

Install the Router

Before you begin this task, ensure that you have read and understood the safety warnings.

Note The installation instructions of the Cisco 8010 Large and Medium Density Routers are similar, and any differences between the router variants are specifically called out.

The illustrations are for reference purpose only, the actual router may vary based on your variant of Cisco 8010 Large and Medium Density Routers.

Installing the the Cisco router involves the following tasks:

- Rack Mounting the Router, on page 1
- Ground the Router, on page 39
- Connect to an AC Power Source, on page 43
- Connect to a DC Power Source, on page 47
- Port Connection Guidelines, on page 53
- Console Port Connection, on page 53
- Management Ethernet Port Connection, on page 56
- Connecting Cables to Timing Interfaces Card, on page 57
- Inserting and Securing Timing Interfaces Card with GNSS Module, on page 58
- Install and Remove Transceiver Module, on page 59
- Connect Interface Ports, on page 65
- Maintain Transceivers and Optical Cables, on page 65
- Installing the Air Filter (AF-CVR-C), on page 66

Rack Mounting the Router

You can choose to either set up the router on a rack or wall mount it.

We recommend that you use the following racks while mounting the router.

Figure 1: Rack specification EIA (19 inches and 23 inches)

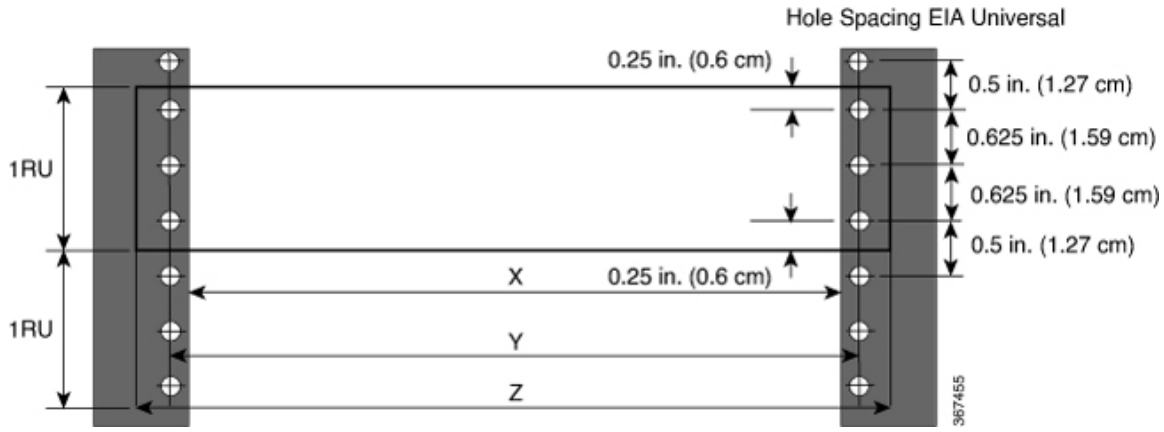
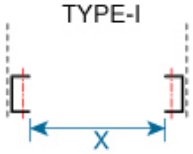
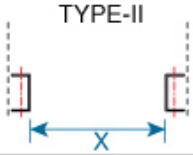
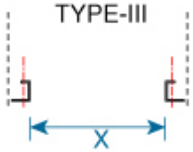
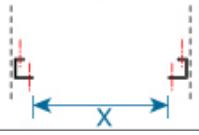


Table 1: Rack specification EIA (19 inches and 23 inches)

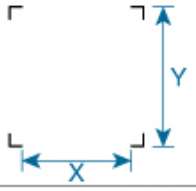
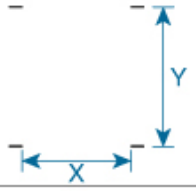
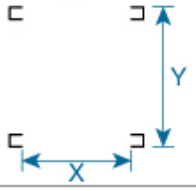
Post Type	Rack Type	Rack Front Opening (X)	Rack Mounting Hole Centre-Centre (Y)	Mounting Flange Dimension (Z)
4 Post	19 inches (48.3 centimeters)	17.75 inches (45 centimeters)	18.31 inches (46.5 centimeters)	19 inches (48.2 centimeters)
2 Post				
4 Post	23 inches (58.4 centimeters)	21.75 inches (55.24 centimeters)	22.31 inches (56.6 centimeters)	23 inches (58.4 centimeters)
2 Post				

Figure 2: Cisco 8011-4G24Y4H-I, Cisco 8011-12G12X4Y-A, Cisco 8011-12G12X4Y-D: Two Post Rack Type

