM settings if adjustments are required.

Boot the Virtual Machine

You can now proceed to boot the virtual machine.

Follow these steps to complete the booting process::

1. Log in to the Nutanix Prism Central.
2. On the left sidebar, select **Compute** > **VMs**.
3. On the right pane, select the VM you want to boot, and choose **Power Operations** > **Power On** from the **Actions** menu.
4. Wait a few moments for the VM initiation to complete. A green dot appears to the left of the VM name, indicating that the VM is powered on.

RedHat OpenShift Container Platform

By deploying Cisco Cyber Vision Center on RedHat OpenShift Container Platform, you can manage both your containerized applications and the Cyber Vision Center from a single, unified platform—the OpenShift console. This simplifies operations, reduces the need for multiple management tools, and provides a consistent operational model across your entire environment.

Configure a boot volume

Configure a bootable storage volume using a `qcow2` image so that it can be attached to virtual machines within the RedHat OpenShift Container Platform.

This task is performed when you want to create a new boot volume for virtual machines (VMs) in OpenShift. A boot volume, created from a qcow2 disk image, contains the operating system and essential files required to boot and run a VM. This step is typically necessary when deploying new virtual machines with specific OS images or custom configurations.

Before you begin

- Ensure you have access credentials for the RedHat OpenShift Container Platform web console with appropriate permissions to manage virtualization and volumes.
- Download the required `qcow2` image to your local workstation from the Cisco Cyber Vision software download site.

Follow these steps to configure a bootable volume:

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to the RedHat OpenShift Container Platform web console and click **Virtualization > Bootable volumes > Add volume > With form**.

Step 2 In the **Add volume** window:

a) Click **Upload** and select the `qcow2` image from your machine.
b) Enter a unique name in the **Volume name** field.
c) From the **Preference** drop-down list, choose the operating system that matches the `qcow2` image.
d) Click **Save**.

The boot volume is created and available for use by virtual machines.

What to do next

After creating the bootable volume, you can use the RedHat OpenShift Container Platform web console to create or deploy a virtual machine that uses this volume as its boot disk.

Create virtual machines

Deploy a Cisco Cyber Vision virtual machine on RedHat OpenShift using a custom `qcow2` image.

Use this task to add a new VM to your OpenShift cluster. This is necessary for running Cyber Vision nodes or similar workloads that require custom images

Before you begin

- Ensure that `qcow2` image is added as a bootable volume to the OpenShift web console.
- Verify that your OpenShift cluster is running version 4.19 or later.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to the RedHat OpenShift Container Platform web console and click **Virtualization > VirtualMachines > Create > From InstanceType**.

Step 2 On the **Create new VirtualMachine** page, under **Select volume to boot from**, choose the bootable volume (PVC/DataVolume) that contains the `qcow2` image.

Step 3 In the **Select InstanceType** section, select a hardware profile (for example, *General Purpose*). Select a type that meets the CPU and memory requirements of your workload.

Step 4 In the **VirtualMachine Details** section, enter a name for the VM in the **Name** field. Optionally set the disk size, storage class, and public SSH key.

Note
If you use a `qcow2` boot volume, ensure the requested disk size is compatible with the image.

Step 5 (Optional) To override default resources or other settings, click **Customize VirtualMachine** and edit CPU, memory, or other configuration values.

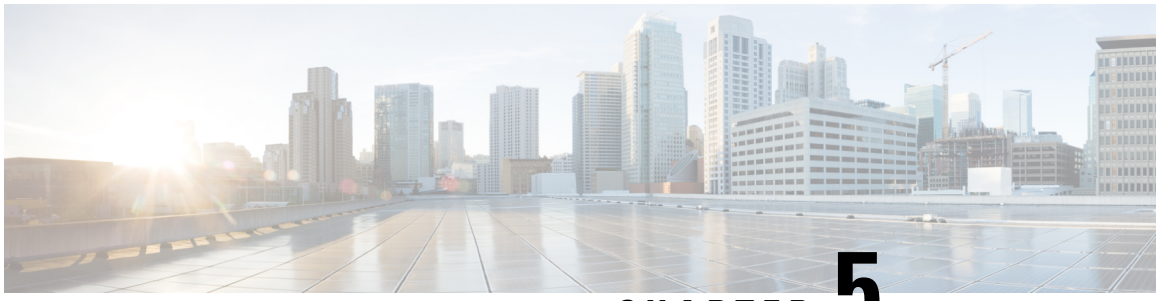
Step 6 Click **Create VirtualMachine**.

Note
By default, the VM uses the Pod network. To attach a different network or additional interfaces, open the created VM > **Configuration** > **Network** > **Add nework interface** and add or edit interfaces there.

The virtual machine is listed in the **Virtualization > VirtualMachines** section.

What to do next

After the VM is created and powered on, configure the Cisco Cyber Vision Center on the virtual machine.



CHAPTER 5

Configure the Center

You will need to complete two steps to configure the Center:

1. The basic Center configuration through a VGA display and a keyboard or a console, to:
   - Set the Center and the sensor passwords.
   - Synchronize the Center to the NTP server.
   - Configure the Administration and Collection interfaces (n/a for a Global Center or a Center using a single interface).
2. The configuration, through a browser, to:
   - Create an admin account.
   - Configure the Center's data synchronization (Global Center and synchronized Centers only).

- Basic Center configuration, on page 35
- configuration, on page 47

Basic Center configuration

This step will allow you to configure the Center network settings before using it with the user interface.

Required information:

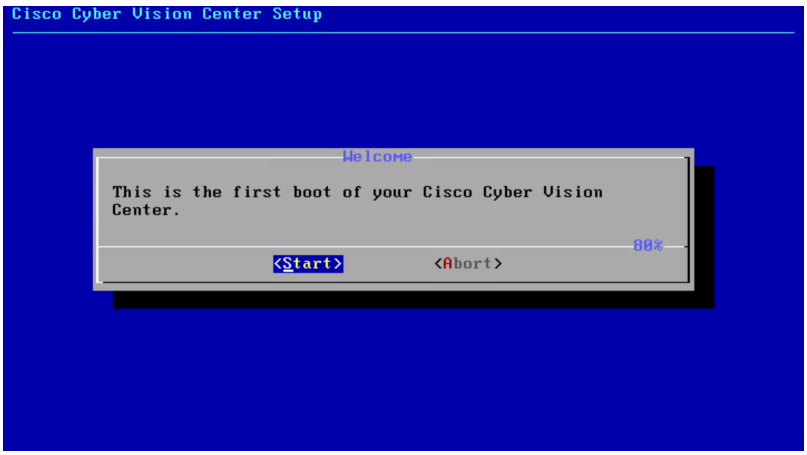
- Local NTP and DNS IP addresses.
- The Collection interface network address (n/a for a Global Center or a Center using a single interface).

In the case of manual Administration network interface configuration:

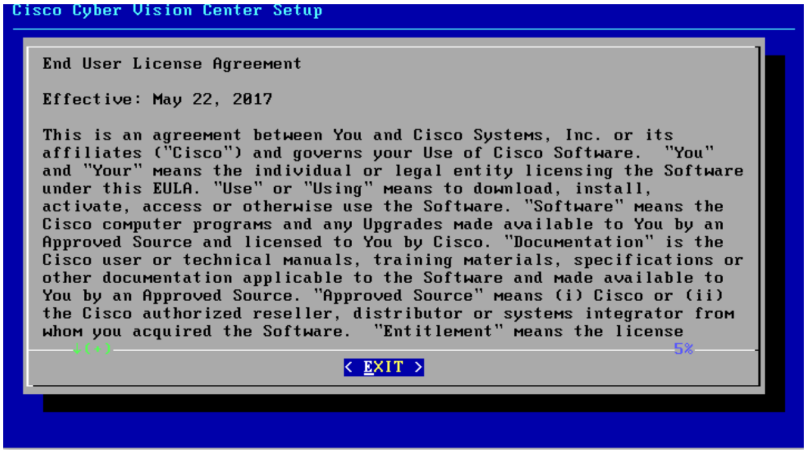
- Its IP address.
- Its netmask (in a two-number format, e.g. 192.168.1.0/24).
- Its default gateway (to reach devices located outside the local network).

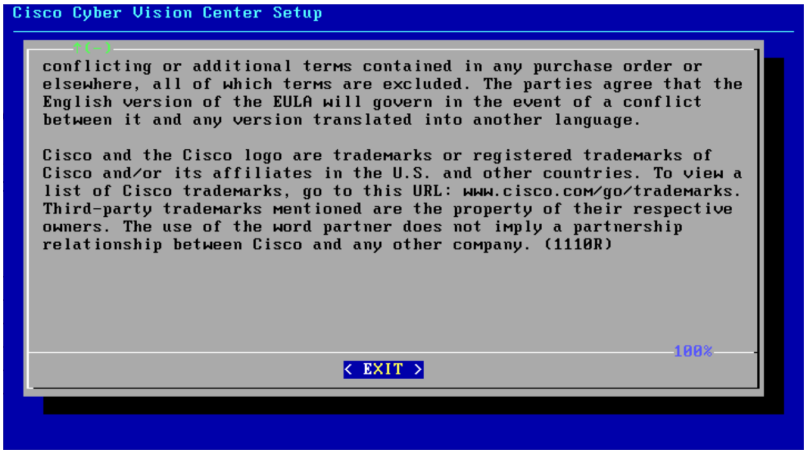
Access the basic Center configuration

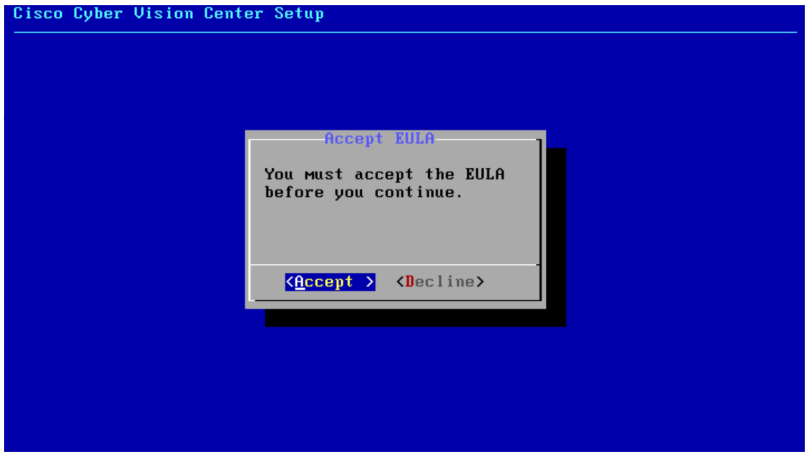
The Center wizard is displayed on your screen as you power on the Center. Enter Start to start configuring the Center.



Accept the End User License Agreement

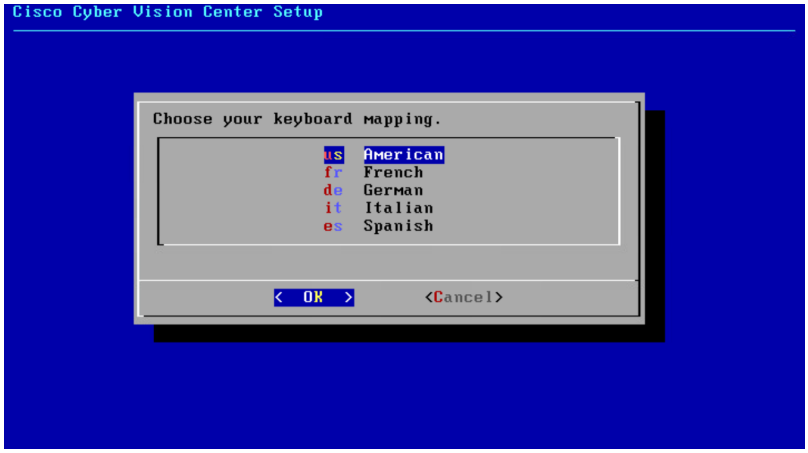






Select the language to match your keyboard

Note By default, the system is configured to work with a US QWERTY keyboard.

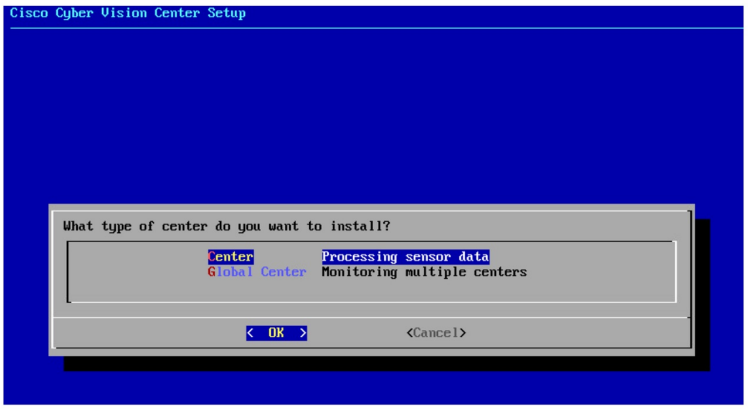


Select the Center type

During this procedure you will choose which type of Center to install. There are two types of Centers:

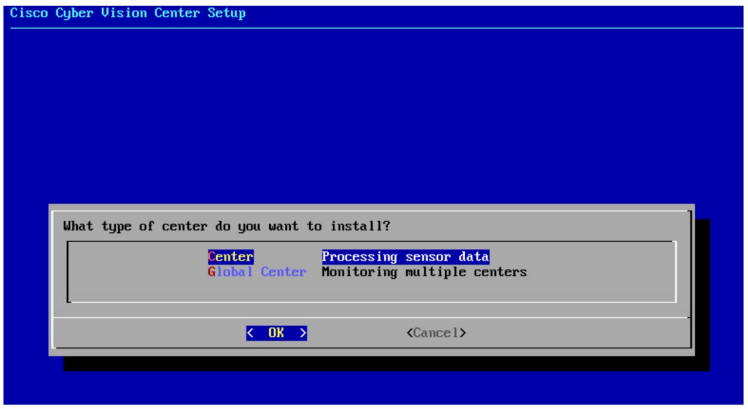
- A **Center** receives metadata from sensors and store them into an internal database (Postrgresql). It can be standalone or synchronized with a Global Center. A Center with sync is similar to a standalone Center from a functionality point of view, except for the link to a Global Center. You must install Centers with sync **after** the Global Center. This will enable the system to enroll and start pushing events to the Global Center.
- A **Global Center** introduces a centralized architecture which collects all industrial insights and events from synchronized Centers and aggregates it on a single global point of view. It will also allow you to manage the knowledge database (KDB) and upgrade the whole platform.

Select the type of Center you want to install.



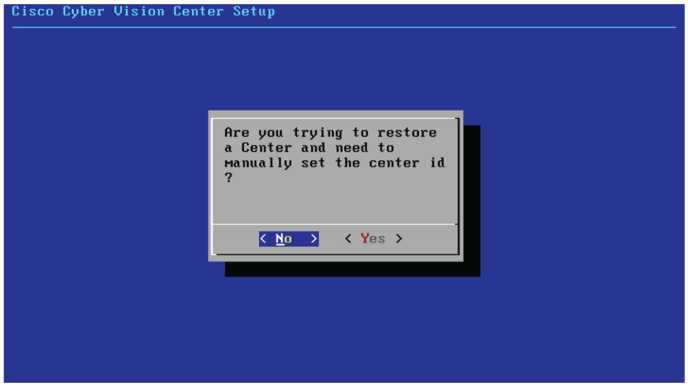
Center

If installing a Center, select the first option.



Then, you will have the opportunity to set the Center id. It can be used in case of Center restoration to reuse the same id previously set in the Global Center. Thus, some data can be retrieved.

If you're installing the Center for the first time, this id will be automatically generated. Select No. You will be directed to the next step.



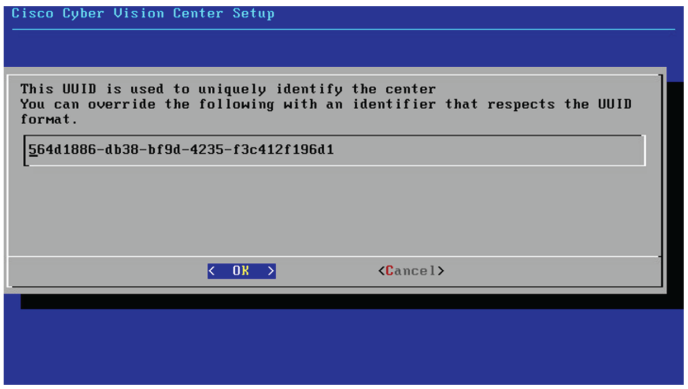
If you're reinstalling the Center and want to restore it, select Yes.



Use the following command from the Global Center's CLI to get a list of all Center's id:

```
sbs-db exec "select name, id from center"
```

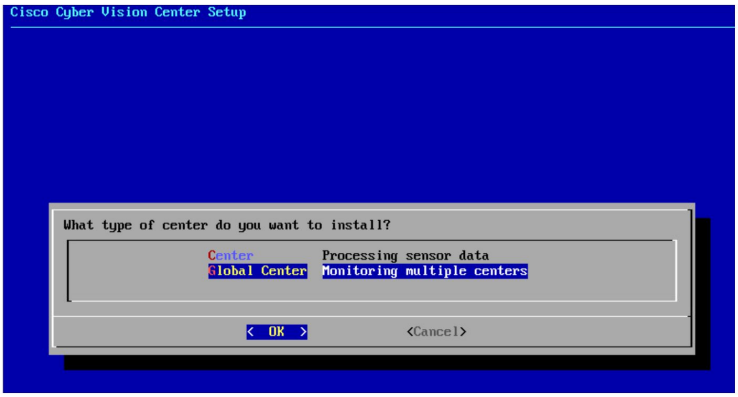
Type the id into the basic Center configuration UUID field.



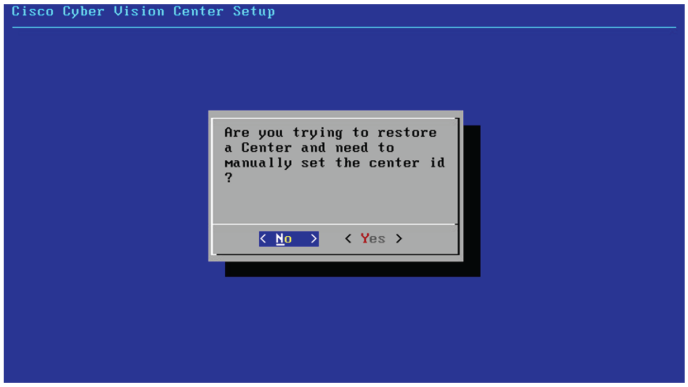
Click OK. You will be directed to the next step.

Global Center

If installing a Global Center, select the second option.



As this step does not apply to a Global Center, select No.



You will be directed to the next step.

Configure the administration network interface

Change the default administration network interface configuration to fit your environment.

The administration network interface supports IPv4 addressing or both IPv4 and IPv6 addressing. You can configure the interface using DHCP or enter the settings manually.

- IPv4: Communication with the sensors will still be done using IPv4.
- IPv6: Cyber Vision uses IPv6 only on the access interface.

Procedure

Step 1 Select either **IPv4** or **IPv4/IPv6** for the administration network interface.

Step 2 If you select **IPv4**:

- Select **DHCP** to allow the system to receive configuration from a DHCP server.
- Select **Manual** to enter the IP address, the netmask (in two-number format), and the gateway.

Step 3 If you choose **IPv4/IPv6**:

a. First, configure **IPv4** as described earlier.

b. Then, for **IPv6**:

- Select **DHCP** to obtain configuration from a DHCP server.
- Select **Manual** to enter the IP address, the prefix length, and the gateway. The system uses router advertisements.
- Select **Manual no RA** to manually enter the IP address, the prefix length, and the gateway. This option ignores router advertisements.

The administration network interface is configured using your chosen addressing and assignment method.

Network interface deployment options

The network interface configuration defines how Cisco Cyber Vision Center connects to your network, supporting both single and dual-interface modes to address different security and deployment needs.

- Single-interface configuration combines administration and collection functions on a single interface (eth0).
- Dual-interface configuration enhances security by physically segregating administrative access (eth0) from sensor data collection (eth1).

The following table compares the dual-interface and single-interface configurations.

