

Loop-Free Alternate Fast Reroute with L2VPN

The Loop-Free Alternate (LFA) Fast Reroute (FRR) with Layer 2 Virtual Private Network (L2VPN) feature minimizes packet loss due to link or node failure.

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Restrictions for Loop-Free Alternate Fast Reroute with L2VPN

- Load balancing is not supported
- Time-division multiplexing (TDM) pseudowire is not supported
- Virtual Private LAN Services (VPLS) is not supported
- The Virtual Private Wire Services (VPWS) scale number might change

Information About Loop-Free Alternate Fast Reroute with L2VPN

L2VPN Over Loop-Free Alternate Fast Reroute

The Loop-Free Alternate (LFA) Fast Reroute (FRR) feature offers an alternative to the MPLS Traffic Engineering Fast Reroute feature to minimize packet loss due to link or node failure. It introduces LFA FRR support for L2VPNs and Virtual Private Wire Services (VPWS), providing the following benefits:

- Same level of protection from traffic loss
- Simplified configuration
- Link and node protection
- Link and path protection

- LFA (loop-free alternate) paths
- Support for both IP and Label Distribution Protocol (LDP) core

LFA FRR enables a backup route to avoid traffic loss if a network fails. The backup routes (repair paths) are precomputed and installed in the router as the backup for the primary paths. After the router detects a link or adjacent node failure, it switches to the backup path to avoid traffic loss.

How to Configure Loop-Free Alternate Fast Reroute with L2VPN

To enable loop-free alternate fast reroute support for L2VPNs and VPWS, you must configure LFA FRR for the routing protocol. No additional configuration tasks are necessary. See one of the following documents, depending on the routing protocol:

- IS-IS Remote Loop-Free Alternate Fast Reroute in the *IP Routing: ISIS Configuration Guide*
- OSPFv2 Loop-Free Alternate Fast Reroute in the *IP Routing: OSPF Configuration Guide*
- OSPF IPv4 Remote Loop-Free Alternate IP Fast Reroute in the *IP Routing: OSPF Configuration Guide*

Verifying Loop-Free Alternate Fast Reroute with L2VPN

Use one or more of the following commands to verify the LFA FRR configuration:

SUMMARY STEPS

1. **show ip cef** *network-prefix* **internal**
2. **show mpls infrastructure lfd pseudowire internal**
3. **show platform hardware pp active feature cef database ipv4** *network-prefix*

DETAILED STEPS

Procedure

Step 1 **show ip cef** *network-prefix* **internal**

Example:

```
show ip cef 16.16.16.16 internal
```

Displays entries in the Cisco Express Forwarding (CEF) Forwarding Information Base (FIB).

Step 2 **show mpls infrastructure lfd pseudowire internal**

Example:

```
show mpls infrastructure lfd pseudowire internal
```

Displays information about the Label Forwarding Database (LFD) and pseudowires.

Step 3 **show platform hardware pp active feature cef database ipv4** *network-prefix*

Example:

`show platform hardware pp active feature cef database ipv4 16.16.16.16/32`

Displays information about the CEF database.

Configuration Examples for Loop-Free Alternate Fast Reroute with L2VPN

Example: Verifying LFA FRR with L2VPN

show ip cef internal

The following example shows the configuration of LFA FRR for OSPF:

```
router ospf 1
 router-id 17.17.17.17
 fast-reroute per-prefix enable prefix-priority low
 network 3.3.3.0 0.0.0.255 area 1
 network 6.6.6.0 0.0.0.255 area 1
 network 7.7.7.0 0.0.0.255 area 1
 network 17.17.17.17 0.0.0.0 area 1
```