2 – Post Type (Hole EIA Universal)	X – 19" Rack	Compatibility	X-23" Rack	Compatibility
TYPE-I 	17.75" (450.8 mm)	Yes	21.75" (552.45mm)	Yes
	17.50" (444.5 mm)	No	21.75" (552.45mm)	Yes
TYPE-II 	17.75" (450.8 mm)	Yes	21.75" (552.45mm)	Yes
	17.50" (444.5 mm)	No	21.75" (552.45mm)	Yes
TYPE-III 	17.75" (450.8 mm)	Yes	21.75" (552.45mm)	Yes
	17.50" (444.5 mm)	No	21.75" (552.45mm)	Yes
L-TYPE 	17.75" (450.8 mm)	Yes	21.75" (552.45mm)	Yes
	17.50" (444.5 mm)	No	21.75" (552.45mm)	Yes
Uneven-TYPE 	17.75" (450.8 mm)	Yes	21.75" (552.45mm)	Yes
	17.50" (444.5 mm)	No	21.75" (552.45mm)	Yes

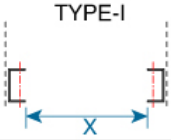
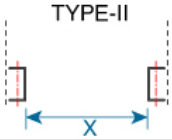
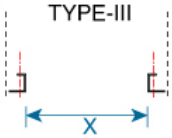
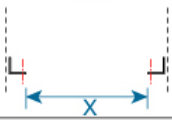
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Figure 3: Cisco 8011-4G24Y4H-I, Cisco 8011-12G12X4Y-A, Cisco 8011-12G12X4Y-D: Four Post Rack Type

4 – Post Type (Hole EIA Universal)		Width Available (X)	Compatibility
All 23” Type rack		552.45mm (21.75”)	Yes
All ETSI rack (21” rack)		500.0mm (19.68”)	Yes
19” Type rack L-Type Post		17.75” (450.8 mm)	Yes
		17.50” (444.5 mm)	No
19” Type Racks Flat-Post		17.75” (450.8 mm)	Yes
		17.50” (444.5 mm)	No
19” Type racks C- Type Post		17.75” (450.8 mm)	Yes
		17.50” (444.5 mm)	No

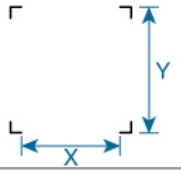
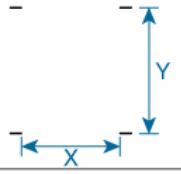
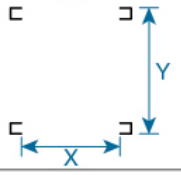
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Figure 4: Cisco 8011-32Y8L2H2FH : Two Post Rack Type

2 – Post Type (Hole EIA Universal)	X – 19" Rack	Compatibility	X-23" Rack	Compatibility
TYPE-I 	17.75" (450.8 mm)	Yes	21.75" (552.45mm)	Yes
	17.50" (444.5 mm)	No	21.75" (552.45mm)	Yes
TYPE-II 	17.75" (450.8 mm)	Yes	21.75" (552.45mm)	Yes
	17.50" (444.5 mm)	No	21.75" (552.45mm)	Yes
TYPE-III 	17.75" (450.8 mm)	Yes	21.75" (552.45mm)	Yes
	17.50" (444.5 mm)	No	21.75" (552.45mm)	Yes
L-TYPE 	17.75" (450.8 mm)	No	21.75" (552.45mm)	No
	17.50" (444.5 mm)	No	21.75" (552.45mm)	No
Uneven-TYPE 	17.75" (450.8 mm)	No	21.75" (552.45mm)	No
	17.50" (444.5 mm)	No	21.75" (552.45mm)	No

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Figure 5: Cisco 8011-32Y8L2H2FH : Four Post Rack Type

4 – Post Type (Hole EIA Universal)		Width Available (X)	Compatibility
All 23” Type rack		552.45mm (21.75”)	Yes
All ETSI rack (21” rack)		500.0mm (19.68”)	Yes
19” Type rack L-Type Post		17.75” (450.8 mm)	Yes
		17.50” (444.5 mm)	No
19” Type Racks Flat-Post		17.75” (450.8 mm)	Yes
		17.50” (444.5 mm)	No
19” Type racks C- Type Post		17.75” (450.8 mm)	No
		17.50” (444.5 mm)	No

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Rack Mounting Brackets

The router is shipped with rack mounting brackets that are to be secured on the sides of the router.

Caution If the rack is on wheels, ensure that the brakes are engaged or the rack is otherwise stabilized.