Table 1: Comparison of dual-interface and single-interface configurations

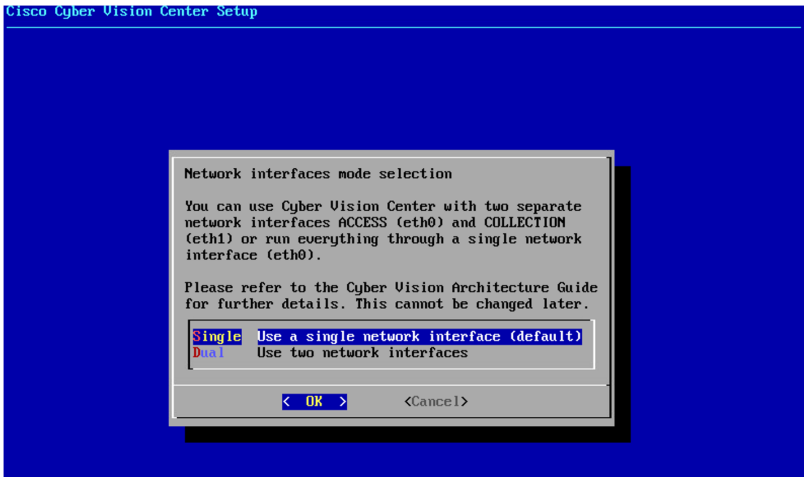
Attributes	Dual-Interface	Single-Interface
Number of interfaces	2 (eth0, eth1)	1 (eth0)
Traffic separation	Yes (administration and collection are isolated)	No (all traffic on single interface)
Security level	Higher	Lower
Recommended use	Standard deployments	Limited infrastructure

Set interfaces (dual or single)

This step is not applicable to a Global Center.

Regarding a Center, it is possible to:

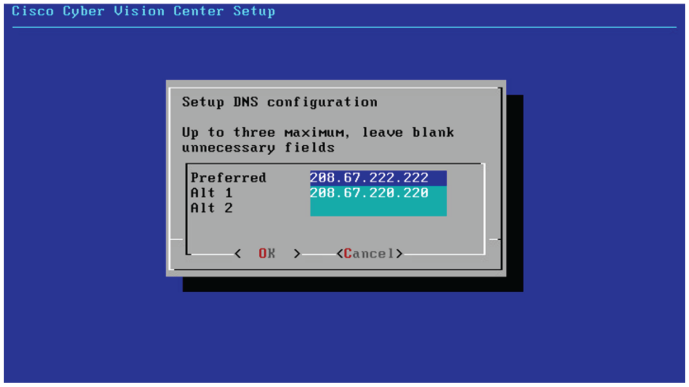
- Use a single interface. In this case, select the Single option.
- Set the Administration and Collection network interfaces on two distinct interfaces (recommended for security). In this case, select the Dual option.



If you choose the Dual option, you will later be directed to: Configure the Center's Collection network interface, on page 45.

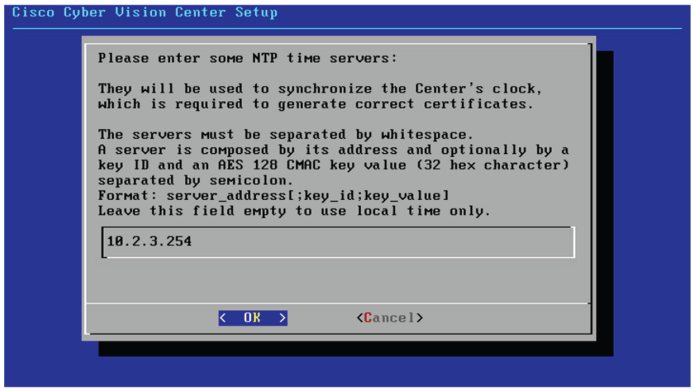
Configure the Center's DNS

Type a DNS server address and optional fallbacks.

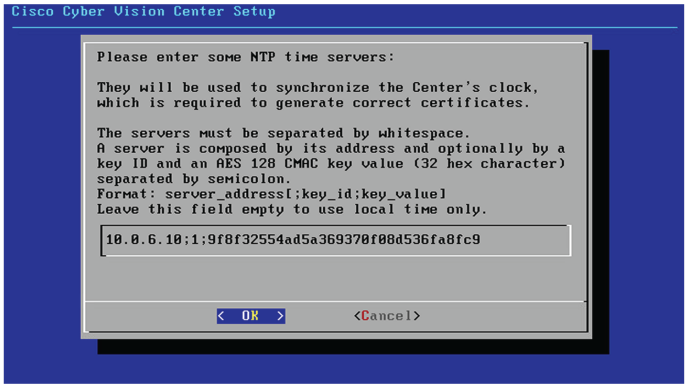


Synchronize the Center and the sensors to NTP servers

Enter IP addresses of local or remote NTP servers (gateway configuration needed) to synchronize the Center and the sensors with a clock reference. Each address must be separated by a space.



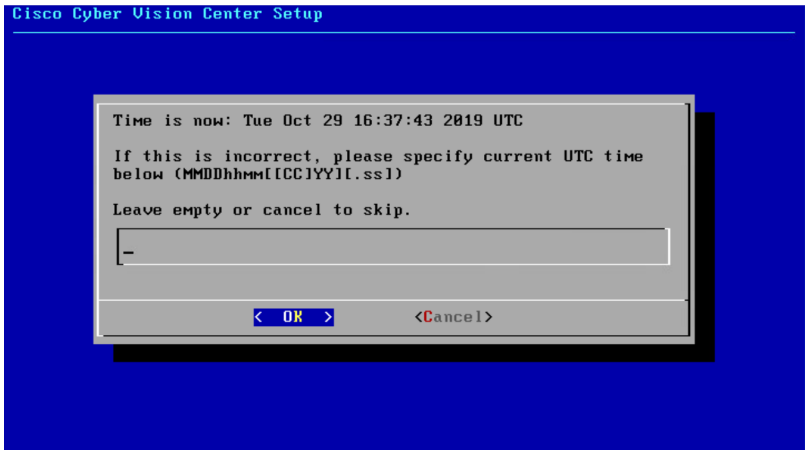
Optionally, add a key ID and an AES A28 CMAC key value separated by a semicolon with the corresponding NTP server.



The synchronization takes a few seconds.

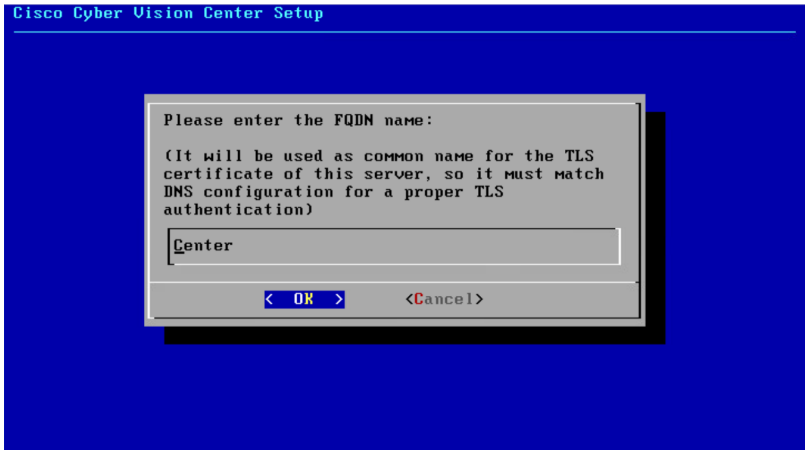
Check that the time is correct, or set the time manually.

Note The time is set in UTC standard.



Give the Center a name

Note This name will be used in the Center certificate.

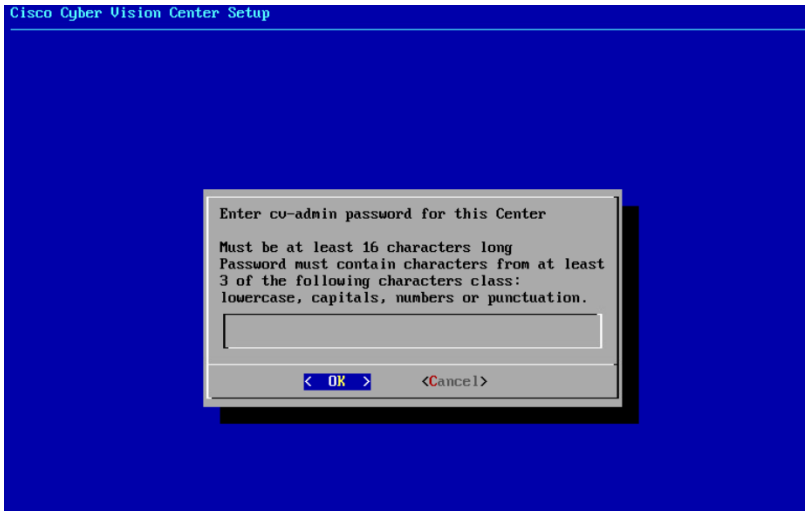


Enter the Center name provided by your administrator or type 'Default' which is a secure value.

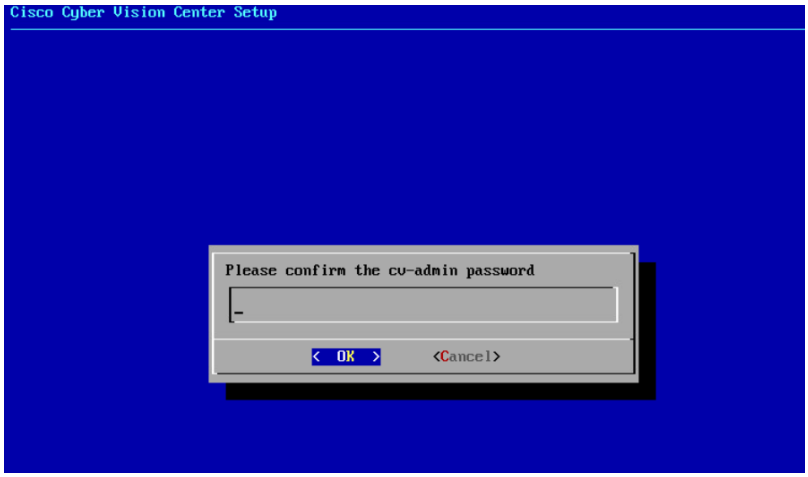
Note This name must match the DNS name you will use to access the Center through SSH or a browser.

Set the Center's password

The administrator account (i.e. cv-admin) password of the Center must be set for security reasons. It is hidden for confidentiality reasons.



Confirm the password.

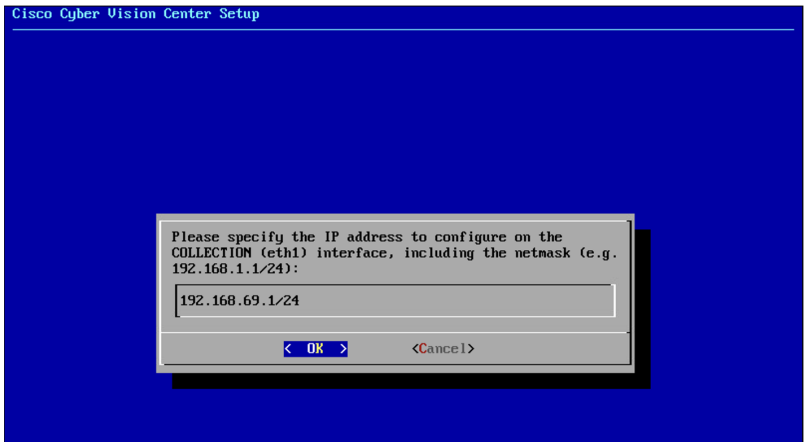


Configure the Center's Collection network interface

This step is not applicable to a Global Center.

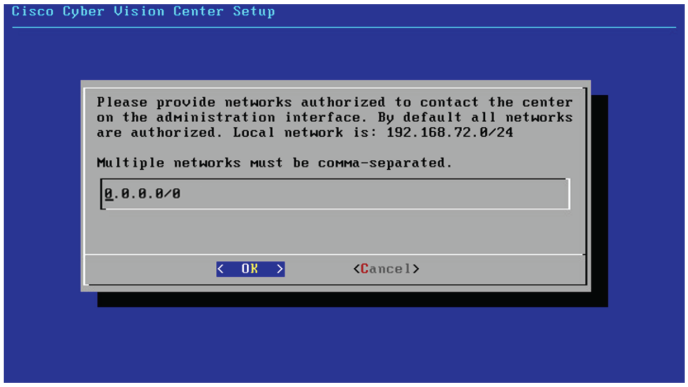
This step will only appear if the dual interface option has been selected during the Set interfaces (dual or single), on page 41 step.

Type the IP address of the Collection network interface:



Authorize networks

This step allows you to restrict IP addresses that can connect to the Administration interface. If no IP is entered, all networks are authorized by default.



Complete basic Cyber Vision Center configuration

Finalize the initial setup of Cyber Vision Center and secure needed addresses for future login and certificate management.

Before you begin

Ensure previous center configuration steps are complete.

Procedure

Step 1 Record the displayed addresses for downloading the CA certificate and accessing Cyber Vision Center.

If you have selected **IPv4/IPv6** in the earlier step, addresses for both IP versions appear.

Step 2 Select **OK** to complete the configuration.

Step 3 Close the configuration window.

Step 4 Open your browser and go to the saved address to access Cyber Vision Center.

You have completed the basic configuration and recorded the essential access and CA certificate addresses.

What to do next

- To connect via CLI (serial console or SSH), use ‘cv-admin’ as the username and the instance ID as the password. This user has limited rights. To elevate permissions, prefix commands with "sudo" or open a root shell with "sudo -i".
- Each Cyber Vision Center includes its own PKI and CA for TLS connections. Install the CA certificate on each client browser. See the instructions in the relevant chapter for steps to install the CA certificate.

configuration

Once the Basic Center configuration is done, you must connect through a web browser to the URL displayed on the last step of the basic configuration wizard (i.e. the Center's IP address). A message saying that the URL is not secure will appear.

- If you plan to use a self-signed certificate, you must Install the certificate in your browser, on page 47 and then access the user interface installation wizard to configure users and sensors.
- If you plan to use an enterprise certificate, you must ignore the security message and perform the following steps in this order:
  1. Access the user interface installation wizard to configure users and sensors.
  2. Configure the security of the user interface itself.

Then, you will configure the Centers data synchronization (Global Center and its Centers' only).

Browser requirements:

supports Chrome 54, Firefox 49 and newer versions.

Install the certificate in your browser

This task explains how to intall a Cisco Cyber Vision self-signed certificate in your browser.

Before you begin

Perform this task if you aim to install a self-signed certificate. If you're planning to use an enterprise certificate, proceed directly with Install , on page 52.

Procedure

Step 1 Open your browser.

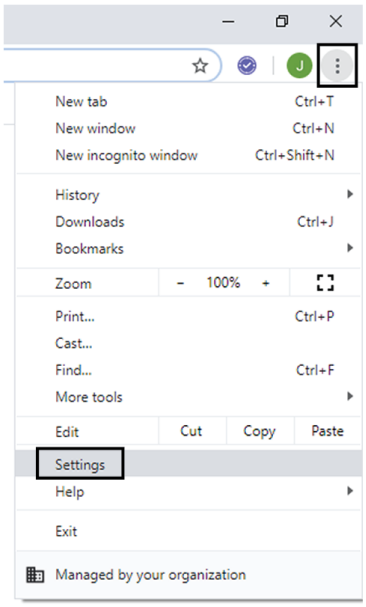
Step 2 Enter 'http://<CENTERIPADDRESS>/ca.crt' inside the search bar.

The certificate is downloaded.

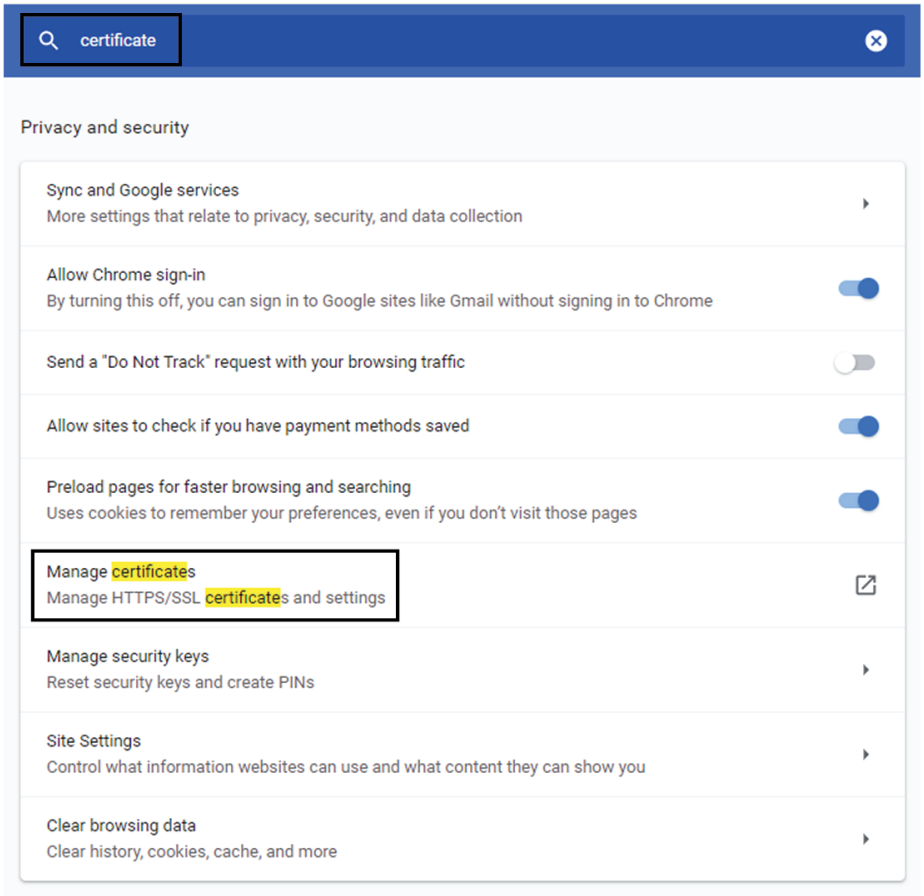
Step 3 Save the certificate on your computer.

Step 4 In the browser, access the settings.

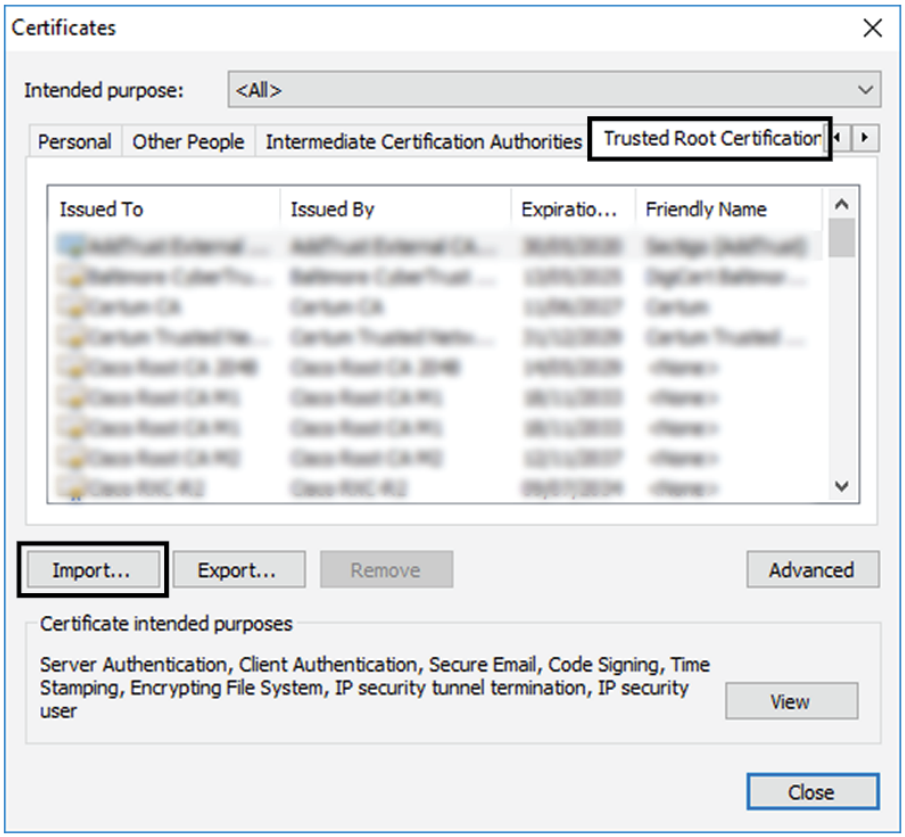
Example: Chrome



Step 5 Type 'certificate' in the search bar and access the certificates management menu.