show ip cef internal

The following is sample output from the **show ip cef internal** command:

```
Device# show ip cef 16.16.16.16 internal
16.16.16.16/32, epoch 2, RIB[I], refcount 7, per-destination sharing
  sources: RIB, RR, LTE
  feature space:
   IPRM: 0x00028000
   Broker: linked, distributed at 1st priority
   LFD: 16.16.16.16/32 1 local label
   local label info: global/17
        contains path extension list
        disposition chain 0x3A3C1DF0
        label switch chain 0x3A3C1DF0
  subblocks:
   1 RR source [no flags]
    non-eos chain [16|44]
  ifnums:
   GigabitEthernet0/0/2(9): 7.7.7.2
   GigabitEthernet0/0/7(14): 7.7.17.9
  path 35D61070, path list 3A388FA8, share 1/1, type attached nexthop, for IPv4, flags
has-repair
    MPLS short path extensions: MOI flags = 0x20 label 16
  nexthop 7.7.7.2 GigabitEthernet0/0/2 label [16|44], adjacency IP adj out of
GigabitEthernet0/0/2, addr 7.7.7.2 35E88520
    repair: attached-nexthop 7.7.17.9 GigabitEthernet0/0/7 (35D610E0)
  path 35D610E0, path list 3A388FA8, share 1/1, type attached nexthop, for IPv4, flags
repair, repair-only
  nexthop 7.7.17.9 GigabitEthernet0/0/7, repair, adjacency IP adj out of GigabitEthernet0/0/7,
 addr 7.7.17.9 3A48A4E0
  output chain: label [16|44]
```

```
  FRR Primary (0x35D10F60)
  <primary:  TAG adj out of GigabitEthernet0/0/2, addr 7.7.7.2 35E88380>
  <repair:  TAG adj out of GigabitEthernet0/0/7, addr 7.7.17.9 3A48A340>
Rudy17#show mpls infrastructure lfd pseudowire internal
PW ID: 1VC ID: 4, Nexthop address: 16.16.16.16
SSM Class: SSS HW
Segment Count: 1
VCCV Types Supported:  cw ra ttl
Imposition details:
 Label stack {22 16}, Output interface: Gi0/0/2
 Preferred path: not configured
 Control Word: enabled, Sequencing: disabled
 FIB Non IP entry: 0x35D6CEEC
 Output chain:  AToM Imp (locks 4) label 22 label [16|44]
  FRR Primary (0x35D10F60)
  <primary:  TAG adj out of GigabitEthernet0/0/2, addr 7.7.7.2 35E88380>
Disposition details:
 Local label: 16
 Control Word: enabled, Sequencing: disabled
 SSS Switch: 3976200193
 Output chain:  mpls_eos( connid router-alert AToM Disp (locks 5)/ drop)
```

show mpls infrastructure lfd pseudowire internal

The following is sample output from the **show mpls infrastructure lfd pseudowire internal** command:

```
Device# show mpls infrastructure lfd pseudowire internal
PW ID: 1VC ID: 4, Nexthop address: 16.16.16.16
SSM Class: SSS HW
Segment Count: 1
VCCV Types Supported:  cw ra ttl
Imposition details:
 Label stack {22 16}, Output interface: Gi0/0/2
 Preferred path: not configured
 Control Word: enabled, Sequencing: disabled
 FIB Non IP entry: 0x35D6CEEC
 Output chain:  AToM Imp (locks 4) label 22 label [16|44]
  FRR Primary (0x35D10F60)
  <primary:  TAG adj out of GigabitEthernet0/0/2, addr 7.7.7.2 35E88380>
Disposition details:
 Local label: 16
 Control Word: enabled, Sequencing: disabled
 SSS Switch: 3976200193
 Output chain:  mpls_eos( connid router-alert AToM Disp (locks 5)/ drop)
```