Cisco 8011-4G24Y4H-I Router

Table 2: Rack-Mount Kit Product Identification Number

Product Identification Number	Description
RCKMT-19-V1	19 inch rack mounting kit
RCKMT-23-V1	23 inch rack mounting kit
RCKMT-ETSI-V1	ETSI rack mounting kit
53-101699-01	Grounding lug kit

Product Identification Number	Description
CBL-BRKT-V1	Cable management
53-101650-01	Wall mount bracket

Cisco 8011-32Y8L2H2FH Router

Table 3: Rack-mount kit product identification number

Product identification number	Description
RCKMT-19-KIT1	19-inch 2-post rack mounting kit
RCKMT-19-KIT2	19-inch 4-post rack mounting kit
RCKMT-23-KIT1	23-inch 2-post rack mounting kit
RCKMT-23-KIT2	23-inch 4-post rack mounting kit
RCKMT-ETSI-KIT1	ETSI 2-post rack mounting kit
RCKMT-ETSI-KIT2	ETSI 4-post rack mounting kit
CBL-BRKT-V2	Cable management

Cisco 8011-12G12X4Y Router

Table 4: Rack-Mount Kit Product Identification Number

Product Identification Number	Description
RCKMT-19-A RCKMT-19-D	19 inch rack mounting kit
RCKMT-23-A RCKMT-23-D	23 inch rack mounting kit
RCKMT-ETSI-A RCKMT-ETSI-D	ETSI rack mounting kit
CBL-BRKT-V1	Cable management

Table 5: Router Rack-Mount Kit

Quantity	Part Description
2	Rack-mount brackets
8 (48-101850-01)	M3 x 0.5 x 6-mm Phillips flat-head screws

Quantity	Part Description
2 (48-101620-01)	SCR, M, PAN, PH, SEX, 10-32 x 0.365"L, CSwZN, nickel alloy
1 (32-0619-01)	LUG, FAST, UNIN, #6AWG, #10, 2 HOLES
4 (48-101690-01)	SCR, M, PAN, PH, 12-24 x 0.49"L, CSwZN, nickel alloy

Caution

- Ensure that you secure the lugs only with the Cisco-provided screw or a Phillips head screw with an integrated washer of 10-32 x 0.3125 inch. Secure the screws only while assembling the lugs.
- Using excessive length screw for mounting the grounding lug may cause short-circuit as it may come in contact with parts inside the router.

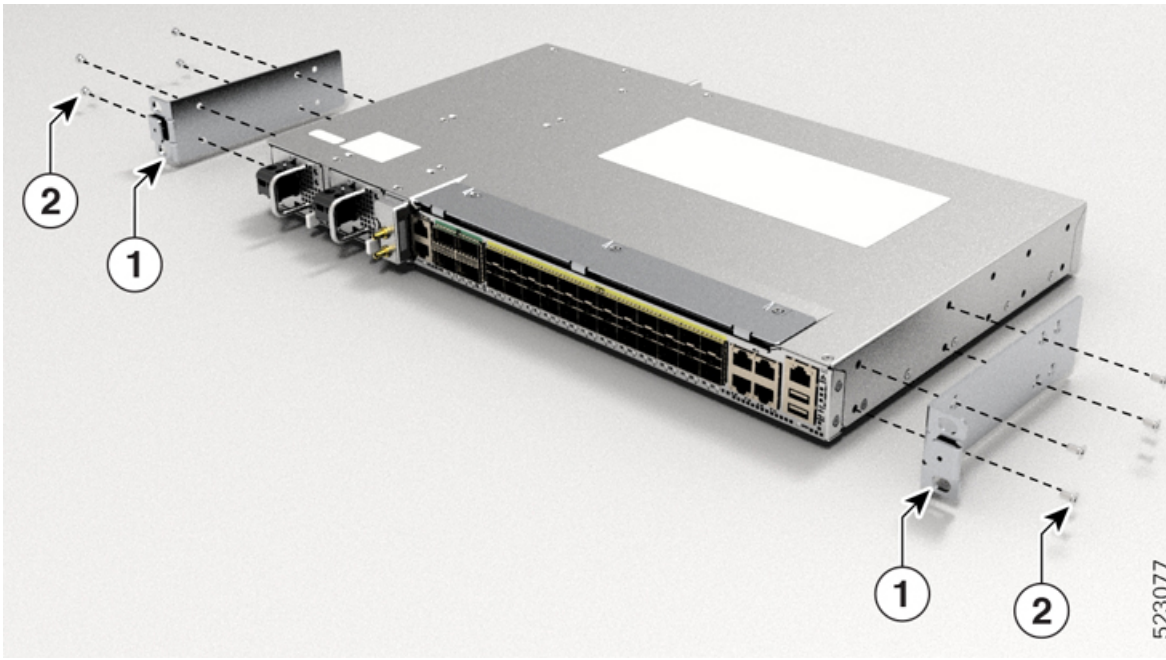
Mounting the Router on the Rack

Cisco 8011-4G24Y4H-I Router

To mount the router on the rack:

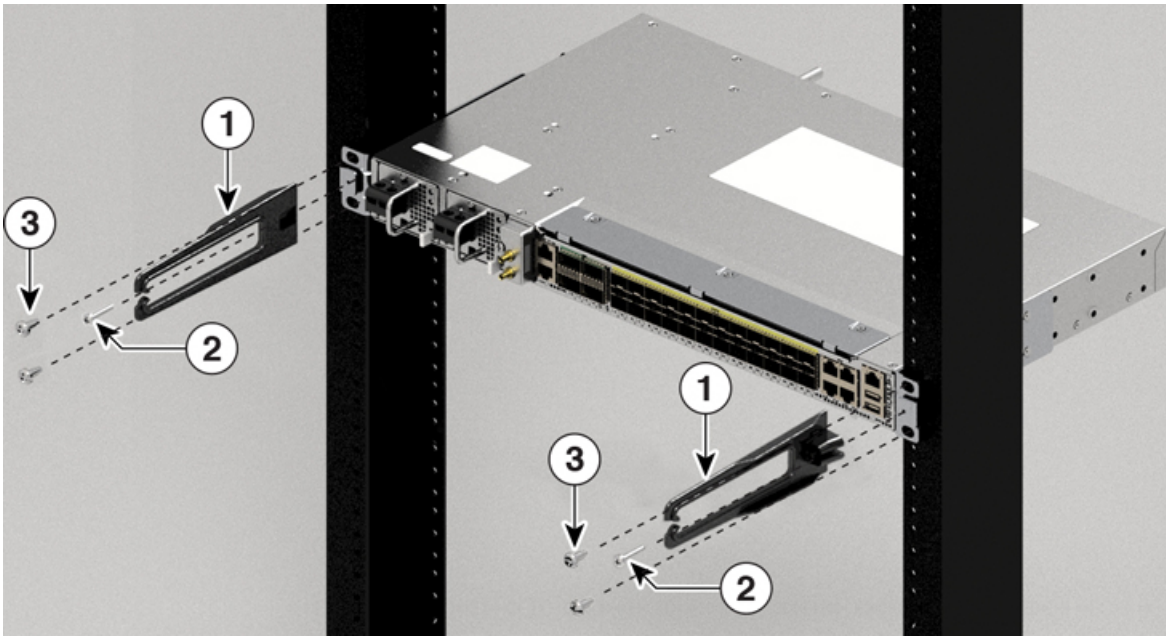
1. Attach the rack-mount brackets and the cable management to the router as follows:
   a. The router has port-side intake modules, position the router so that its ports are facing the cold aisle.
   b. Position the bracket ears facing front or middle rack-mount, on the side of the chassis so that the holes are aligned.
   c. Use four M4 screws to attach the brackets to the chassis. Tighten the M4 screws to 13.3 inch-pounds (1.5 Nm).