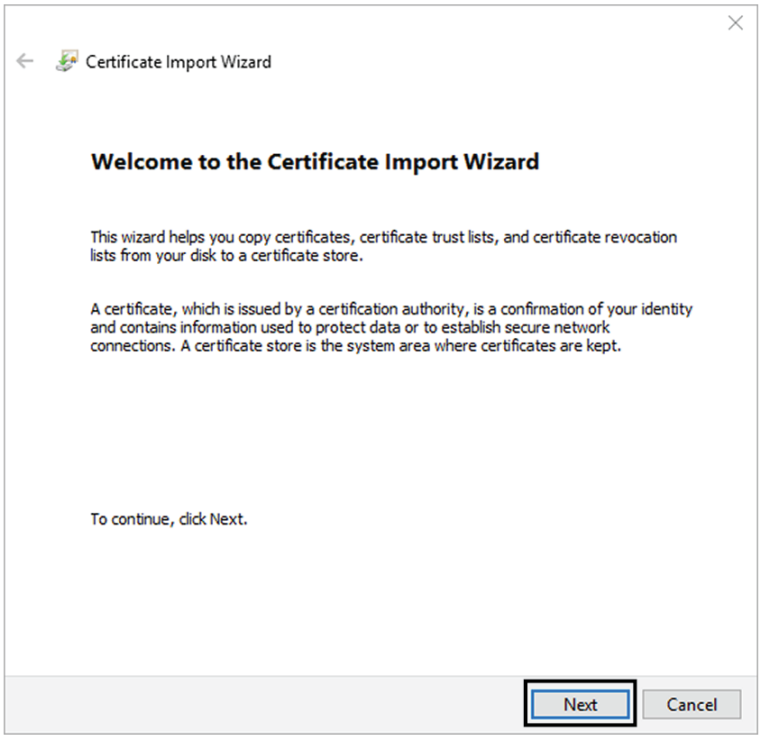


Step 6 Access the Trusted Root Certification tab and click Import.



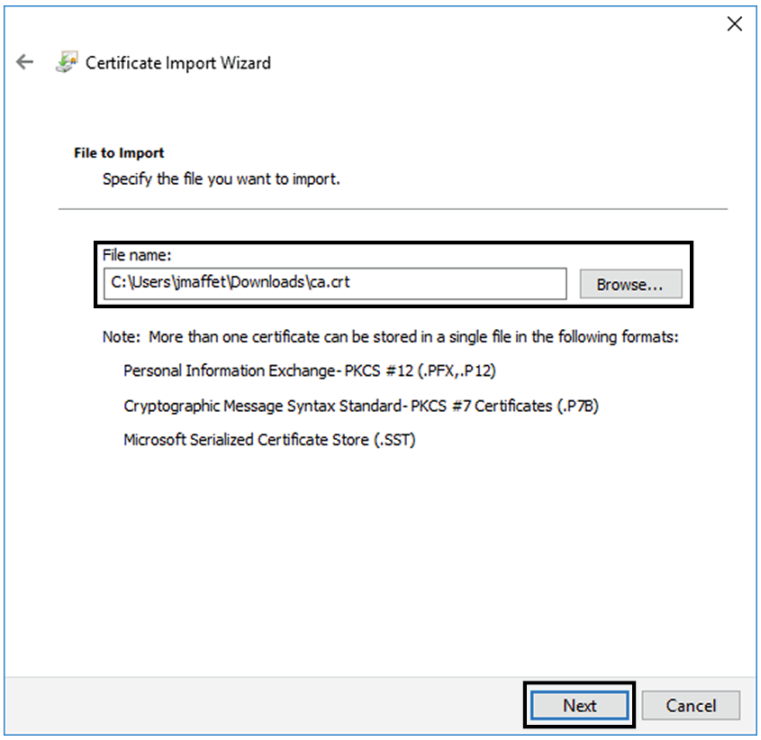
A certificate importation wizard opens.

Step 7 Go to the next step.

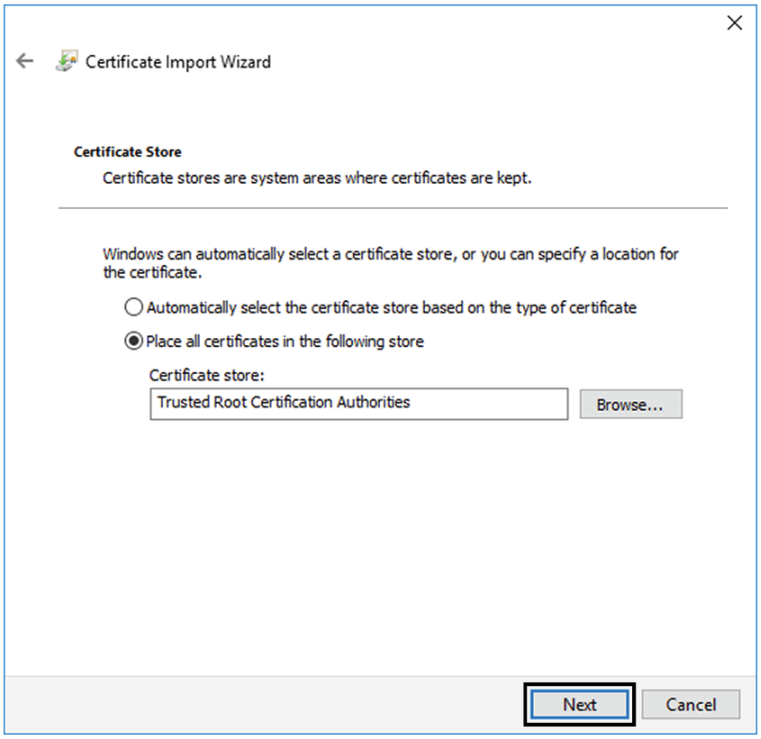


Step 8 Search for the certificate you downloaded earlier.

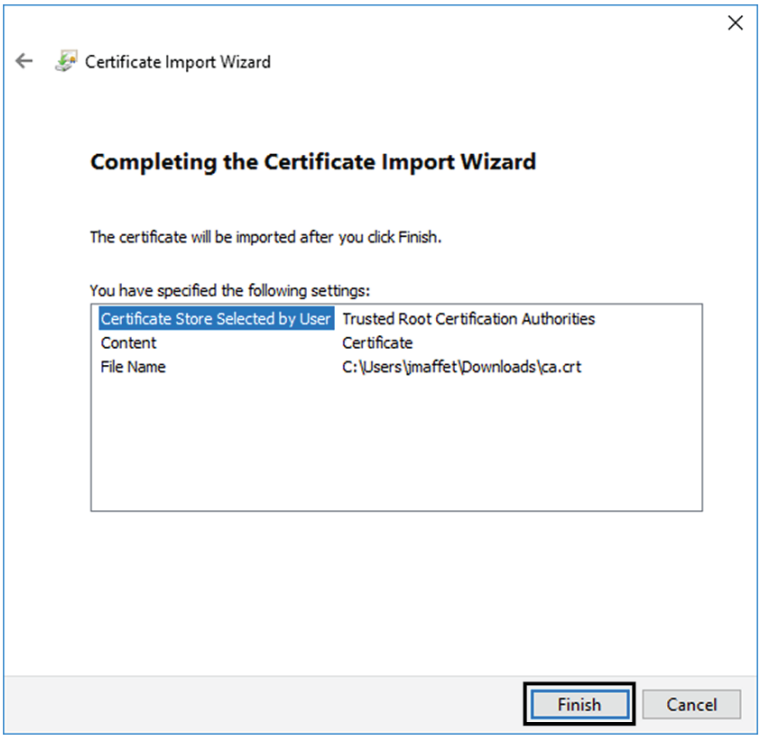
Step 9 Go to the next step.



Step 10 Accept the default values by accessing the next step.



Step 11 The certificate is now considered as trusted by the browser. It will be imported as soon as you will click Finish.



What to do next

Install , on page 52

Install

Access the installation wizard:

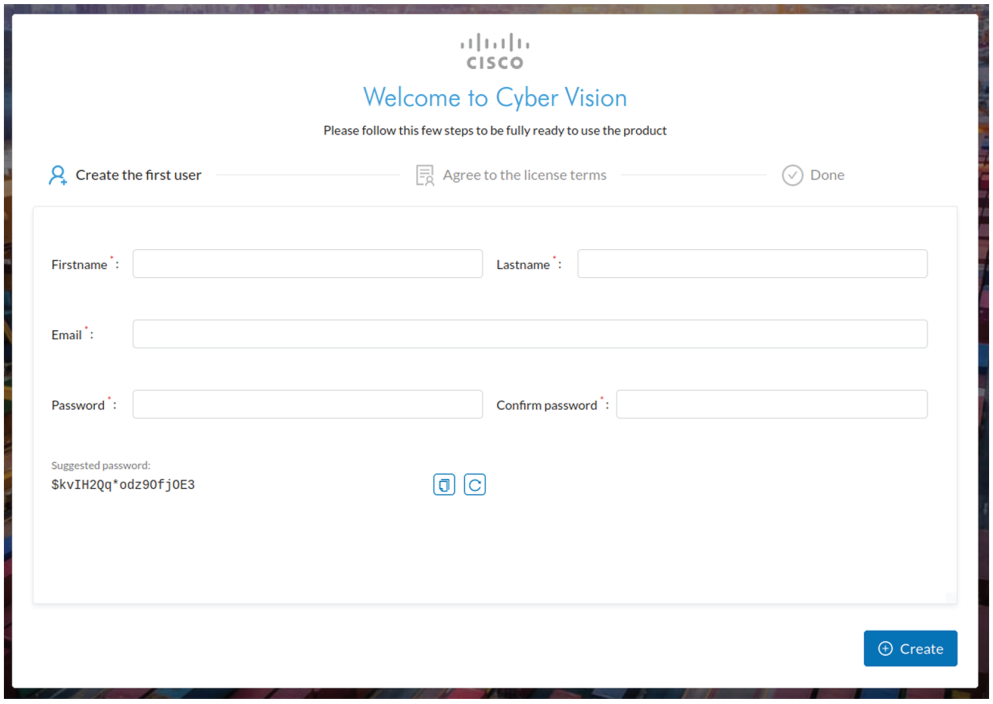
Procedure

Step 1 With your browser, access https://**<CENTERNAME>**/.

Note
Accessing the Center using its name enables HTTPS secure interface. Yet, this requires a DNS or local host configuration to associate the name and the IP address. The Center access through its IP address is possible but the connection is not secure.

Step 2 The setup wizard used for the first access to is displayed:

Step 3 **Create an admin account:**



Step 4

Step 5 Enter the information required.

Note
Email will be asked for login access.

Note
Passwords must contain at least 6 characters and comply with the rules below. Passwords:

- Must contain a lower case character: a-z.
- Must contain an upper case character: A-Z.
- Must contain a numeric character: 0-9.
- Cannot contain the user id.
- Must contain a special character: ~!"#$%&’()*+,-./:;<=>?@[]^_{|}.

Passwords should be changed regularly to ensure the integrity of the platform and the industrial network security.

Note
You can reset users using the following command in the Center's CLI:

```
sbs-db reset-users
```

Step 6 **Accept the software license agreement:**

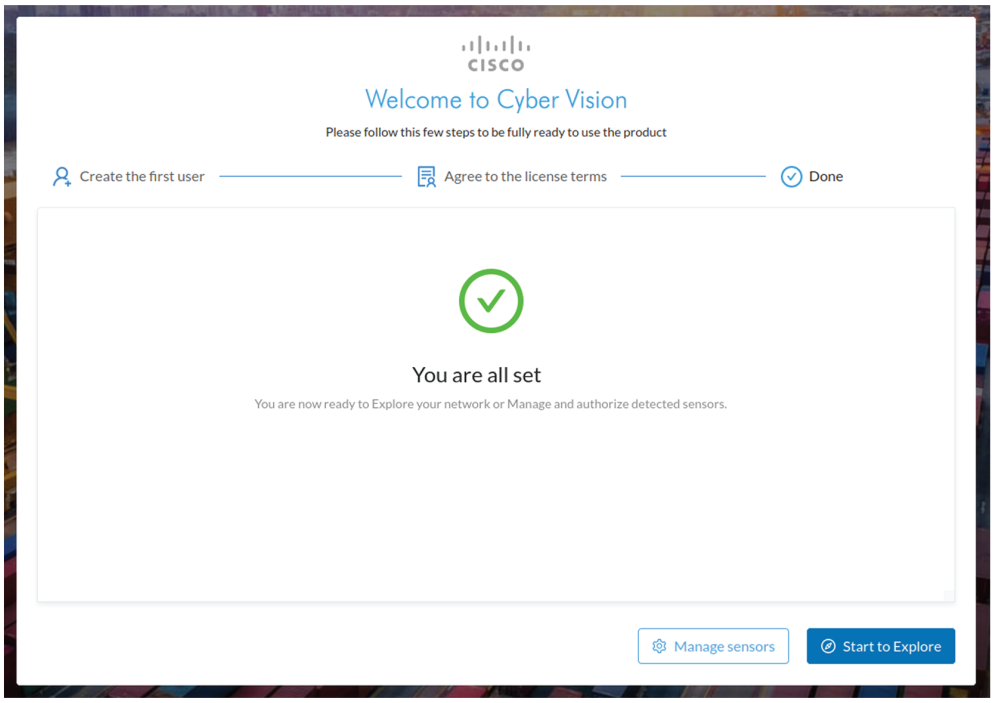


Step 7

Step 8 **Finish the installation:**

The Center is now correctly installed and is ready to operate.

Step 9 Click Start to Explore.



installation is now complete.

What to do next

If you aim to use an enterprise certificate, proceed with Configure the user interface security, on page 55.

If you already installed a self-signed certificate, and if you are installing a Global Center or a synchronized Center, proceed with Configure Center data synchronization, on page 60.

If you already installed a self-signed certificate, and if you are installing a standalone Center, you can start installing the sensors. To do so, refer to the corresponding Sensor Installation Guides.

Configure the user interface security

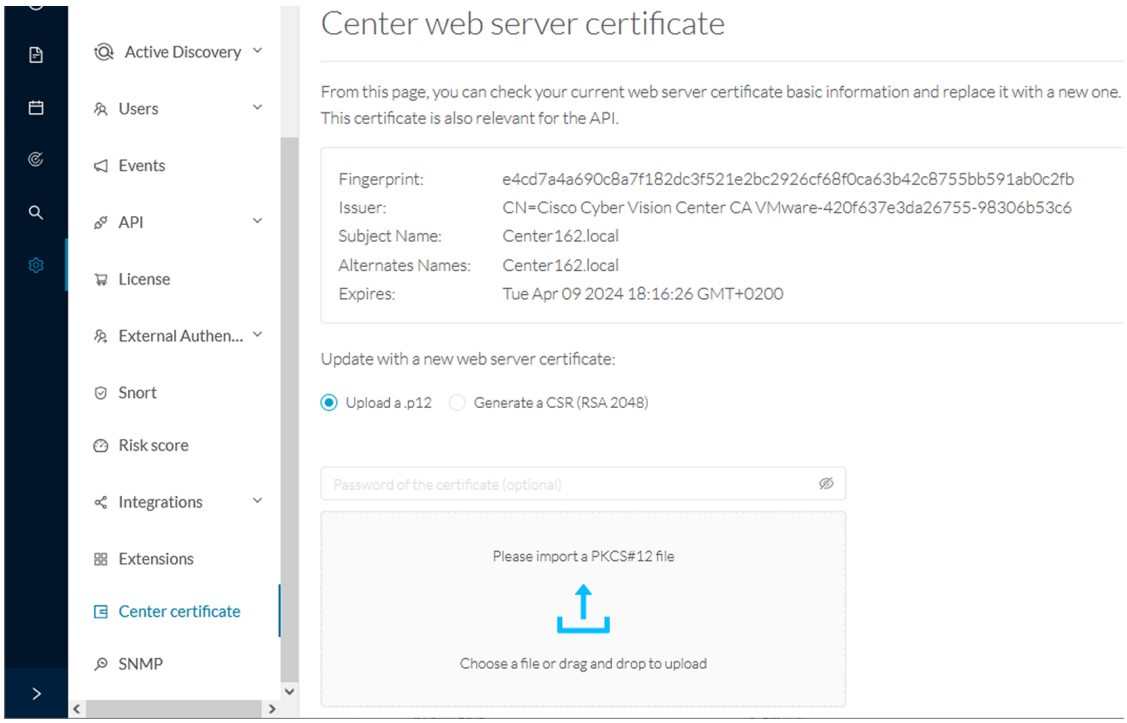
This section explains how to configure Cisco Cyber Vision user interface security with an enterprise certificate. You will have the option to upload a .p12 or to generate a CSR.

Before you begin

Perform this task if you're planning to use an enterprise certificate. You must install Cisco Cyber Vision beforehand.

Procedure

Step 1 To use an enterprise certificate, navigate to Admin > Center certificate.



Step 2 You can upload a .p12 or generate a CSR.

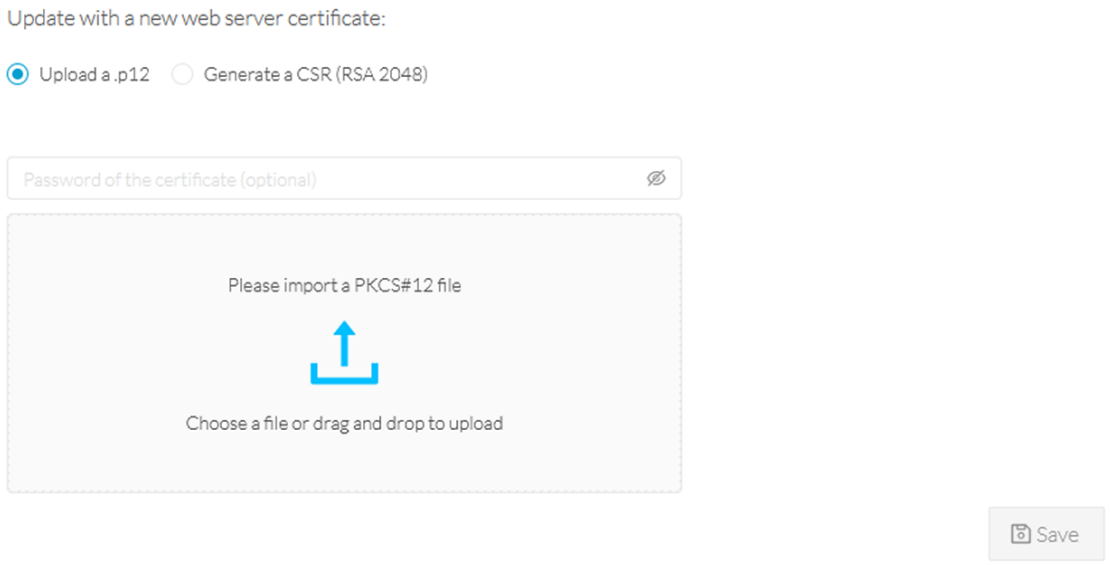
Upload a p12

Before you begin

The p12 (or Microsoft pfx) file must contain a private key, a password, and the field "X509v3 Subject Alternative Name" must contain the Center DNS name.

Procedure

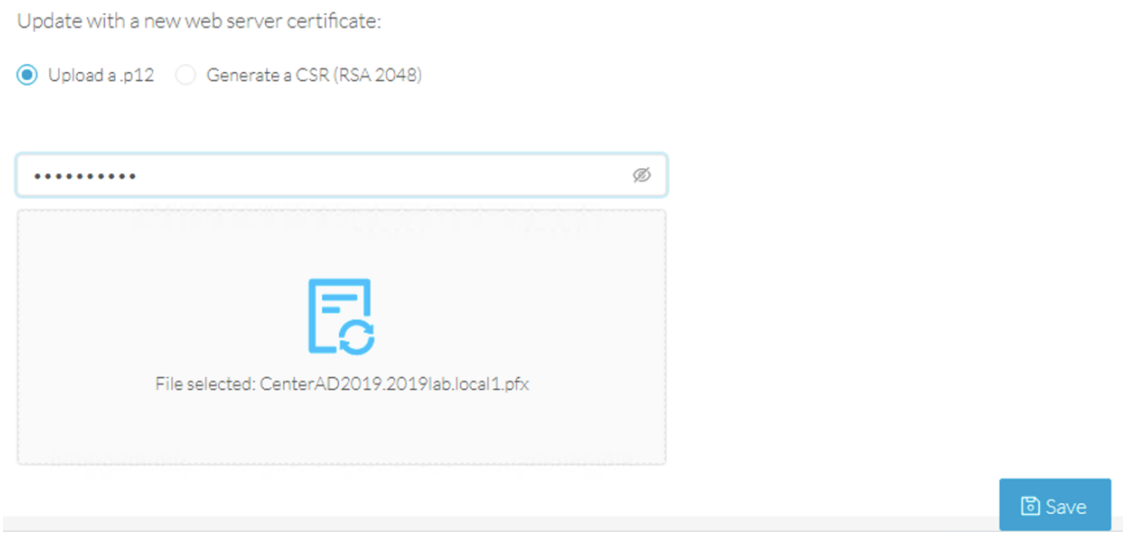
Step 1 Select Upload a .p12.