show platform hardware pp active feature cef database

The following is sample output from the **show platform hardware pp active feature cef database** command:

```
Device# show platform hardware pp active feature cef database ipv4 16.16.16.16/32
=== CEF Prefix ===
16.16.16.16/32 -- next hop: UEA Label OCE (PI:0x104abee0, PD:0x10e6b9c8)
                Route Flags: (0)
                Handles (PI:0x104ab6e0) (PD:0x10e68140)

  HW Info:
    TCAM handle: 0x0000023f    TCAM index: 0x0000000d
    FID index  : 0x0000f804    EAID      : 0x0000808a
```

```
    MET        : 0x0000400c    FID Count : 0x00000000

=== Label OCE ===
  Label flags: 4
  Num Labels: 1
  Num Bk Labels: 1
  Out Labels: 16
  Out Backup Labels: 44
  Next OCE Type: Fast ReRoute OCE; Next OCE handle: 0x10e6f428

=== FRR OCE ===
  FRR type         : IP FRR
  FRR state        : Primary
  Primary IF's gid : 3
  Primary FID      : 0x0000f801
  FIFC entries     : 32
  PPO handle       : 0x00000000
  Next OCE         : Adjacency (0x10e63b38)
  Bkup OCE         : Adjacency (0x10e6e590)

=== Adjacency OCE ===
  Adj State: COMPLETE(0)   Address: 7.7.7.2
  Interface: GigabitEthernet0/0/2   Protocol: TAG
  mtu:1500, flags:0x0, fixups:0x0, encap_len:14
  Handles (adj_id:0x00000039) (PI:0x1041d410) (PD:0x10e63b38)
  Rewrite Str: d0:c2:82:17:8a:82:d0:c2:82:17:f2:02:88:47

  HW Info:
    FID index: 0x0000f486    EL3 index: 0x00001003    EL2 index: 0x00000000
    El2RW    : 0x00000107    MET index: 0x0000400c    EAID     : 0x00008060
    HW ADJ FLAGS: 0x40
    Hardware MAC Rewrite Str: d0:c2:82:17:8a:82:08:00:40:00:0d:02

=== Adjacency OCE ===
  Adj State: COMPLETE(0)   Address: 7.7.17.9
  Interface: GigabitEthernet0/0/7   Protocol: TAG
  mtu:1500, flags:0x0, fixups:0x0, encap_len:14
  Handles (adj_id:0x00000012) (PI:0x104acbd0) (PD:0x10e6e590)
  Rewrite Str: d0:c2:82:17:c9:83:d0:c2:82:17:f2:07:88:47

  HW Info:
    FID index: 0x0000f49d    EL3 index: 0x00001008    EL2 index: 0x00000000
    El2RW    : 0x00000111    MET index: 0x00004017    EAID     : 0x0000807d
    HW ADJ FLAGS: 0x40
    Hardware MAC Rewrite Str: d0:c2:82:17:c9:83:08:00:40:00:0d:07
```

Example: Configuring Remote LFA FRR with VPLS

Example: Configuration of Remote LFA FRR with Interior Gateway Protocol (IGP)

```
router isis hp
 net 49.0101.0000.0000.0802.00
 is-type level-2-only
 ispf level-2
 metric-style wide
 fast-flood
 set-overload-bit on-startup 180
 max-lsp-lifetime 65535
 lsp-refresh-interval 65000
 spf-interval 5 50 200
```

```
 prc-interval 5 50 200
 lsp-gen-interval 5 5 200
 no hello padding
 log-adjacency-changes
 nsf cisco
 fast-reroute per-prefix level-1 all
 fast-reroute per-prefix level-2 all
 fast-reroute remote-lfa level-1 mpls-ldp
 fast-reroute remote-lfa level-2 mpls-ldp
 passive-interface Loopback0
 mpls ldp sync
 mpls traffic-eng router-id Loopback0
 mpls traffic-eng level-2
```

Example: Configuration of Remote LFA FRR with VPLS at the interface level.

```
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/3/3
 ip address 198.51.100.1 255.255.255.0
 ip router isis hp
 logging event link-status
 load-interval 30
 negotiation auto
 mpls ip
 mpls traffic-eng tunnels
 isis network point-to-point
end
!
```

Example: Configuration of remote LFA FRR with VPLS at the global level.

```
!
l2 vfi Test-2000 manual
 vpn id 2010
 bridge-domain 2010
 neighbor 192.0.2.1 encapsulation mpls
!
```

Example: Configuration of remote LFA FRR with VPLS at Access side.

```
!
interface TenGigabitEthernet0/2/0
 no ip address
 service instance trunk 1 ethernet
  encapsulation dot1q 12-2012
  rewrite ingress tag pop 1 symmetric
  bridge-domain from-encapsulation
 !
```