Figure 6: Installing 19 inch Rack-Mount Brackets in the Front



1	Mount Bracket
2	Screw

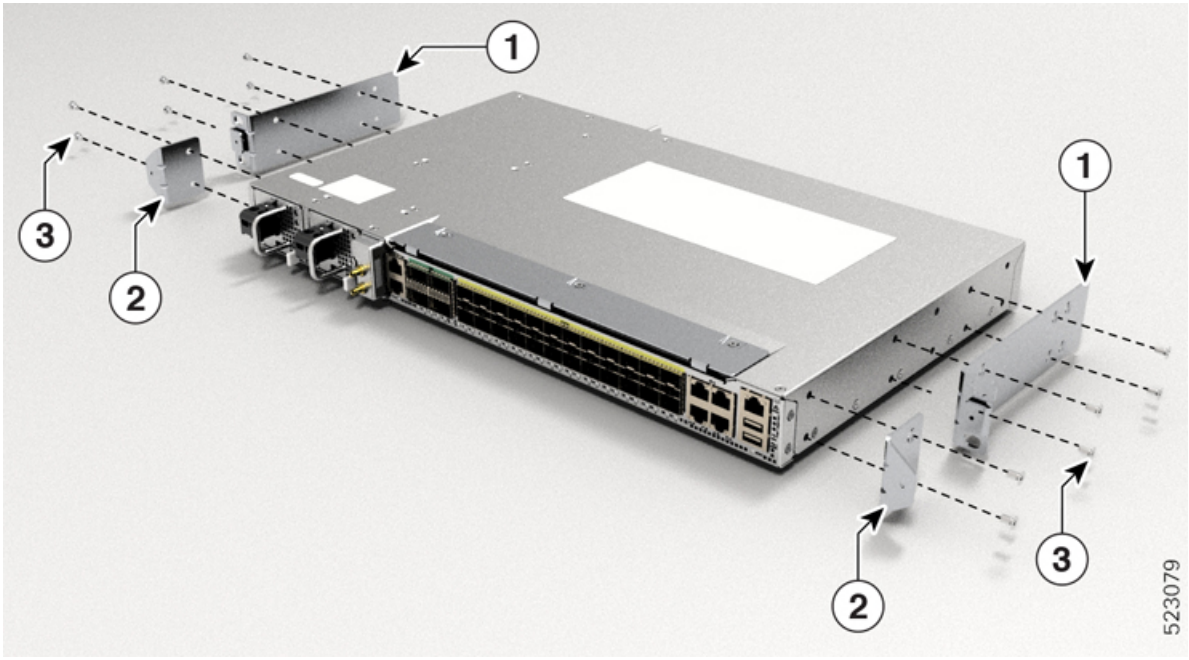
Figure 7: Installing Cable Management and 19 inch Rack-Mount Brackets in the Front