Click Please import a PKCS12 file and choose you pfx or p12 file generated from your certification server.

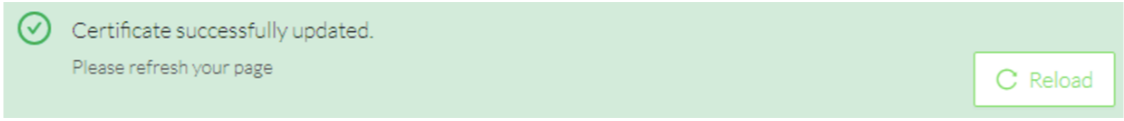
Step 2 Type the certificate password.

Step 3 Click the Import a PKCS#12 file button or drag and drop the file to import it.



Step 4 Click Save.

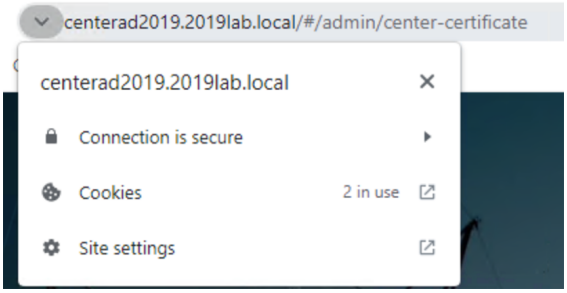
The following message appears:



Step 5 Click Reload.

Step 6 In your browser, use the DNS name to connect to your Cisco Cyber Vision instance.

The error message does not appear and the connection is secure.



What to do next

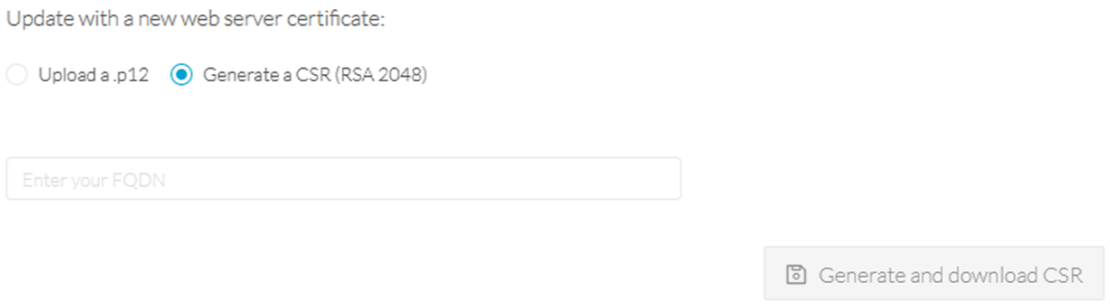
If you are installing a Global Center or a synchronized Center, proceed with Configure Center data synchronization, on page 60.

If you are installing a standalone Center, you can start installing the sensors. To do so, refer to the corresponding Sensor Installation Guides.

Generate a CSR

Procedure

Step 1 Select Generate a CSR.



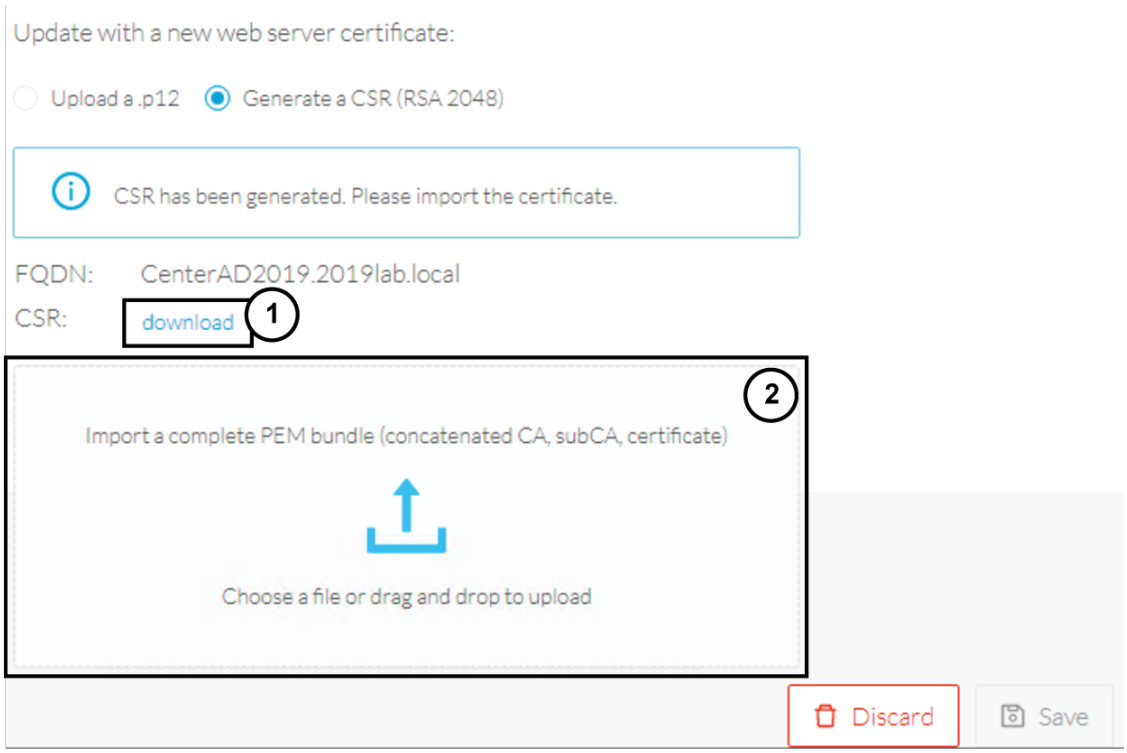
Step 2 Enter the Center FQDN as registered on your DNS server.

Step 3 Click the Generate and download CSR button.



A message indicating that the CSR has been generated is displayed.

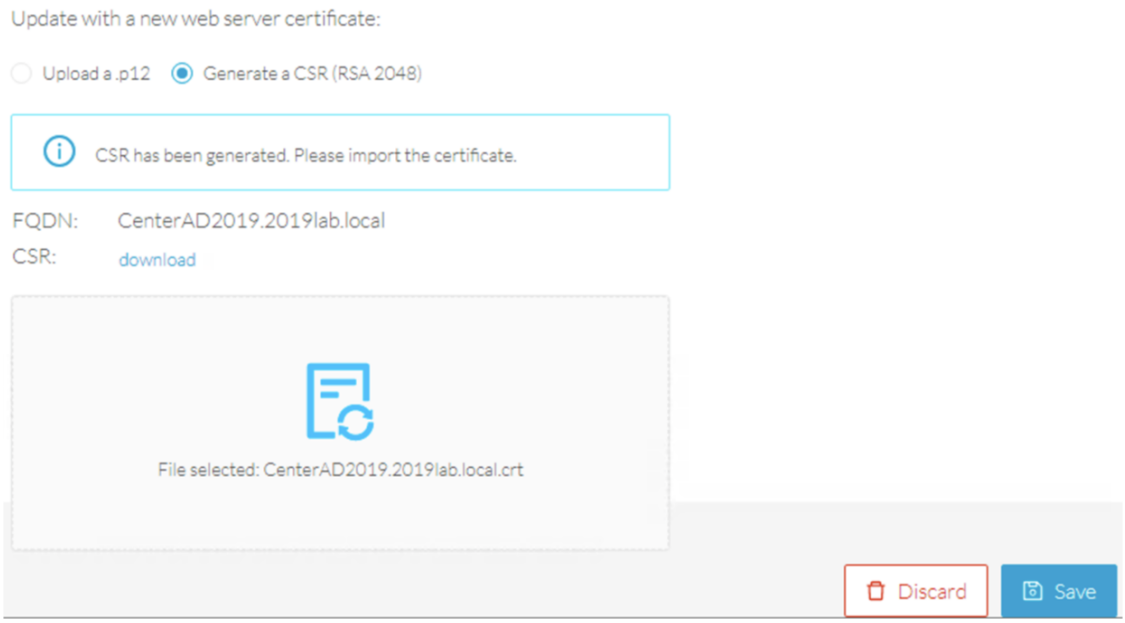
Step 4 Click the download button **(1)**.



A <FQDN>.csr file is downloaded.

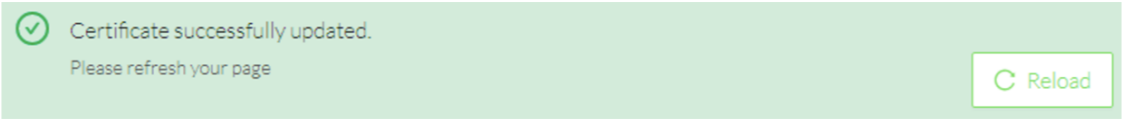
Step 5 Use the <FQDN>.csr file to generate a pem certificate from your enterprise Certification Authority.

Step 6 Once the pem certificate is generated, return to Cisco Cyber Vision and click the Import a complete PEM bundle button **(2)** or drag and drop it to import it.



Step 7 Click Save.

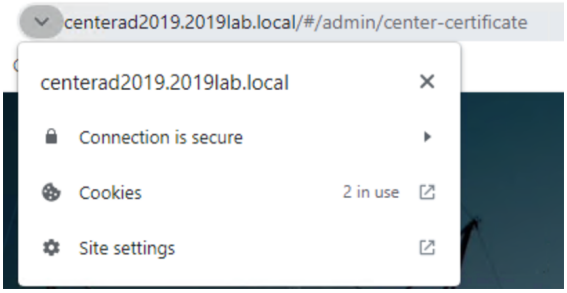
The following message appears:



Step 8 Click Reload.

Step 9 In your browser, use the DNS name to connect to your Cisco Cyber Vision instance.

The error message does not appear and the connection is secure.



What to do next

If you are installing a Global Center or a synchronized Center, proceed with Configure Center data synchronization, on page 60.

If you are installing a standalone Center, you can start installing the sensors. To do so, refer to the corresponding Sensor Installation Guides.

Configure Center data synchronization

This step is applicable to the Global Center and its synchronized Centers.

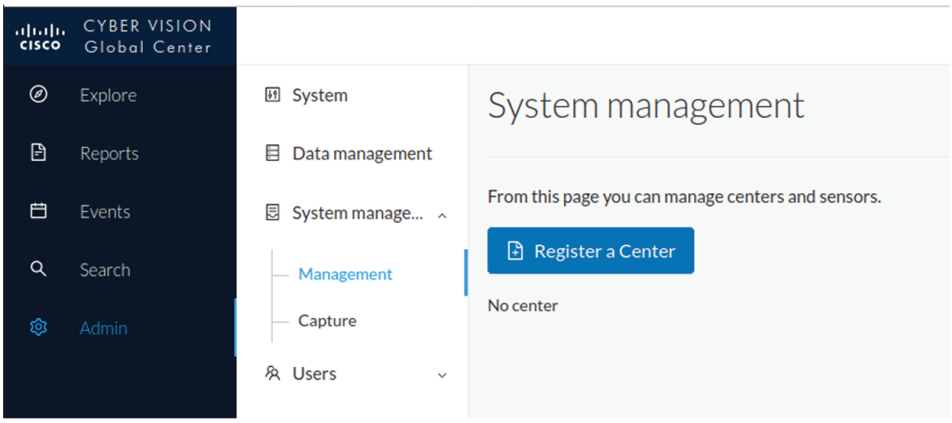
Once the Global Center and its synchronized Centers are installed, proceed to data synchronization, which consists of registering the Center in the Global Center and enrolling the Center to the Global Center. To do so, you need to open each's 's GUI.

Note To differentiate each user interface, check the top left corner of 's "Global Center" or "Center".

Procedure

Step 1 In the Global Center's GUI, navigate to Admin > System Management > Management.

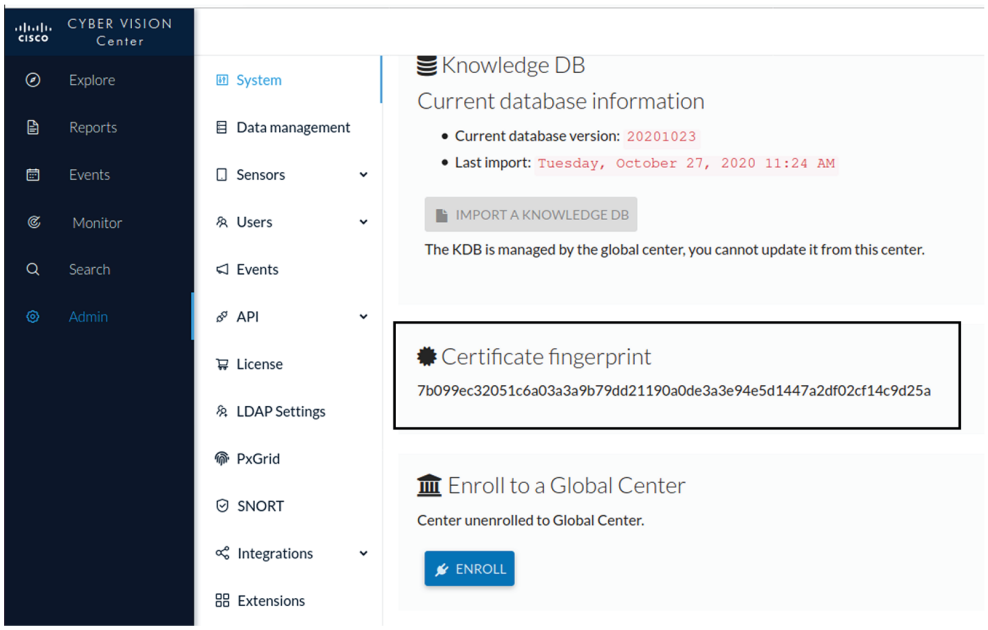
Step 2 Click the **Register a Center** button.



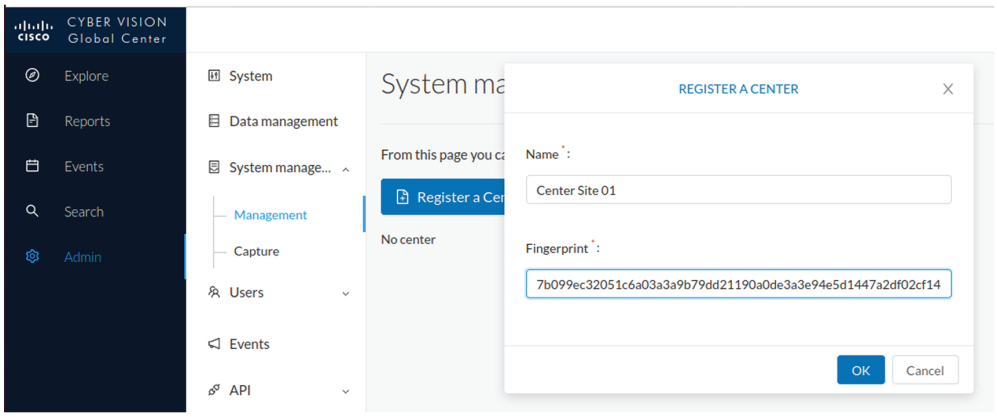
The window "Register a Center" pops up, ready to be filled. Now you must access the Center's GUI to retrieve its fingerprint.

Step 3 In the Center's GUI, navigate to Admin > System.

Step 4 Scroll down to Certificate fingerprint and copy it.

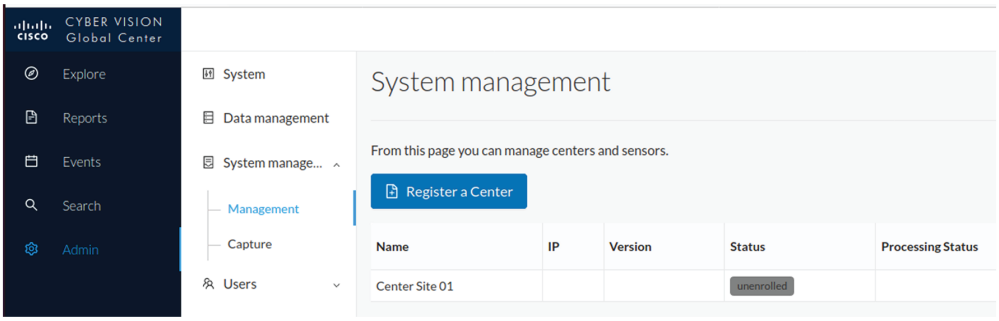


Step 5 In the Global Center's GUI, give a name to the Center, and paste the Center's fingerprint into the corresponding field



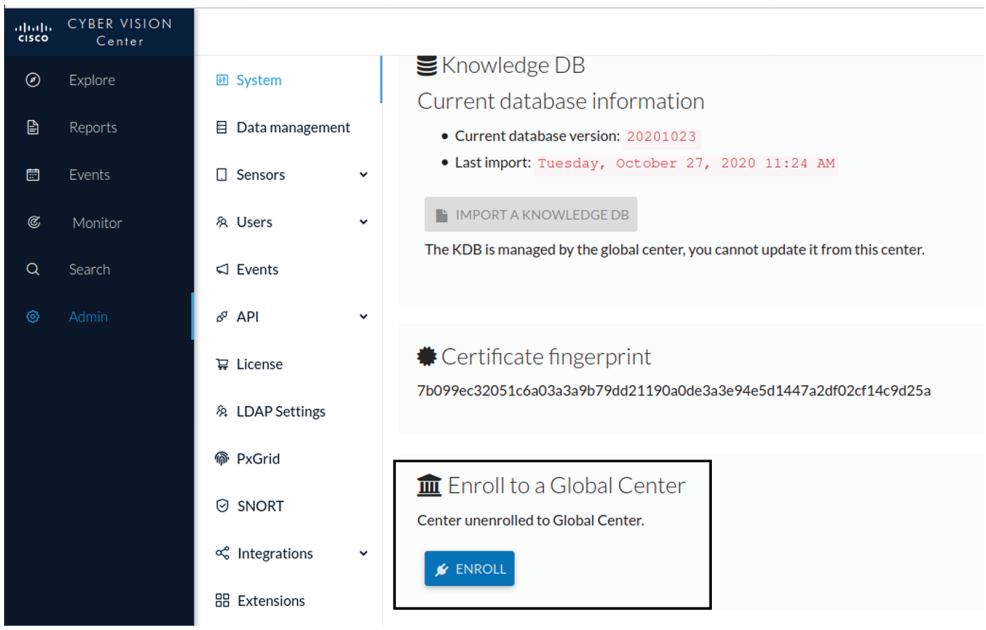
Step 6 Click **OK**.

The Center appears in the list as unenrolled.



At this point you must switch to the Center's GUI and enroll it to the Global Center.

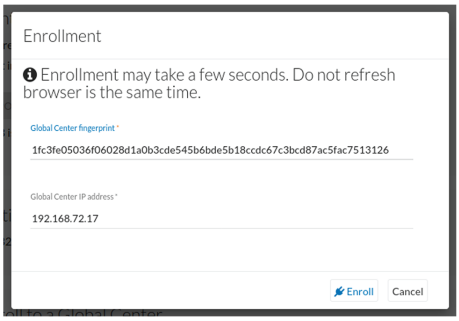
Step 7 In the Center's GUI, scroll down to Enroll a Global Center and click the **Enroll** button.



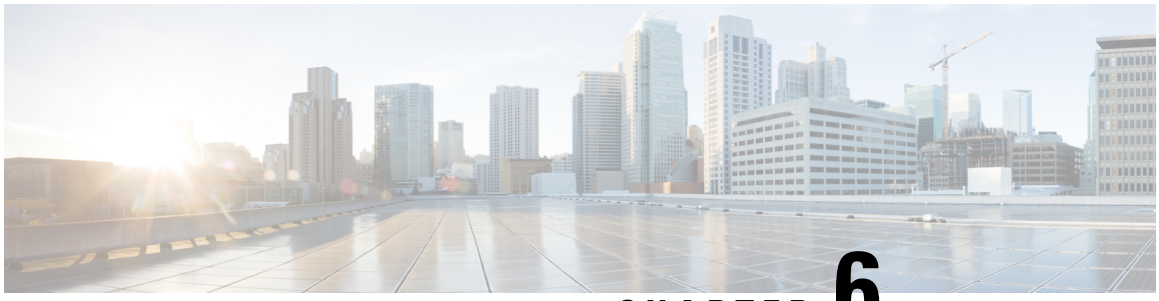
The Enrollment window pops up.