Example: Verifying Remote LFA FRR with VPLS

show ip cef internal

The following is sample output from the **show ip cef internal** command:

```
Router# show ip cef 198.51.100.2/32 internal
```

```
198.51.100.2/32, epoch 2, RIB[I], refcount 7, per-destination sharing
  sources: RIB, RR, LTE
  feature space:
   IPRM: 0x00028000
   Broker: linked, distributed at 1st priority
   LFD: 198.51.100.2/32 1 local label
   local label info: global/2033
        contains path extension list
        disposition chain 0x46764E68
        label switch chain 0x46764E68
  subblocks:
   1 RR source [heavily shared]
    non-eos chain [explicit-null|70]
  ifnums:
   TenGigabitEthernet0/1/0(15): 192.0.2.10
   MPLS-Remote-Lfa2(46)
  path 44CE1290, path list 433CF8C0, share 1/1, type attached nexthop, for IPv4, flags
has-repair
    MPLS short path extensions: MOI flags = 0x21 label explicit-null
  nexthop 192.0.2.10 TenGigabitEthernet0/1/0 label [explicit-null|70], adjacency IP adj out
 of TenGigabitEthernet0/1/0, addr 192.0.2.10 404B3960
    repair: attached-nexthop 192.0.2.1 MPLS-Remote-Lfa2 (44CE1300)
  path 44CE1300, path list 433CF8C0, share 1/1, type attached nexthop, for IPv4, flags
repair, repair-only
  nexthop 192.0.2.1 MPLS-Remote-Lfa2, repair, adjacency IP midchain out of MPLS-Remote-Lfa2
 404B3B00
  output chain: label [explicit-null|70]
  FRR Primary (0x3E25CA00)
  <primary:  TAG adj out of TenGigabitEthernet0/1/0, addr 192.168.101.22 404B3CA0>
  <repair:  TAG midchain out of MPLS-Remote-Lfa2 404B37C0 label 37 TAG adj out of
GigabitEthernet0/3/3, addr 192.0.2.14 461B2F20>
```

show ip cef detail

The following is sample output from the **show ip cef detail** command:

```
Router# show ip cef 198.51.100.2/32 detail

198.51.100.2/32, epoch 2
  local label info: global/2033
  1 RR source [heavily shared]
  nexthop 192.0.2.14 TenGigabitEthernet0/1/0 label [explicit-null|70]
    repair: attached-nexthop 192.0.2.1 MPLS-Remote-Lfa2
  nexthop 192.0.2.1 MPLS-Remote-Lfa2, repair
!
```

show platform hardware pp active feature cef databas

The following is sample output from the **show platform hardware pp active feature cef database** command:

```
Router# show platform hardware pp active feature cef database ipv4 198.51.100.2/32

=== CEF Prefix ===
198.51.100.2/32 -- next hop: UEA Label OCE (PI:0x10936770, PD:0x12dd1cd8)
                Route Flags: (0)
                Handles (PI:0x109099c8) (PD:0x12945968)

  HW Info:
    TCAM handle: 0x00000266    TCAM index: 0x00000015
    FID index  : 0x00008e7f    EAID      : 0x0001d7c4
```

```
    MET        : 0x0000401c    FID Count : 0x00000000
=== Label OCE ===
  Label flags: 4
  Num Labels: 1
  Num Bk Labels: 1
  Out Labels: 0
  Out Backup Labels: 70
=== FRR OCE ===
  FRR type         : IP FRR
  FRR state        : Primary
  Primary IF's gid : 52
  Primary FID      : 0x00008cb6
  FIFC entries     : 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0
  PPO handle       : 0x00000000
  Next OCE         : Adjacency (0x130e0df0)
  Bkup OCE         : Adjacency (0x130de608)

=== Adjacency OCE ===
  Adj State: COMPLETE(0)   Address: 192.168.101.22
  Interface: TenGigabitEthernet0/1/0   Protocol: TAG
  mtu:1500, flags:0x0, fixups:0x0, encap_len:14
  Handles (adj_id:0x000016ac) (PI:0x1090cc10) (PD:0x130e0df0)
  Rewrite Str: 18:33:9d:3d:83:10:c8:f9:f9:8d:04:10:88:47
HW Info:
    FID index: 0x00008e7e    EL3 index: 0x00001034    EL2 index: 0x00000000
    El2RW    : 0x0000010d    MET index: 0x00004012    EAID     : 0x0001d7c1
    HW ADJ FLAGS: 0x40
    Hardware MAC Rewrite Str: 18:33:9d:3d:83:10:08:00:40:00:0d:10
=== Adjacency OCE ===
  Adj State: COMPLETE(0)   Address: 0
  Interface: MPLS-Remote-Lfa2   Protocol: TAG
  mtu:17940, flags:0x40, fixups:0x0, encap_len:0
  Handles (adj_id:0xf80002e8) (PI:0x10da2150) (PD:0x130de608)
  Rewrite Str:

  HW Info:
    FID index: 0x00008ca8    EL3 index: 0x0000101c    EL2 index: 0x00000000
    El2RW    : 0x00000003    MET index: 0x00004024    EAID     : 0x0001d7cb
    HW ADJ FLAGS: 0x40
    Hardware MAC Rewrite Str: 00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00

=== Label OCE ===
  Label flags: 4
  Num Labels: 1
Num Bk Labels: 1
  Out Labels: 37
  Out Backup Labels: 37
  Next OCE Type: Adjacency; Next OCE handle: 0x12943a00
=== Adjacency OCE ===
  Adj State: COMPLETE(0)   Address: 30.1.1.1
  Interface: GigabitEthernet0/3/3   Protocol: TAG
  mtu:1500, flags:0x0, fixups:0x0, encap_len:14
  Handles (adj_id:0x0000378e) (PI:0x10909738) (PD:0x12943a00)
  Rewrite Str: c8:f9:f9:8d:01:b3:c8:f9:f9:8d:04:33:88:47

  HW Info:
    FID index: 0x00008c78    EL3 index: 0x0000101c    EL2 index: 0x00000000
    El2RW    : 0x00000109    MET index: 0x0000400e    EAID     : 0x0001cf4b
    HW ADJ FLAGS: 0x40
    Hardware MAC Rewrite Str: c8:f9:f9:8d:01:b3:08:00:40:00:0d:33
```