1	Cable Management Bracket

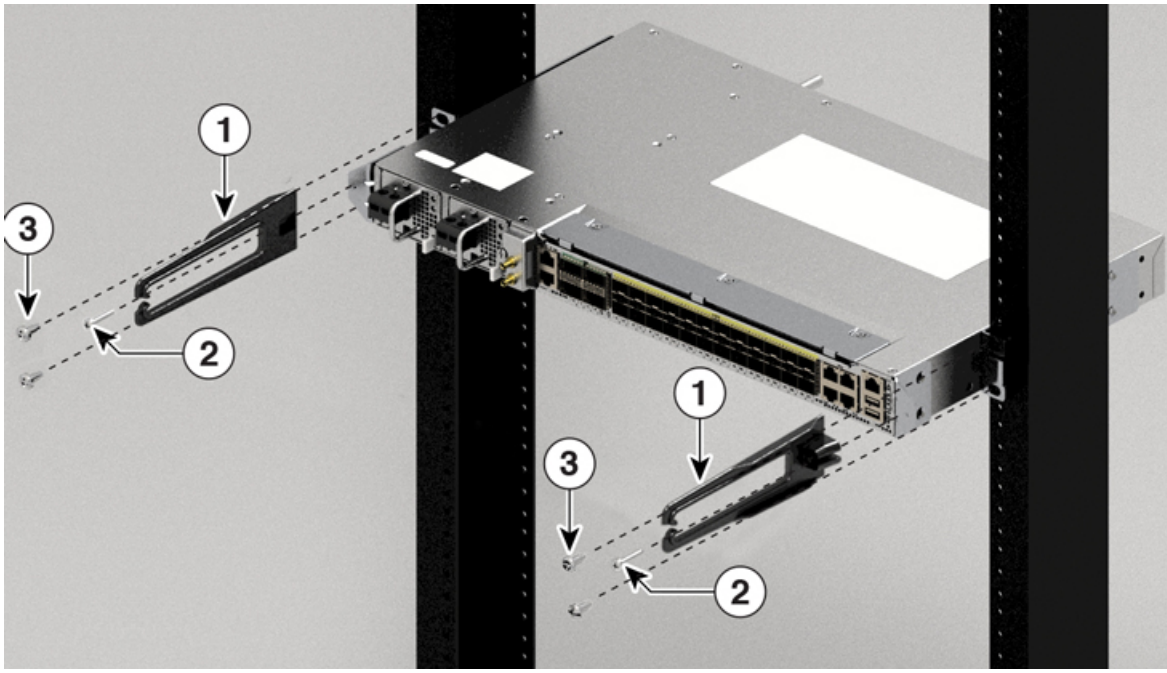
2	Cable Management Screw
3	Screw

Figure 8: Installing 19 inch Rack-Mount Brackets in the Middle



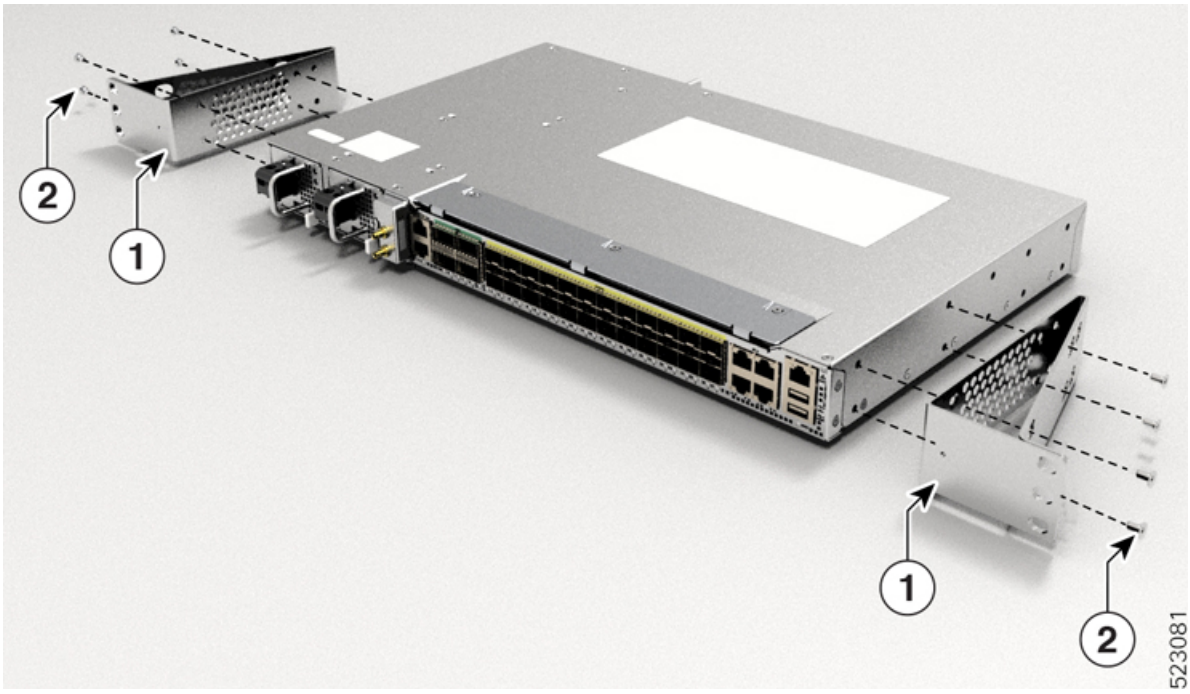
1	Mount Bracket
2	Cable Management Bracket
3	Screw

Figure 9: Installing Cable Management and 19 inch Rack-Mount Brackets in the Middle



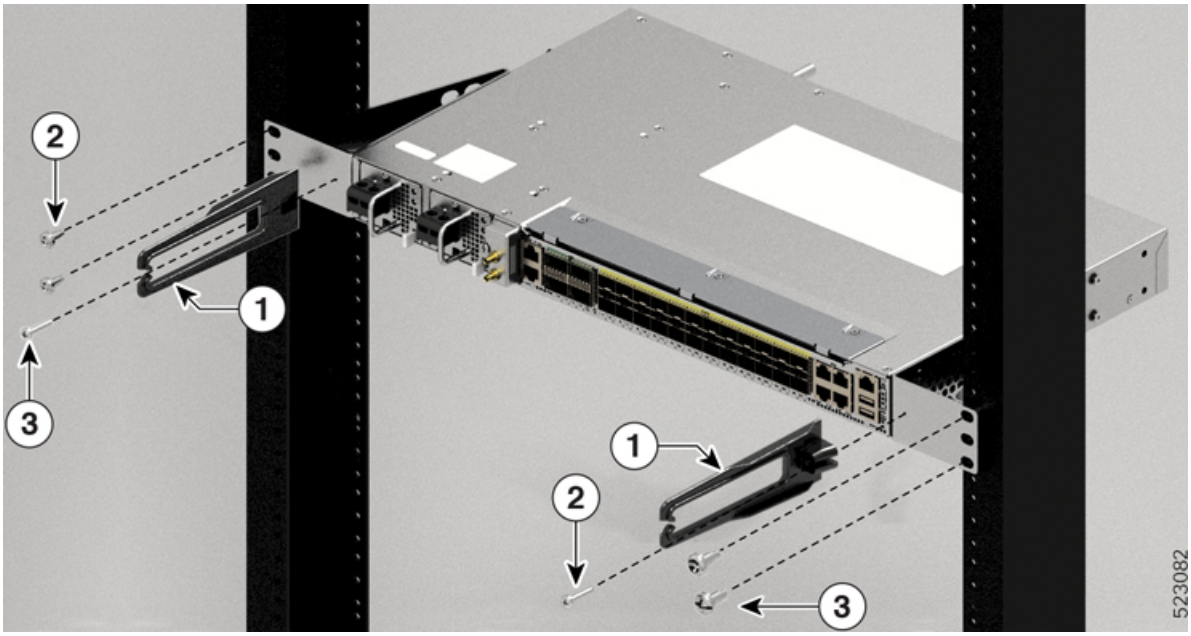
1	Cable Management Bracket
2	Cable Management Screw
3	Screw