Step 8 Copy the Global Center's fingerprint from its GUI's System administration page (same location as the Center's).

Step 9 Enter the Global Center's IP address and click **Enroll**.



Once the synchronization is complete, it is indicated that the Center is enrolled to the Global Center.



CHAPTER 6

Configure a Center DPI

- Configure a Center DPI, on page 65
- Center DPI, on page 68

Configure a Center DPI

This section describes how to configure a Center DPI, that is, a virtual sensor in the Center.

Requirements:

Make sure an ethernet interface is available for the Center DPI traffic, depending on:

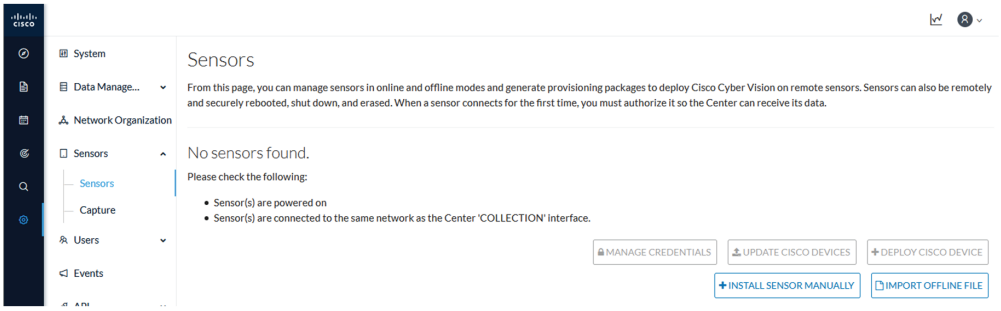
- If the server has a dual interface, that is, the Administration interface is on eth0 and the Collection interface is on eth1, then eth2 will be used for the Center DPI.
- If the server has a single interface, that is, the Administration and Collection interfaces are on the same interface, then eth1 will be used for the Center DPI.

In the example below, the server has a single interface.

To configure a Center DPI:

Procedure

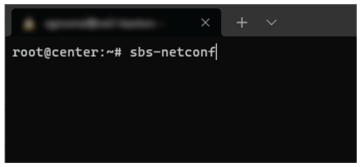
Step 1 Access the sensors administration page.



Step 2 Open the Center shell prompt and type the following command:

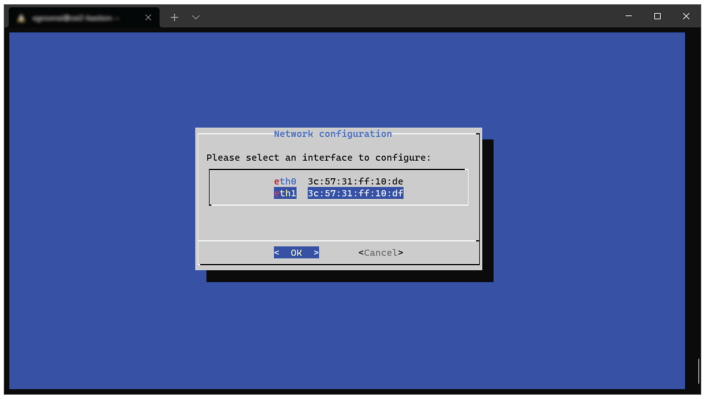
Configure a Center DPI

sbs-netconf

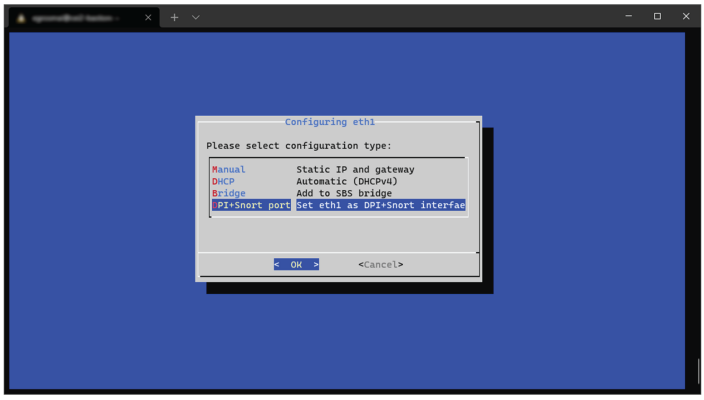


Step 3 In the case of a single interface, select the eth1 interface.

In the case if a dual interface, select eth2.



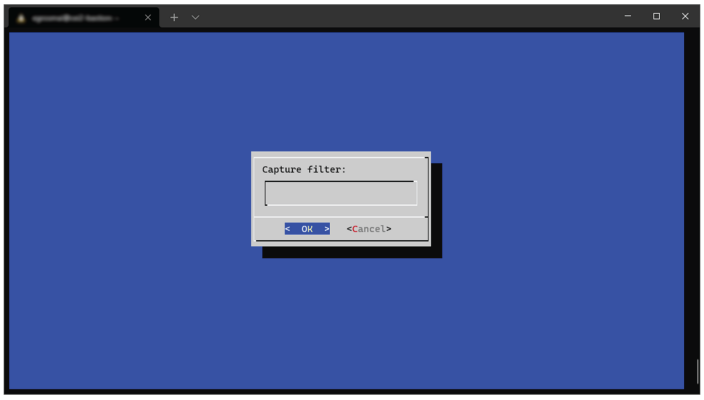
Step 4 Select the interface as DPI+Snort port.



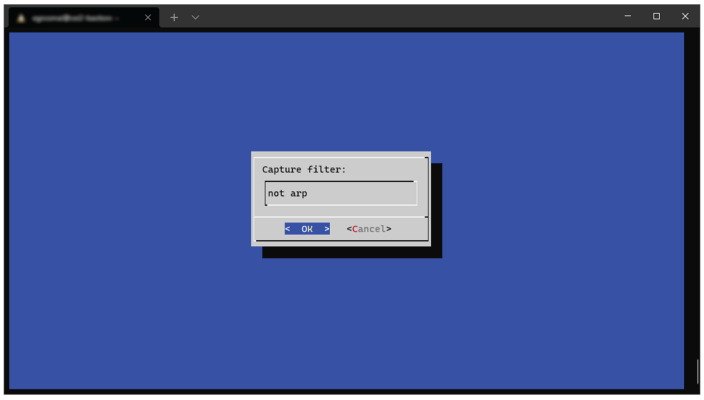
Step 5 Configure a capture filter mode. You can do that later in the sensor page clicking the Capture mode button.

For more information on how to configure a capture mode filter, refer to the GUI user guide.

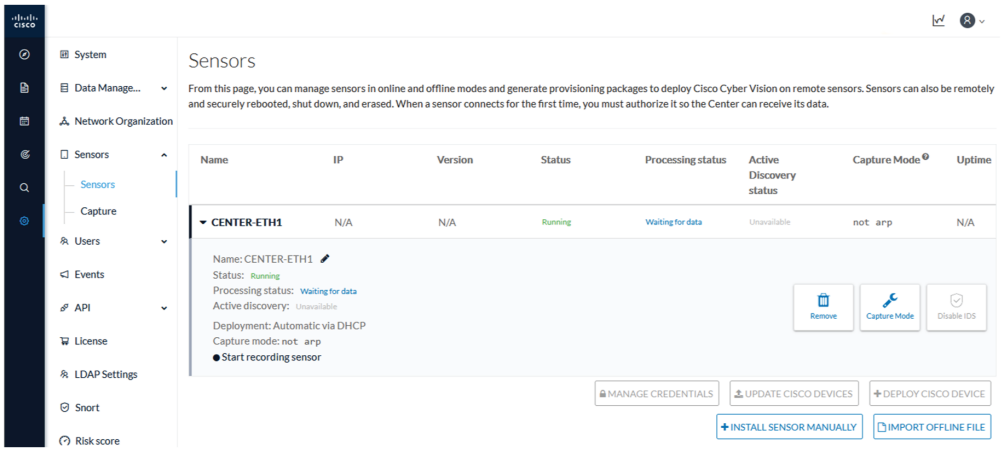
Configure a Center DPI



For example, you can type "not arp".



In the administration sensor page, the new virtual sensor appears and is ready to receive data.



Center DPI

Cyber Vision Center Deep Packet Inspection (DPI) is a virtual sensor that

- operates within the center environment,
- analyzes industrial network traffic at a granular level by inspecting application flows locally, and
- adds metadata to the Cyber Vision Center for centralized storage, analytics, and visualization.

Configure Center DPI

Enable Center DPI to function as a virtual sensor in Center for monitoring and analyzing network traffic.

Before you begin

Ensure you have an available Ethernet interface for Center DPI traffic:

- SPAN:
  - Single interface: eth1
  - Dual interfaces: eth2
- ERSPAN:
  - Single interface: eth0
  - Dual interfaces: eth0 and eth1
  - For optimal performance, use a dedicated interface if possible.

Procedure

Step 1 Open the Center shell prompt and run the `sbs-netconf` command.

Step 2 Select the interface to configure, based on your SPAN or ERSPAN setup.

Step 3 Select the configuration type as **DPI+Snort port**.

Step 4 Select an encapsulation type.

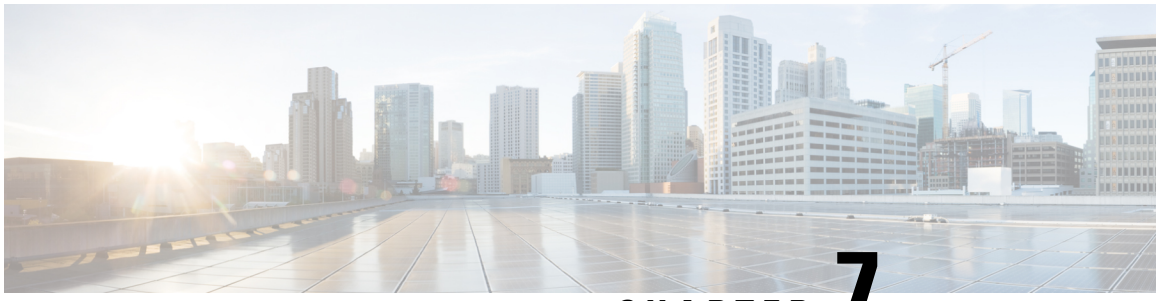
- **None** for SPAN configurations.
- **erspan2** for ERSPAN type 2 remote SPAN.
- **erspan3** for ERSPAN type 3 remote SPAN.

Step 5 If you select **erspan2** or **erspan3** as the encapsulation type, enter an IPv4 address to receive traffic.

A new sensor is created and appears in **Admin** > **Sensors** > **Sensor Explorer**, ready to monitor network traffic based on the chosen configuration.

What to do next

- To view traffic statistics from the new sensor, navigate in the Center interface to **Explorer** > **All Data** > **Device list** and select the device for more details.
- To disable Snort on the Center DPI interface, follow these steps.
  1. From the main menu, choose **Admin** > **Sensors** > **Sensor Explorer**.
  2. Select the sensor and click **Disable IDS**.



CHAPTER 7

Configure the Cisco Cyber Vision Center synchronization

• Global Center Configuration, on page 71

Global Center Configuration

Global Center feature will allow synchronization of several Centers within a single repository. The Global Center will aggregate Centers into a single application and will present a summary of several Center activities.

Once the setup of a Center and a Global Center is done, the Center synchronization could be initialized with a Global Center. This process consist of the enrollment of a Center with a Global Center. When the center is enrolled, it's data with be synchronized incrementally. Later on, if needed, the Center could be unenrolled. The Global Center will then remove all data form that particular Center. The Center will become unenrolled and will be ready for a future enrollment.

Enrollment and unenrollement will be described below.

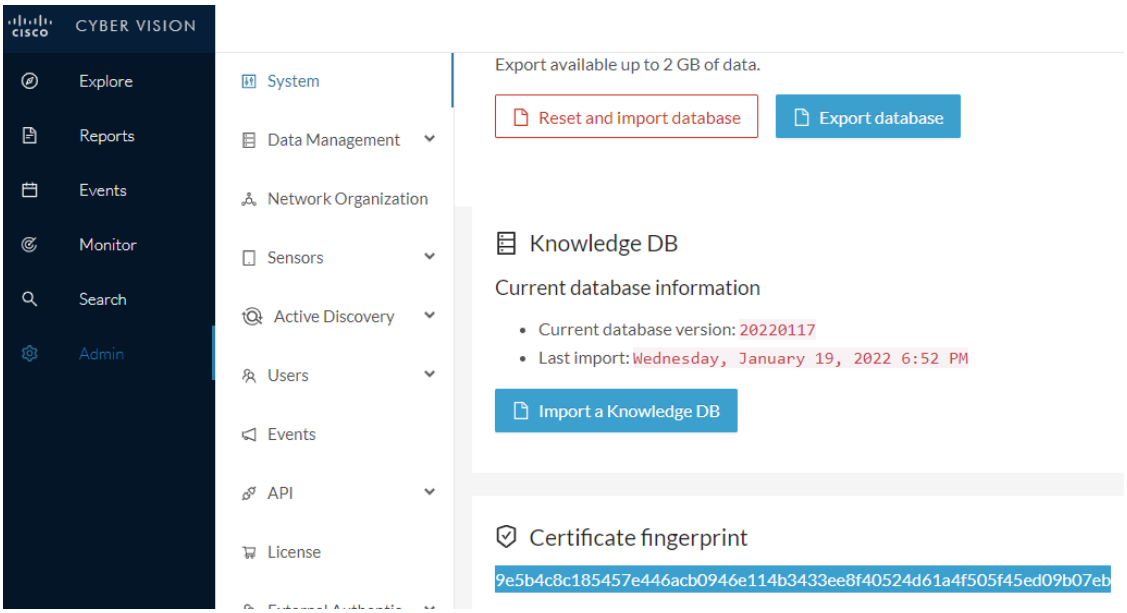
Center enrollment

Before you begin

A Global Center and its Centers need to be reachable in order to be enrolled.

Procedure

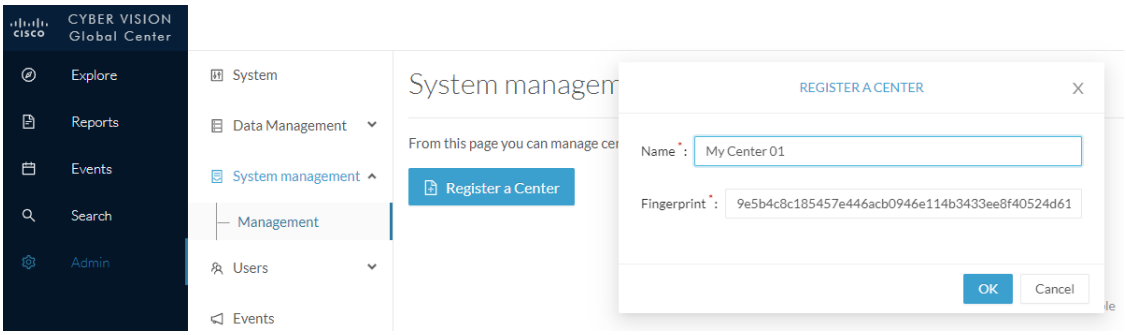
Step 1 Start the process in the Center to be synchronized user interface , navigate to the Admin menu, in the system page, you will find a **Certificate fingerprint**. Copy it, it will be needed.



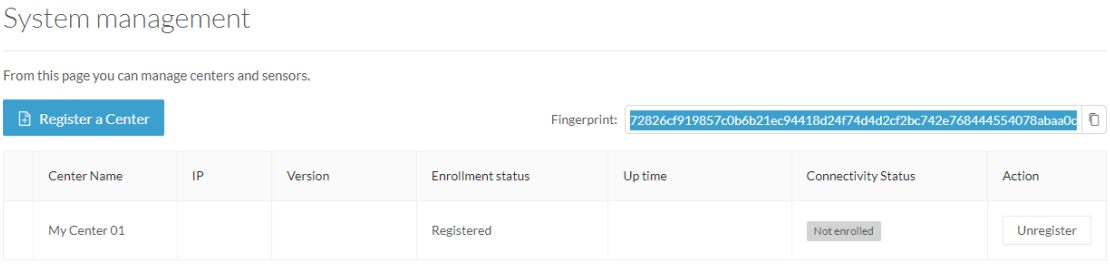
Step 2 Move to the Global Center user interface, Admin menu, in the **System management**, navigate to the **Management** menu. Click on the button **Register a Center** and:

a) Fill the **Name** field with the name you would like to have for this center

b) Paste the **Certificate fingerprint** copied above



Step 3 Stay in the Global Center, on the same menu (Admin - System management - Management) and copy the **Fingerprint** of the Global Center.

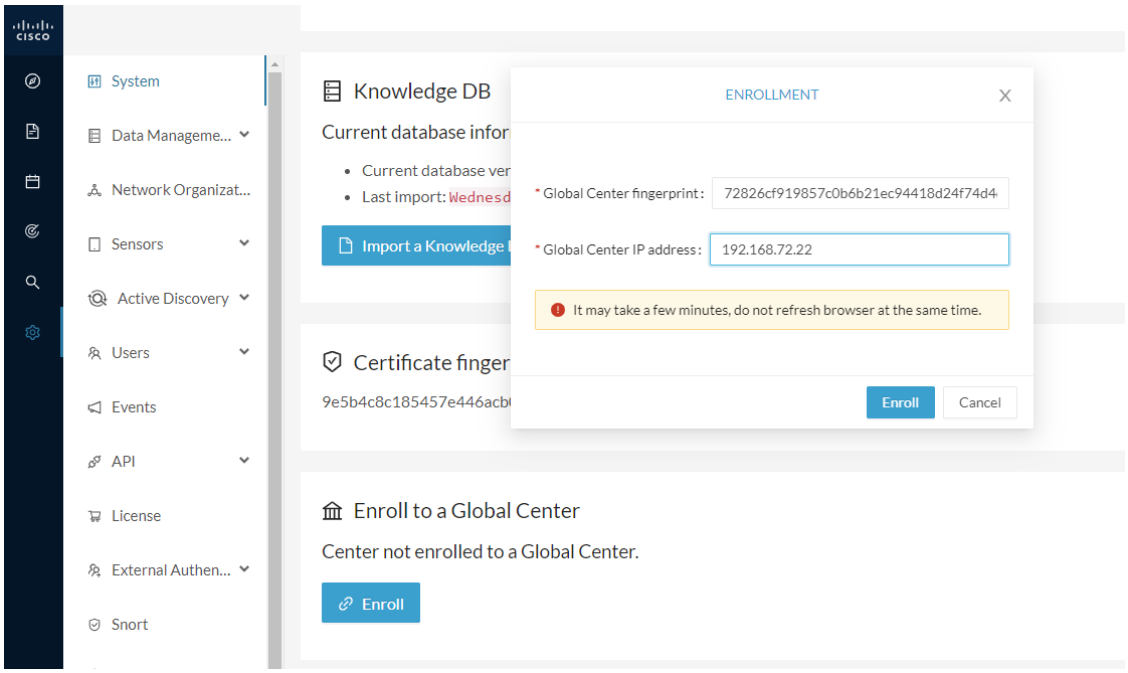


Step 4 On the Center, in the Admin menu, System page, click on the button **Enroll** and:

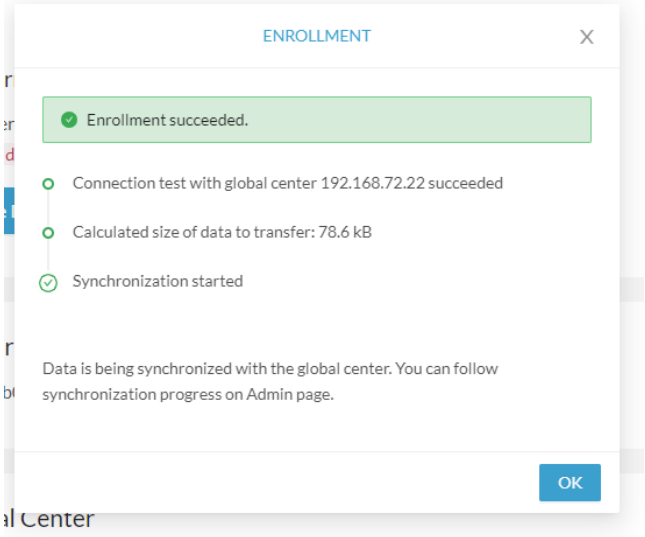
a) add the **Global Center fingerprint** (paste it with the value copied above in the Global Center)

b) add the **Global Center IP address**

c) press on **Enroll**

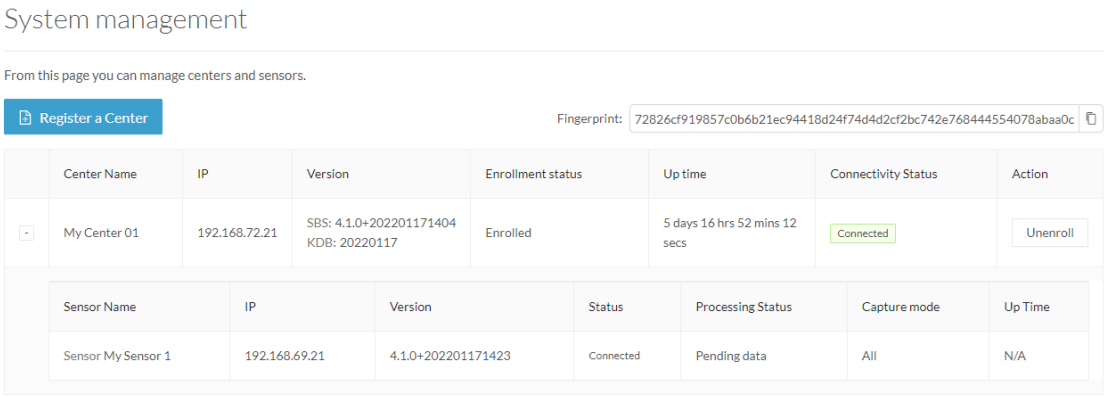


Step 5 The first synchronization will occur. The Center will send all the needed historical information. Once done, a green message is displayed: **Enrollment succeeded**.