show mpls l2transport detail

The following is sample output from the **show mpls l2transport detail** command:

```
Router# show mpls l2transport vc 2000 detail

Local interface: VFI Test-1990 vfi up
  Interworking type is Ethernet
  Destination address: 192.0.2.1, VC ID: 2000, VC status: up
    Output interface: Te0/1/0, imposed label stack {0 2217}
    Preferred path: not configured
    Default path: active
    Next hop: 192.51.100.22
  Create time: 1d08h, last status change time: 1d08h
    Last label FSM state change time: 1d08h
  Signaling protocol: LDP, peer 192.0.51.1:0 up
    Targeted Hello: 192.51.100.2(LDP Id) -> 192.51.100.200, LDP is UP
    Graceful restart: configured and enabled
    Non stop routing: not configured and not enabled
    Status TLV support (local/remote)   : enabled/supported
      LDP route watch                   : enabled
      Label/status state machine        : established, LruRru
      Last local dataplane   status rcvd: No fault
      Last BFD dataplane     status rcvd: Not sent
      Last BFD peer monitor  status rcvd: No fault
      Last local AC  circuit status rcvd: No fault
      Last local AC  circuit status sent: No fault
      Last local PW i/f circ status rcvd: No fault
      Last local LDP TLV     status sent: No fault
      Last remote LDP TLV    status rcvd: No fault
```

Additional References

Related Documents

Related Topic	Document Title
Cisco IOS commands	Cisco IOS Master Command List, All Releases
MPLS commands	Multiprotocol Label Switching Command Reference

Technical Assistance

Description	Link
The Cisco Support and Documentation website provides online resources to download documentation, software, and tools. Use these resources to install and configure the software and to troubleshoot and resolve technical issues with Cisco products and technologies. Access to most tools on the Cisco Support and Documentation website requires a Cisco.com user ID and password.	http://www.cisco.com/cisco/web/support/index.html

Feature Information for Loop-Free Alternate Fast Reroute with L2VPN

Table 1: Feature Information for Loop-Free Alternate Fast Reroute with L2VPN

Feature Name	Releases	Feature Information
Loop-Free Alternate Fast Reroute with L2VPN	15.3(2)S Cisco IOS XE Release 3.9S Cisco IOS XE Release 3.10 S	This feature introduces loop-free alternate (LFA) fast reroute (FRR) support for Layer 2 VPN (L2VPN) and Virtual Private Wire Services (VPWS) to minimize packet loss due to link or node failure. No commands were introduced or modified. In Cisco IOS XE Release 3.9S, support was added for the Cisco ASR 903 Router. In Cisco IOS XE Release 3.10S, Remote LFA FRR is supported on ATM (IMA) and TDM pseudowires for the Cisco ASR 903 Router. In Cisco IOS XE Release 3.10S, Remote LFA FRR is supported over VPLS for Cisco ASR 903 Router.