Figure 10: Installing 23 inch Rack-Mount Brackets in the Front



1	Mount Bracket
2	Screw

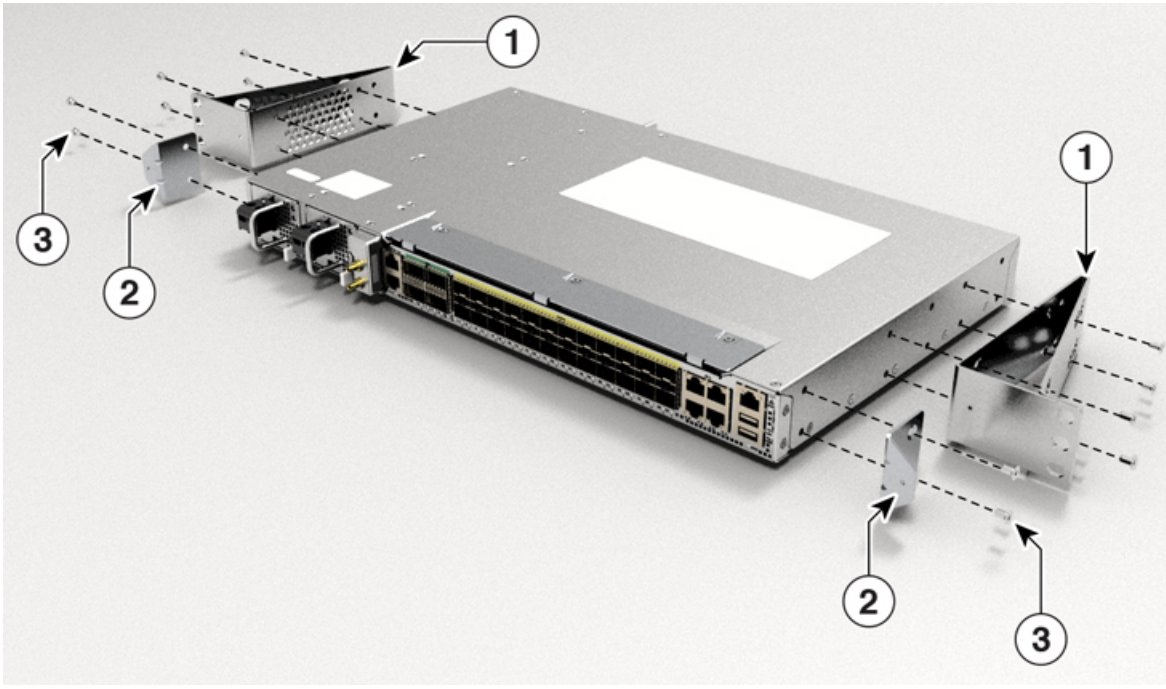
Figure 11: Installing Cable Management and 23 inch Rack-Mount Brackets in the Front