What to do next

After the enrollment, the Center is synchronized regularly with the Global Center. In the Global Center, in the Admin menu, the System Management page gives a status of all Centers Synchronized and their Sensors.



Center unenrollment

Before you begin

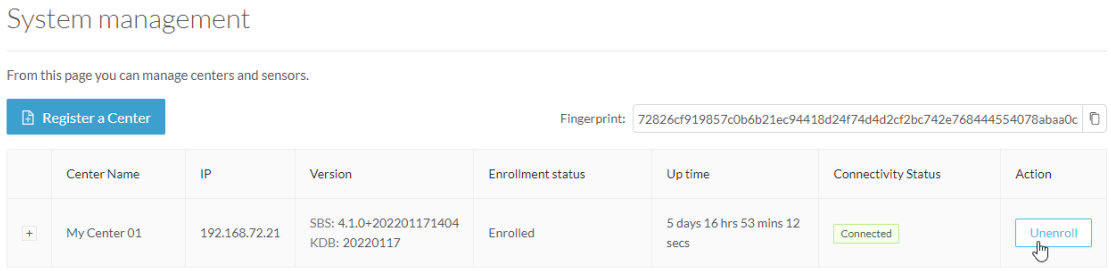
A Center can be unenrolled whenever it is needed, for example as a maintenance operation to replace the Center or the Global Center. This will delete all the Center's data in the Global Center.

Procedure

Step 1 In Cisco Cyber Vision, navigate to Admin > System management > Management.

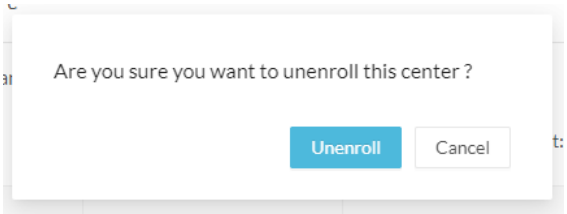
All Centers of the Global Center are listed.

Step 2 Click Unenroll on the Center required.



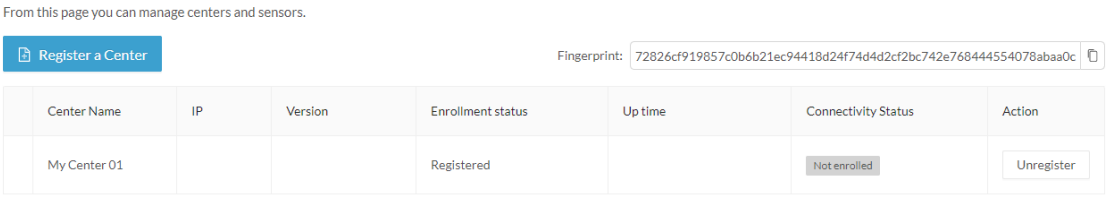
In case of a Global Center replacement, you need to unenroll all its synchronized Centers.

Step 3 A popup asking for confirmation appears. Click **Unenroll** to start the process.



All Center's data are deleted from the Global Center. The Center is then ready to be enrolled again in the Global Center or in another Global Center.

Step 4 If enrolled in another Global Center, the Center will remain listed in its former Global Center as Not enrolled. You can use the **Unregister** button to remove it from the list.



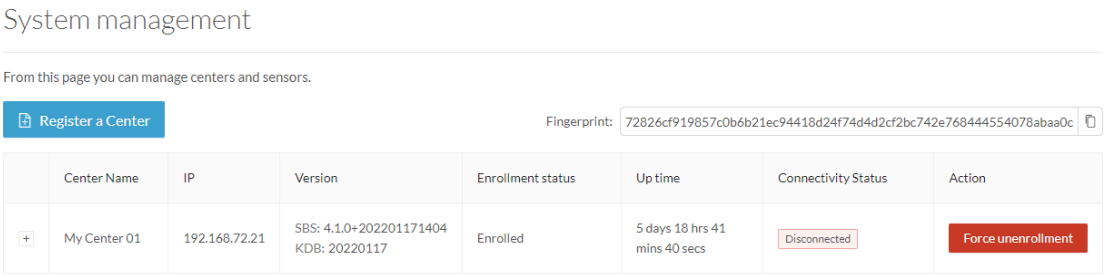
Force the unenrollement of a Center

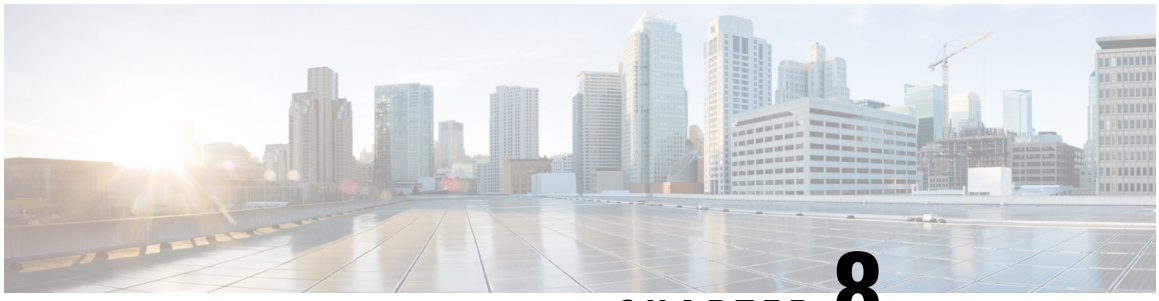
When a Center with sync has been disconnected for a very long time, for example because of a hardware failure, it is possible to unenroll it from the Global Center. This will allow you to delete all Center's data and to replace it.

Important Make sure the Center with sync is definitely lost before performing this action. As all the Center's data will be deleted from the Global Center, the Center trying to send data to the Global Center would cause significant data syncronization issues.

In Cisco Cyber Vision, navigate to Admin > System management > Management. All Centers of the Global Center are listed.

Whenever a Center has been disconnected for a long time, the red button **Force unenrollment** appears in the Action column. Use this button to delete all the Center's data from the Global Center. The Center will be removed from the list.





CHAPTER 8

Upgrade procedures

- Architecture with a Global Center, on page 77
- Architecture with a single Center, on page 80

Architecture with a Global Center

Check the Global Center and Centers' health

It is highly recommended that you check the health of the Centers connected to the Global Center and of the Global Center itself before proceeding to the update. To do so:

Procedure

Step 1 Connect to the Center in SSH.

Step 2 Type the following command:

```
systemctl --failed
```

The number of listed sbs-* units should be 0, otherwise the failure must be fixed before proceeding with the update.

```
root@Center21:~# systemctl --failed
0 loaded units listed.
root@Center21:~#
```

If one or several sbs services are in failed state like below, it has to be fixed before proceeding to the update.

```
root@Center21:~# systemctl --failed
  UNIT                 LOAD   ACTIVE SUB    DESCRIPTION
● sbs-marmotd.service loaded failed failed marmotd persistence service

LOAD   = Reflects whether the unit definition was properly loaded.
ACTIVE = The high-level unit activation state, i.e. generalization of SUB.
SUB    = The low-level unit activation state, values depend on unit type.

1 loaded units listed.
root@Center21:~#
```

Usually, a reboot of the Center is enough to solve the issue. If not, contact the product support.

Step 3 Repeat the previous steps for the other Centers and the Global Center.

Update the Global Center

In the case of a distributed architecture, **you must first update the Global Center, then its Centers**.

You can do so through the corresponding Center's application or using its Command Line Interface.

To update the Global Center:

- Through the application:
  1. Go to cisco.com and retrieve the following file:

     File name: CiscoCyberVision-update-combined-<VERSION>.dat
  2. Navigate to Admin > System.
  3. Click **System Update**.
  4. Browse to select the update file.

- Through the Command Line Interface (CLI):
  1. Go to cisco.com and retrieve the following file:

     File name: CiscoCyberVision-update-center-<VERSION>.dat
  2. Launch the update using the following command:

     ```
     sbs-update install /data/tmp/CiscoCyberVision-update-center-<VERSION>.dat
     ```

To update the Centers:

Connect to each Center's application or CLI and repeat the same procedure used to update the Global Center.

Update the sensors

The update of the sensors is done from their corresponding Center (not from the Global Center). You must repeat the following procedures from each of your Centers to cover all sensors of your industrial network. Procedures differ between hardware sensors and IOx sensors.

Update hardware sensors

To update hardware sensors:

If you used the combined file to update the Center which owned the sensor, the hardware sensors (IC3000 and Sentryo Sensors) were updated at the same time.

If not, the update needs to be done from the Command Line Interface (CLI):

Procedure

Step 1 Go to cisco.com and retrieve the following file:

File name: CiscoCyberVision-update-sensor-<VERSION>.dat

Step 2 Launch the update using the following command:

```
sbs-update install /data/tmp/CiscoCyberVision-update-sensor-<VERSION>.dat
```

Update IOx sensors

To update IOx sensors:

If you have installed the sensor with the sensor management extension, the upgrade of the extension will also update all sensors reachable by the Center.

Procedure

Step 1 Go to cisco.com and retrieve the following file:

File name: CiscoCyberVision-sensor-management-<VERSION>.ext

Step 2 In , navigate to Admin > Extensions.

Step 3 In the Actions column, click the **Update** button, and browse to select the update file.

If one or several sensors were not updated by the extension update:

Step 4 Navigate to Admin > Sensors > Sensor Explorer.

Step 5 Click **Manage Cisco devices**, then click **Update Cisco devices**.

A pop up with all remaining IOx sensors connected to the Center appears. Click **Update**.

If you have not installed one or several sensors with the sensor management extension, you can upgrade them with the sensor package from the platform's local manager or from the platform's Command Line Interface. This procedure is detailed in the corresponding sensor installation guide.

- Cisco IE3x00 and Cisco IR1101 file names: CiscoCyberVision-IOx-aarch64-<VERSION>.tar or CiscoCyberVision-IOx-Active-Discovery-aarch64-<VERSION>.tar
- Catalyst 9300 and Catalyst 9400 file names: CiscoCyberVision-IOx-x86-64-<VERSION>.tar or CiscoCyberVision-IOx-Active-Discovery-x86-64-<VERSION>.tar

Architecture with a single Center

Update the Center

You can update the Center through its application or using its Command Line Interface.

- Through the application:
  1. Go to cisco.com and retrieve the following file:

     File name: CiscoCyberVision-update-combined-<VERSION>.dat
  2. Navigate to Admin > System.
  3. Click **System Update**.
  4. Browse to select the update file.

- Through the Command Line Interface (CLI):
  1. Go to cisco.com and retrieve the following file:

     File name: CiscoCyberVision-update-center-<VERSION>.dat
  2. Launch the update using the following command:

     ```
     sbs-update install /data/tmp/CiscoCyberVision-update-center-<VERSION>.dat
     ```

Update the sensors

Sensor upgrade is done from the Center. Update procedures differ between hardware sensors and IOx sensors.

Update hardware sensors

To update hardware sensors:

If you used the combined file to update the Center which owned the sensor, the hardware sensors (IC3000 and Sentryo Sensors) were updated at the same time.

If not, the update needs to be done from the Command Line Interface (CLI):

Procedure

Step 1 Go to cisco.com and retrieve the following file:

File name: CiscoCyberVision-update-sensor-<VERSION>.dat

Step 2 Launch the update using the following command:

```
sbs-update install /data/tmp/CiscoCyberVision-update-sensor-<VERSION>.dat
```

Update IOx sensors

To update IOx sensors:

If you have installed the sensor with the sensor management extension, the upgrade of the extension will also update all sensors reachable by the Center.

Procedure

Step 1 Go to cisco.com and retrieve the following file:

File name: CiscoCyberVision-sensor-management-<VERSION>.ext

Step 2 In , navigate to Admin > Extensions.

Step 3 In the Actions column, click the **Update** button, and browse to select the update file.

If one or several sensors were not updated by the extension update:

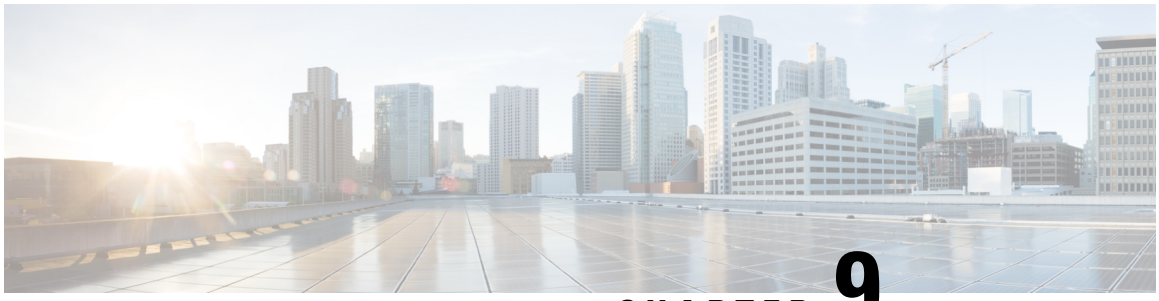
Step 4 Navigate to Admin > Sensors > Sensor Explorer.

Step 5 Click **Manage Cisco devices**, then click **Update Cisco devices**.

A pop up with all remaining IOx sensors connected to the Center appears. Click **Update**.

If you have not installed one or several sensors with the sensor management extension, you can upgrade them with the sensor package from the platform's local manager or from the platform's Command Line Interface. This procedure is detailed in the corresponding sensor installation guide.

- Cisco IE3x00 and Cisco IR1101 file names: CiscoCyberVision-IOx-aarch64-<VERSION>.tar or CiscoCyberVision-IOx-Active-Discovery-aarch64-<VERSION>.tar
- Catalyst 9300 and Catalyst 9400 file names: CiscoCyberVision-IOx-x86-64-<VERSION>.tar or CiscoCyberVision-IOx-Active-Discovery-x86-64-<VERSION>.tar



CHAPTER 9

Certificate renewal

The certificates generated by have a validity of two years.

Certificates renewal should be automatic. However, manual procedures to renew the Global Center certificate and Centers with sync exist in case automatic ones are not possible.

- Renew the certificate of a Center, on page 83

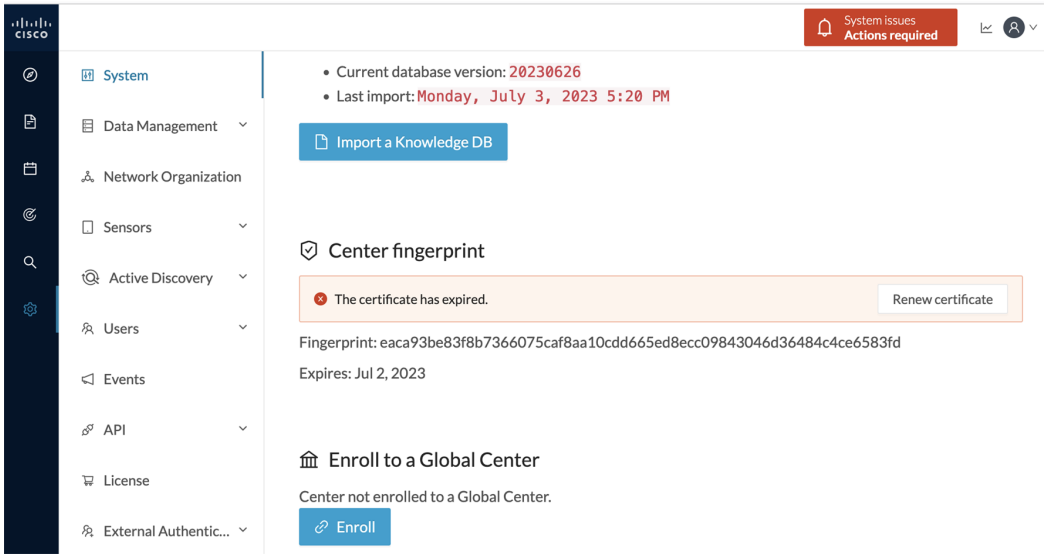
Renew the certificate of a Center

This procedure applies to Centers, Global Centers and Centers with sync. Extra steps are required to update fingerprints in the case of an architecture with a Global Center.

Procedure

Step 1 In , navigate to Admin > System.

Step 2 Slide down to Center fingerprint.



A message indicates that the certificare has expired.

Step 3 Click **Renew certificate**.

A warning page will be displayed at next login.

Step 4 Click **Advanced**, then **Accept the Risk and Continue**.

What to do next

In the case you're performing a certificate renewal within a Global Center architecture, you must follow the procedures below to update fingerprints according to the Center type.

Update the Global Center fingerprint

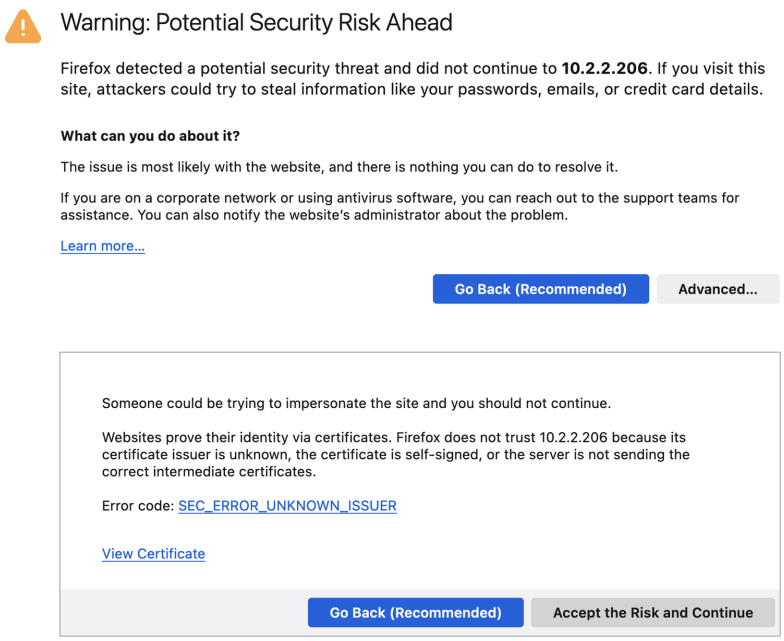
Before you begin

You need access to the Global Center and to all its Centers with sync.

Procedure

Step 1 Access the **Global Center**.

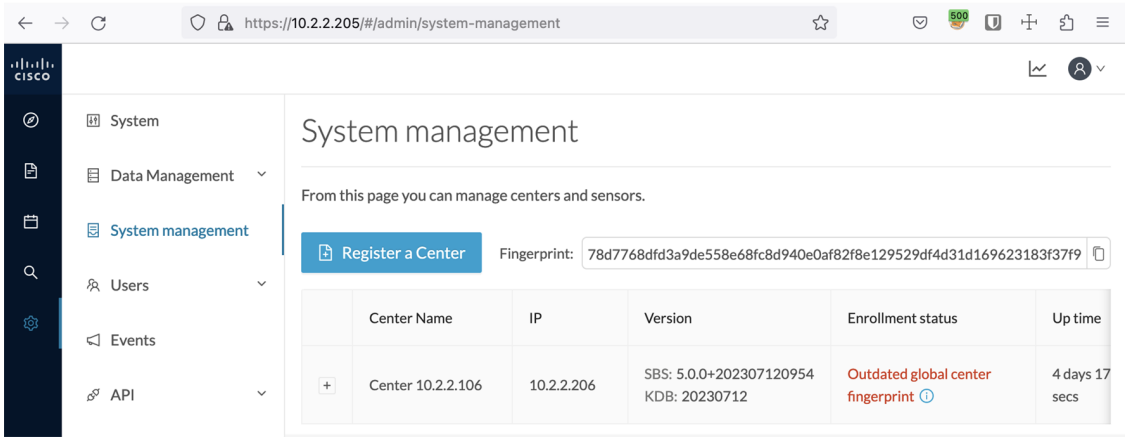
This warning page indicates that the certificate has been renewed.



Step 2 Click **Advanced**, then **Accept the Risk and Continue**.

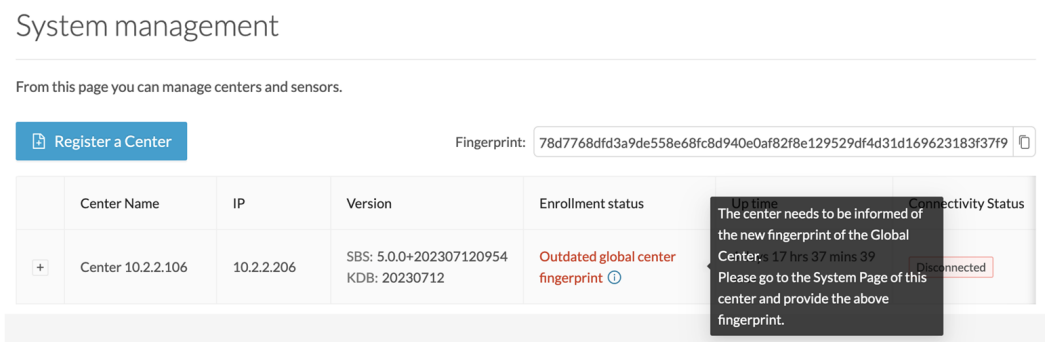
Step 3 Login to the Global Center.

Step 4 Navigate to the System management page.



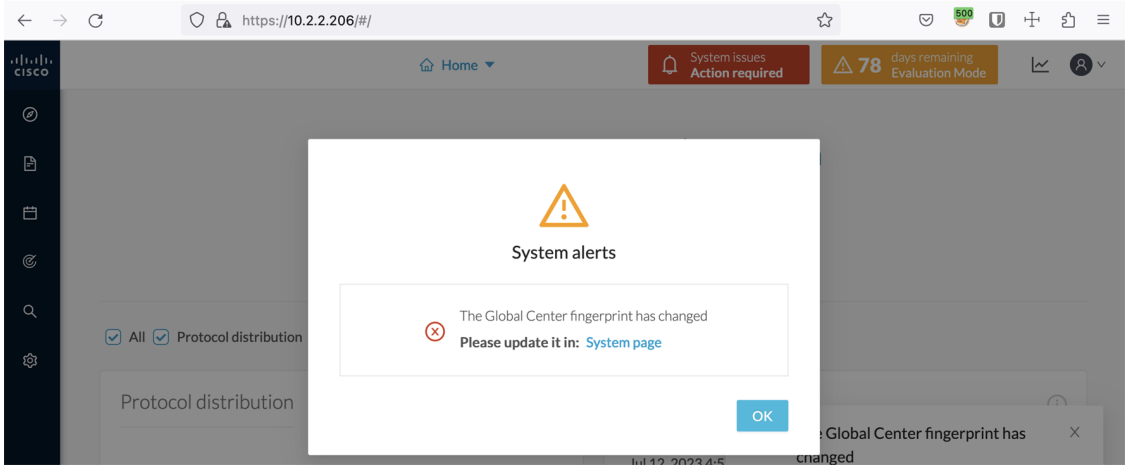
In the Center list, you can see the Center with sync which must be updated with the Global Center's fingerprint.

Step 5 Copy the Global Center fingerprint.



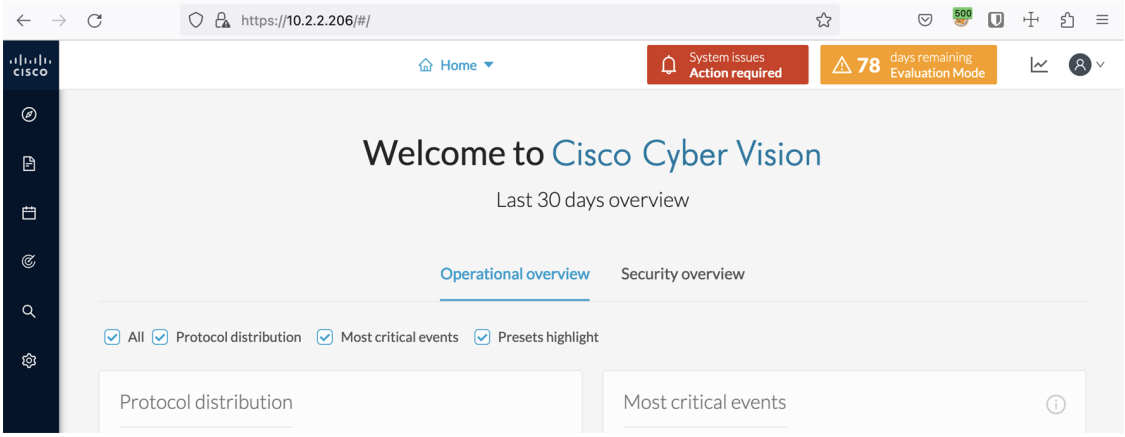
Step 6 Login to the **Center with sync**.

The following system alert pops up, indicating that the Global Center fingerprint has changed with a link to the administration system page to update it.

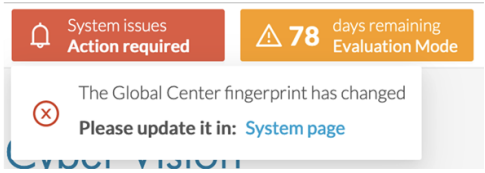


Step 7 Click **OK**.

A red banner is displayed at the top of 's user interface.



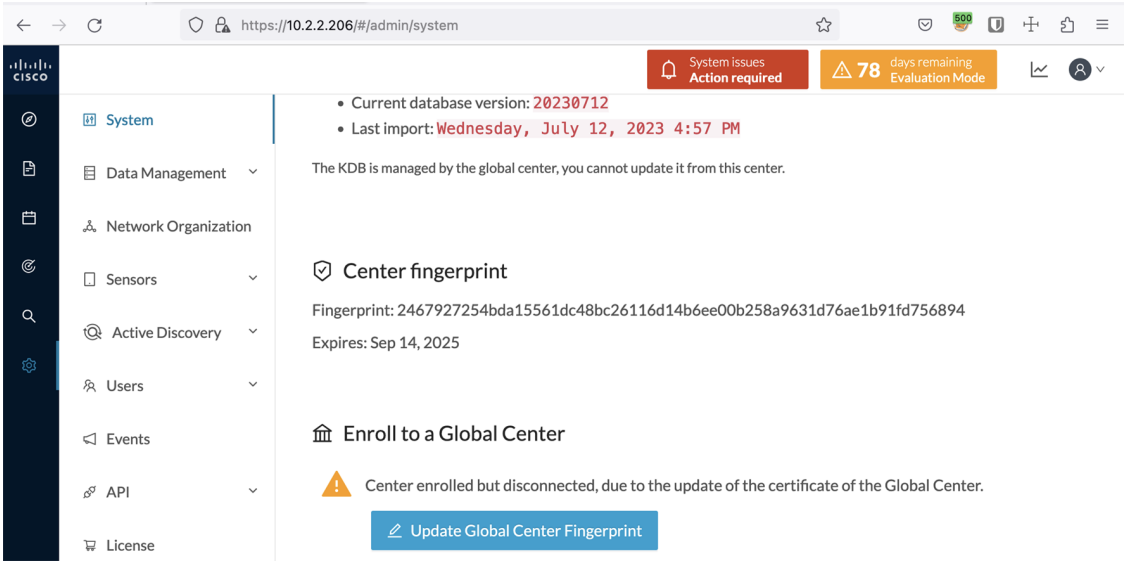
If you click the red banner, you will see the same message that appeared in the previous popup, with a link to the System page to update the Global Center fingerprint.



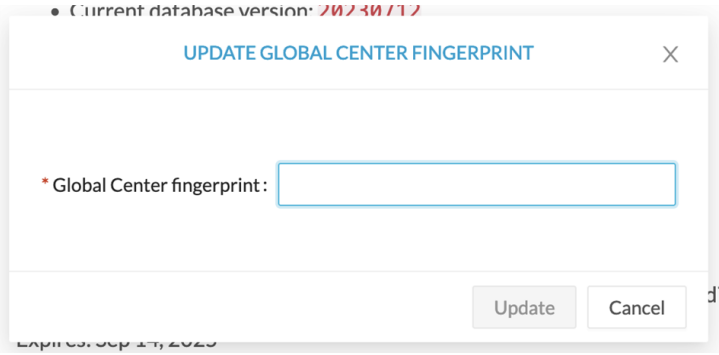
Step 8 In the System page, slide down to Enroll to a Global Center.

It is indicated that the Center is enrolled but disconnected.

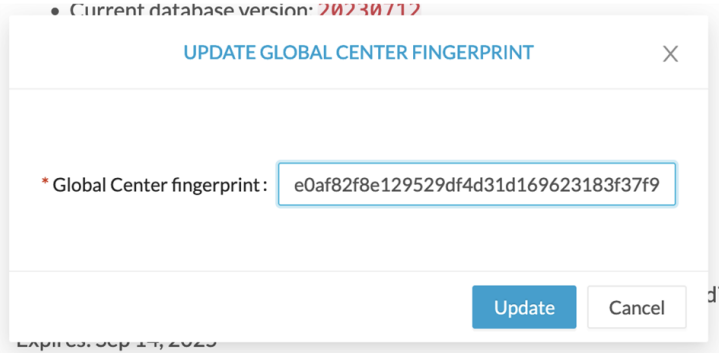
Step 9 Click **Update Global Center Fingerprint**.



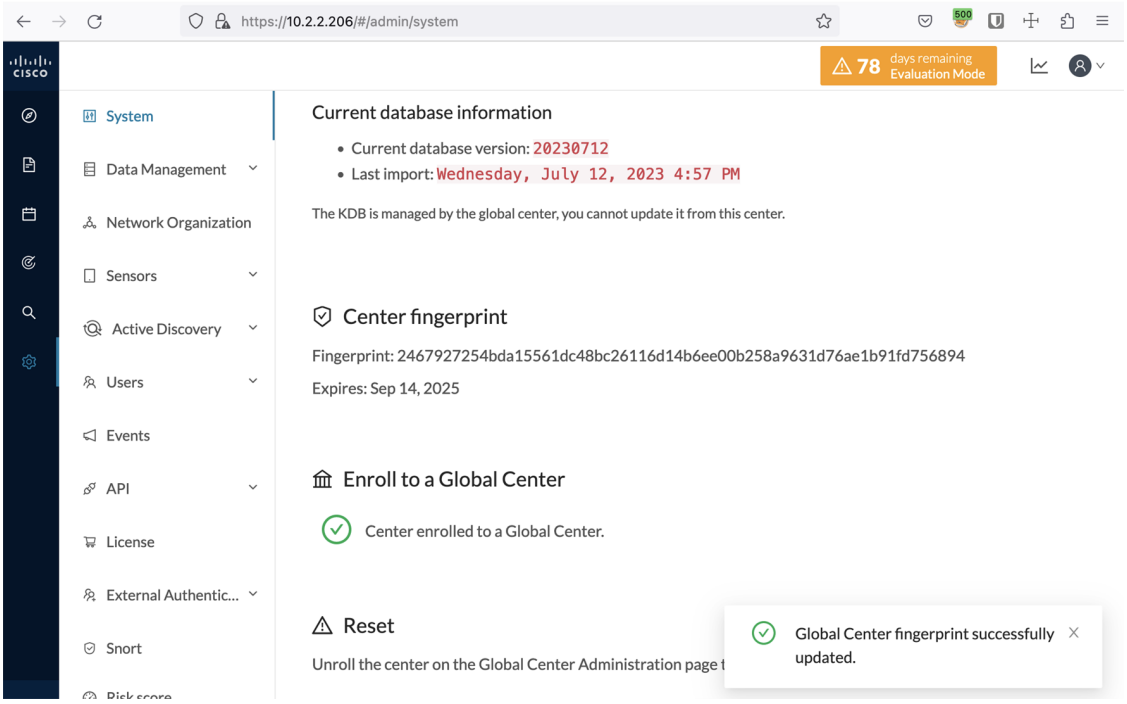
The Update Global Center fingerprint window pops up.



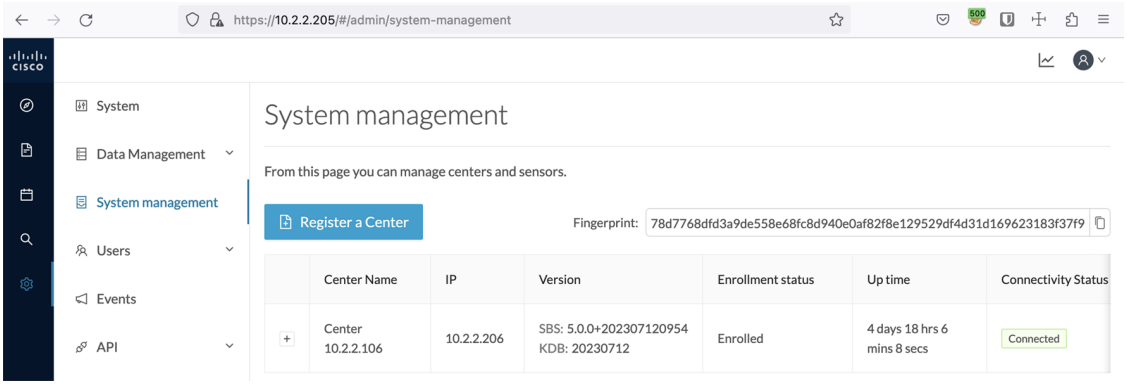
Step 10 Paste the Global Center fingerprint and click **Update**.



A message indicating that the Global Center fingerprint successfully updated appears and the Global Center enrollment status switches to enrolled.



In the Global Center System management page the Center appears as Connected.



What to do next

Repeat the previous steps for each Center with sync.

Update a Center with sync fingerprint

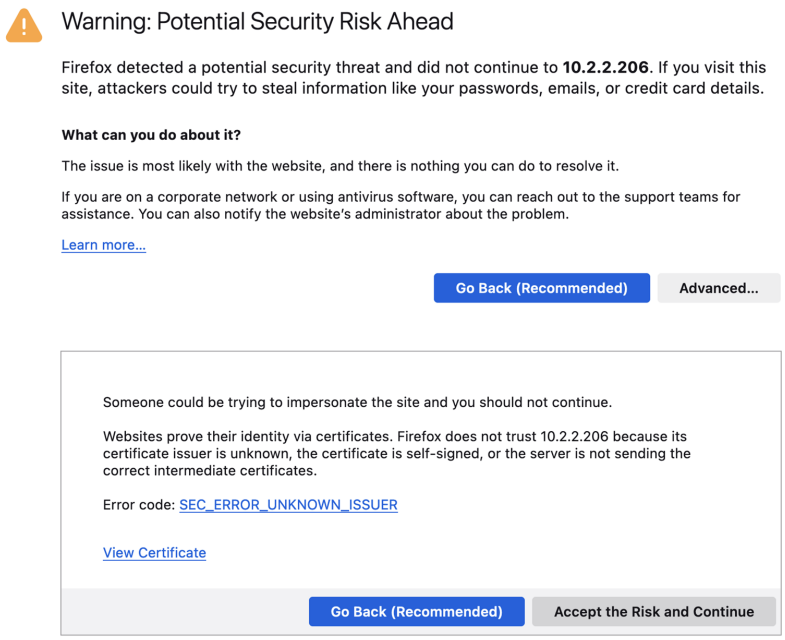
Before you begin

You need access to the Center with sync and its Global Center.

Procedure

Step 1 Access the **Center with sync**.

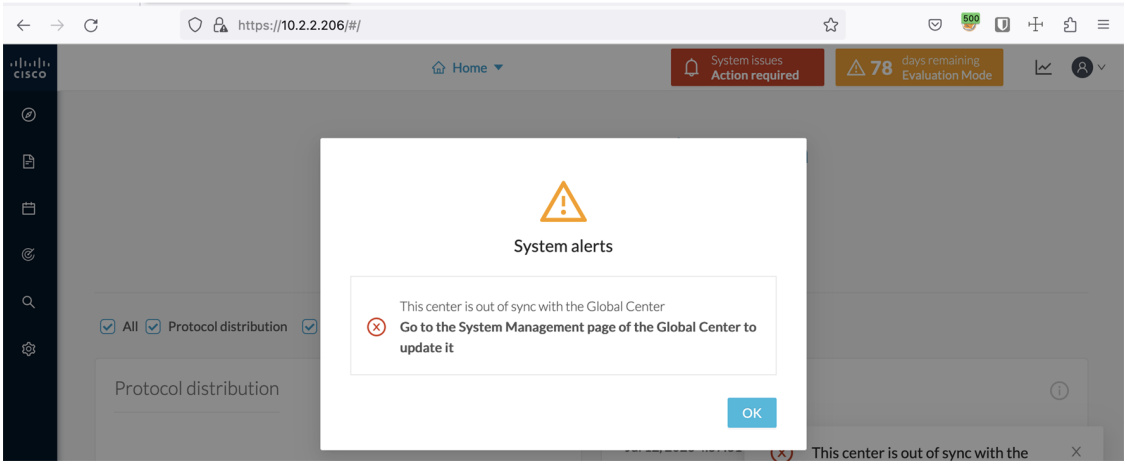
This warning page indicates that the certificate has been renewed.



Step 2 Click **Advanced**, then **Accept the Risk and Continue**.

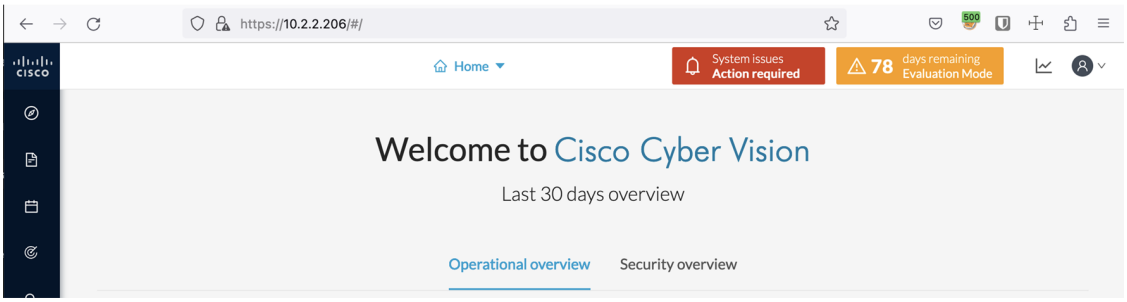
Step 3 Login to the Center.

An alert appears indicating that the Center is out of sync with the Global Center and the actions to take on the Global Center.

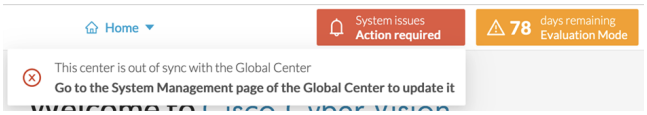


Step 4 Click **OK**.

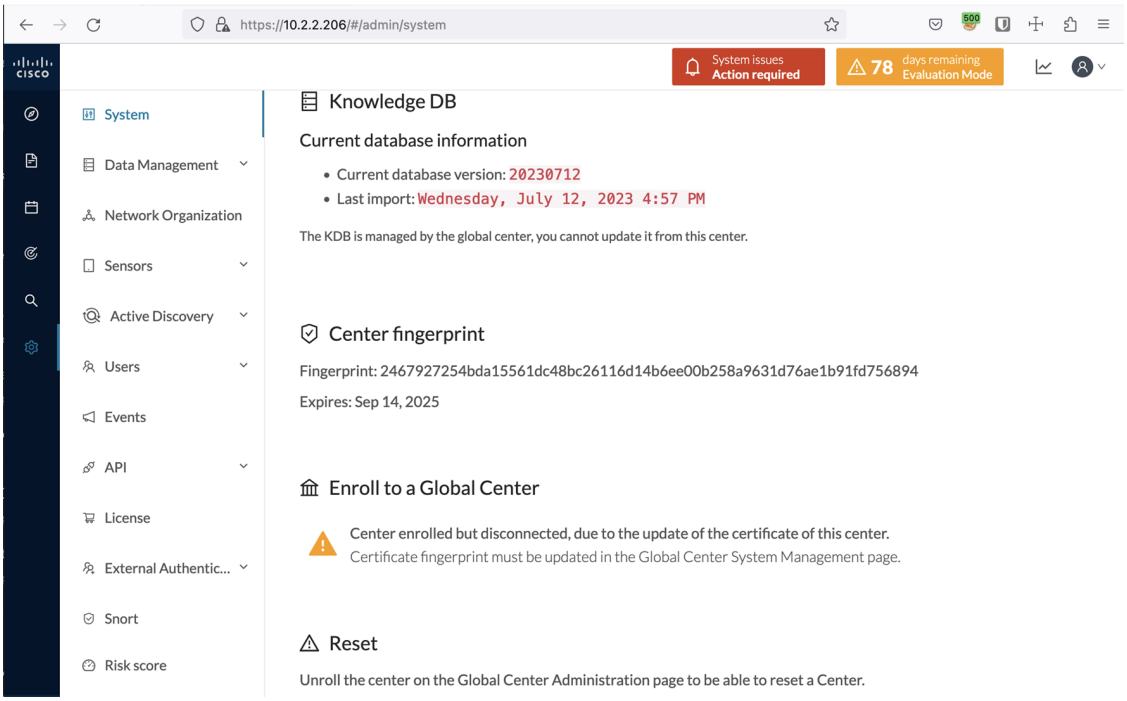
A red banner is displayed at the top of 's user interface.



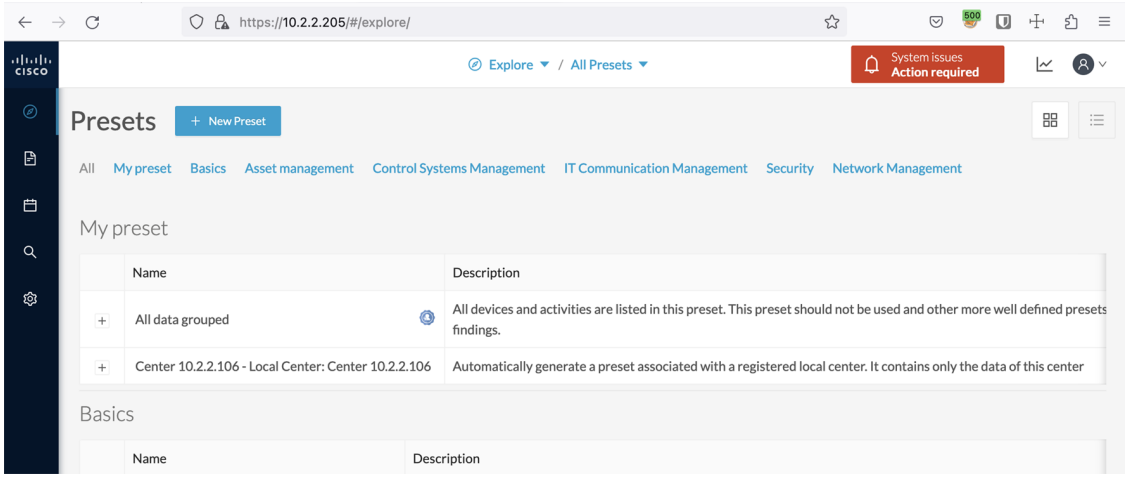
If you click the red banner, you will see the same message that appeared in the previous popup.



In the Center's administration system page, the Enroll to a Global Center state indicates that the Center is enrolled but disconnected.

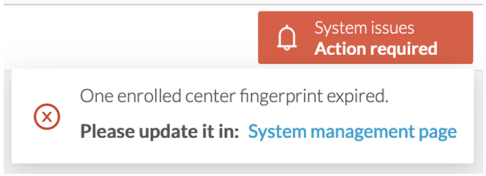


Step 5 Access the **Global Center**.

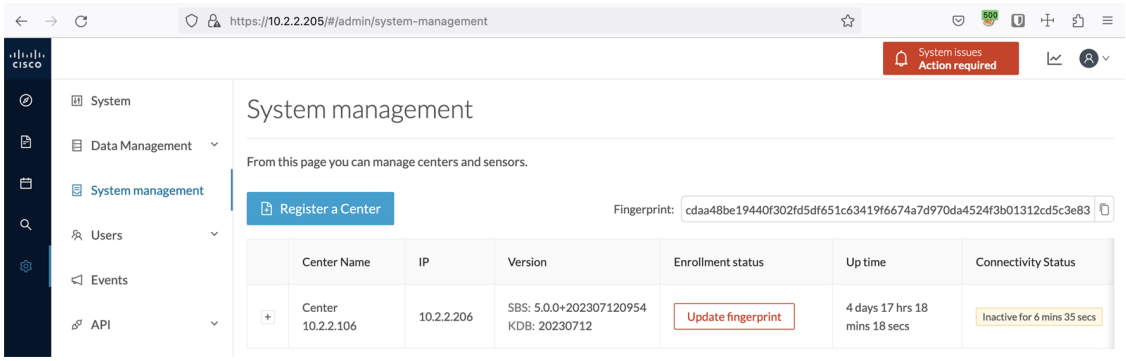


Step 6 Click the red banner.

A message indicating that a Center fingerprint is expired is displayed with a shortlink to access the administration system management page.

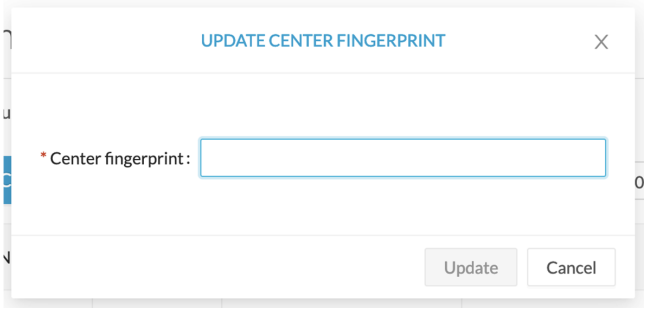


In the System management page you can see the Center with its enrollment status as Update fingerprint and Connectivity status as Inactive.

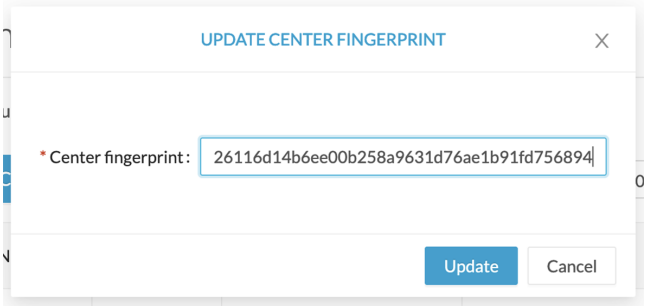


Step 7 Click the **Update fingerprint** status button.

An Update Center fingerprint window pops up.

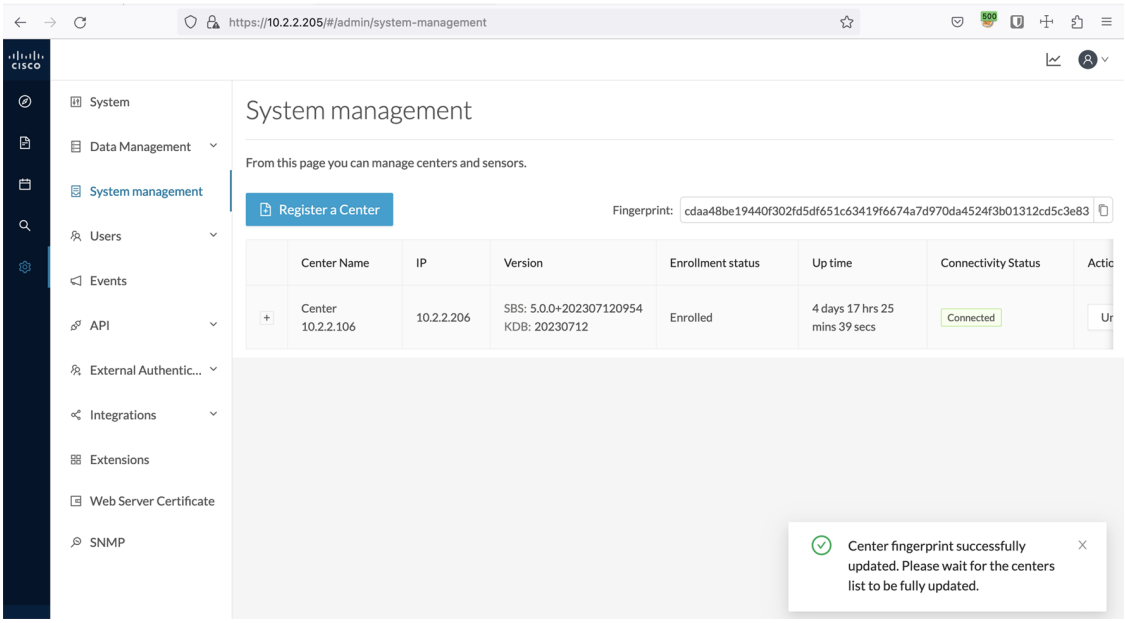


Step 8 Paste the Center fingerprint.

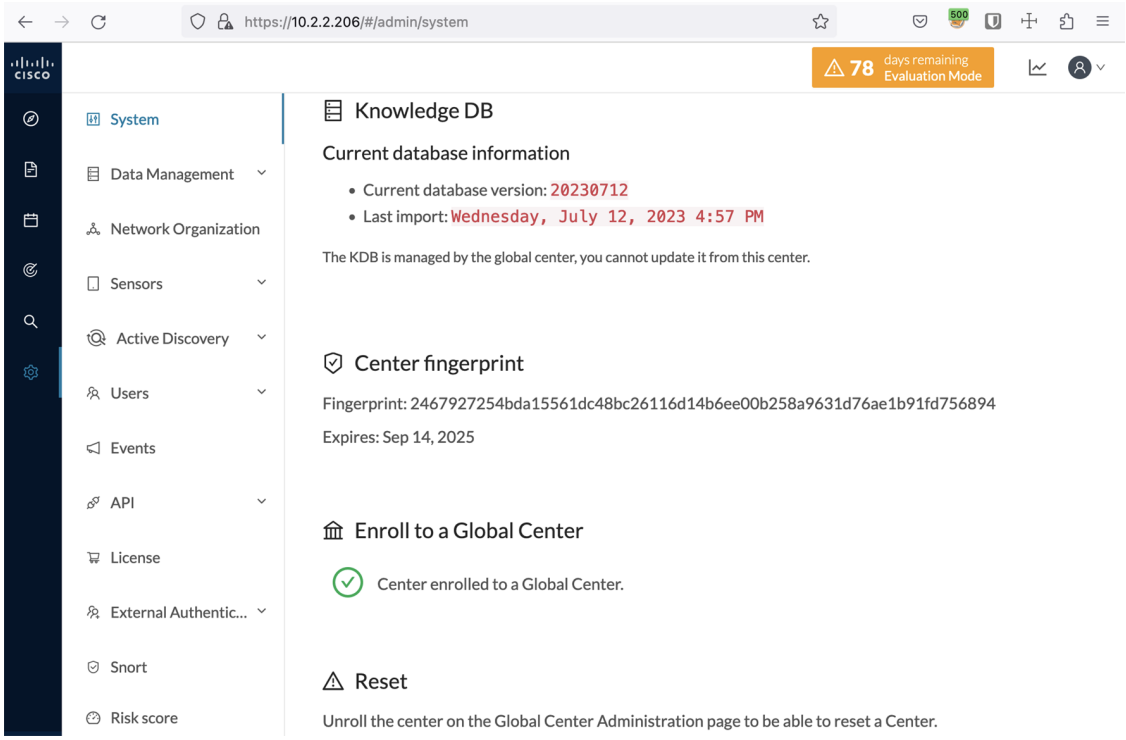


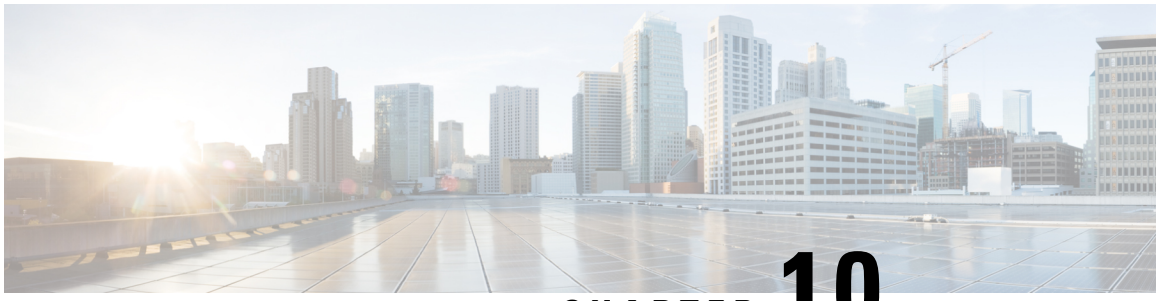
A message indicating that the Center fingerprint successfully updated appears.

Wait a few moments for the Center enrollment status to switch to Enrolled and the connectivity status to Connected.



In the **Global Center**'s administration system page the Center state is indicated as enrolled.


https://10.2.2.206/#/admin/system
78 days remaining
Evaluation Mode
System
Data Management
Network Organization
Sensors
Active Discovery
Users
Events
API
License
External Authentic...
Snort
Risk score
Knowledge DB
Current database information
Current database version: 20230712
Last import: Wednesday, July 12, 2023 4:57 PM
The KDB is managed by the global center, you cannot update it from this center.
Center fingerprint
Fingerprint: 2467927254bda15561dc48bc26116d14b6ee00b258a9631d76ae1b91fd756894
Expires: Sep 14, 2025
Enroll to a Global Center
Center enrolled to a Global Center.
Reset
Unroll the center on the Global Center Administration page to be able to reset a Center.



CHAPTER 10

Center Backup and Restore

A new Command Line Interface (CLI) command is available to back up and restore a center. It will help the user to migrate a center from one appliance to another. For example, migrating a center from a virtual machine to a UCS appliance. The feature is designed to backup all settings and data, including:

- Operating system settings (such as IP addresses, names, certificates, etc.)
- Cyber Vision Settings
- Cyber Vision Data

After restoration, the new center will function on the network just like the old center.

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Backup and Restore Constraints

list of the constraints:

- The new appliance requires an equal number of network interfaces as the center backed up.
- Set up the new appliance with Cyber Vision configuration. (Achieve the center setup, at least for the eth0 IP address, which needs to be configured to transfer the center archive.
- The new center interface configuration (single or dual) needs to match the backed-up center.
- As the new center adopts all old center settings like the IP address, the old appliance needs to be powered off.
- The Cyber Vision License cannot be copied.
  1. Return the license to the smart account server.
  2. After restoring, the new center needs to be licensed.
- Install the report extension on the restored center.

1. Report configuration and old report versions are copied.

Backup Cyber Vision Center

Procedure

Step 1 Connect to the center in SSH.

Step 2 Type the following command:

```
sbs-backup export
```

A file will be generated in the folder: `'/data/tmp/ccv-center-backup'`

```
root@Center224433:~# sbs-backup export
Please note that license information is also backed up and will be restored if you restore the backup on the same system from whi
ch the backup was taken.
If you restore the backup on a different system, first return the license reservation to Cisco Smart Software Licensing so you ca
n set it up again after the restoration on the new system.
***************** Taking backup of file system     *****************
***************** Taking backup of database        *****************
***************** Taking backup of RMQ definitions *****************
***************** Taking backup of center version  *****************
***************** Taking backup of symlinks        *****************
***************** Taking backup of extension       *****************
Created center archive at /data/tmp/ccv-center-backup/ccv-center-backup-Center224433labautomccvlocal-4.4.0-20240405112443.tar.gz
```

In the above given example, the created file is called::

```
ccv-center-backup-Center224433labautomccvlocal-4.4.0-20240405112443.tar.gz
```

Step 3 Copy the file to the new appliance for the restore.

Restore Cyber Vision Center

Copy the center backup file to the new center's **/data/tmp/ folder**.

Procedure

Step 1 Connect to the center in SSH.

Step 2 Type the following command:

```
sudo -i
```

```
sbs-backup import path-to center-backup
```

```
root@Center224433:~# sbs-backup import /data/tmp/ccv-center-backup/ccv-center-backup-Center224433labautomccvlocal-4.4.
0-20240405112443.tar.gz
********** Restoring file system     **********
********** Restoring database        **********
********** Restoring RMQ definitions **********
********** Restoring symlinks        **********
********** Restoring extension       **********
Restore completed, please reboot to finalise the system configuration. After reboot, please install the Reports extens
ion compatible with the center version.
root@Center224433:~#
```

Step 3 Type reboot to restart the sensor.

Step 4 Install the report management extension if necessary.

Step 5 Install a license on your center.

Automate the Backup of the Cyber Vision Center

Many tools are available to automate the Cyber Vision center backup.

rclone: It is a command line program to manage files. You can use it to synchronize your center backup with a remote drive.

Procedure

Step 1 To handle the complex authentication of object storage systems, rclone requires configuration due to the information being stored in a config file. The simplest way to create this config is by running rclone with the config option:

```
sudo -i
```

```
rclone config
```

Various options are available, as mentioned here: https://rclone.org/docs/

Example of config file:

```
root@Center224433:~# rclone config show
[lab_sftp]
type = sftp
host = 10.2.3.172
user = user
pass = ZcQlawWIsn3NprBf0mFEb4cwElMYHXcJ-2k
md5sum_command = md5sum
sha1sum_command = sha1sum

root@Center224433:~#
```

Step 2 Rclone syncs a directory tree between storage systems. Here's the syntax:

```
Syntax: [options] subcommand <parameters> <parameters...>:
```

For example:

```
sudo -i
rclone move /data/tmp/ccv-center-backup/ lab_sftp:/srv/pub/
```

With the example above, rclone will move the backup file stored in '`/data/tmp/ccv-center-backup/`' to the `remote drive 'lab_sftp'`.

Bash Script

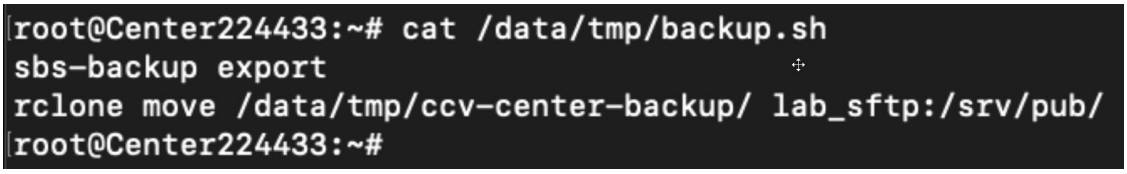
You can use bash script to execute the two necessary commands mentioned below:

- Generate the backup
- Transfer the backup archive to a remote location

For example:

```
sbs-backup export

rclone move /data/tmp/ccv-center-backup/ lab_sftp:/srv/pub/
```



Cron

You can schedule a bash script using cron to back up Cyber Vision data and send the backup file to a remote drive.

Usages are as follows:

1. Edit crontab launching the command:
   - `crontab -e`

     : It allows you to edit the crontab file using the vi editor, enabling you to make modifications.
2. Add the command mentioned bellow::
   - `00 01 * * 6 bash /data/tmp/backup.sh`

```
# ┌──────────── minute (0 - 59)
# │ ┌──────────── hour (0 - 23)
# │ │ ┌──────────── day of the month (1 - 31)
# │ │ │ ┌──────────── month (1 - 12)
# │ │ │ │ ┌──────────── day of the week (0 - 6) (Sunday to Saturday;
# │ │ │ │ │                                     7 is also Sunday on some systems)
# │ │ │ │ │
# │ │ │ │ │
# * * * * * <command to execute>
```