1	Cable Management Bracket

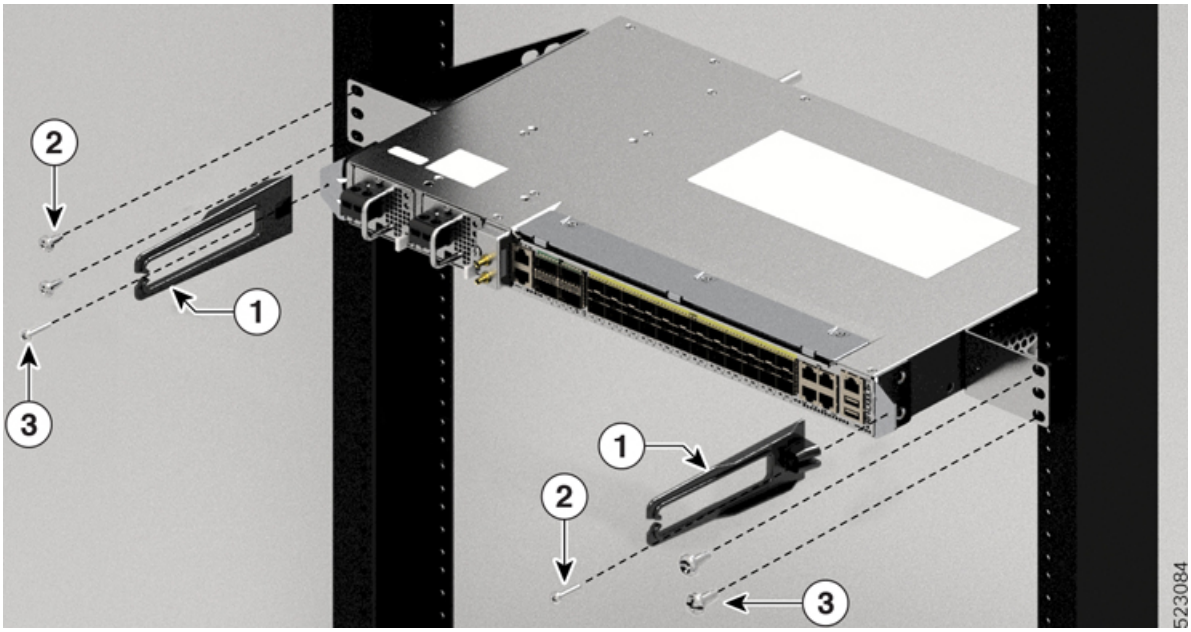
2	Cable Management Screw
3	Screw

Figure 12: Installing 23 inch Rack-Mount Brackets in the Middle



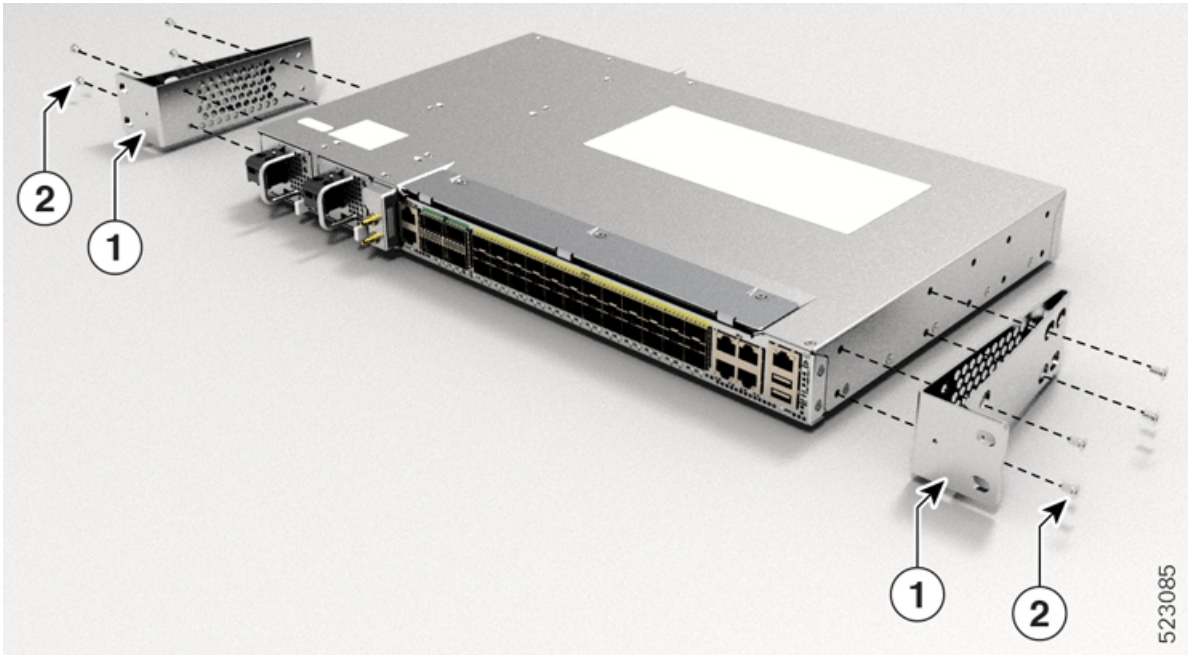
1, 2	Mount Bracket
3	Screw

Figure 13: Installing Cable Management and 23 inch Rack-Mount Brackets in the Middle



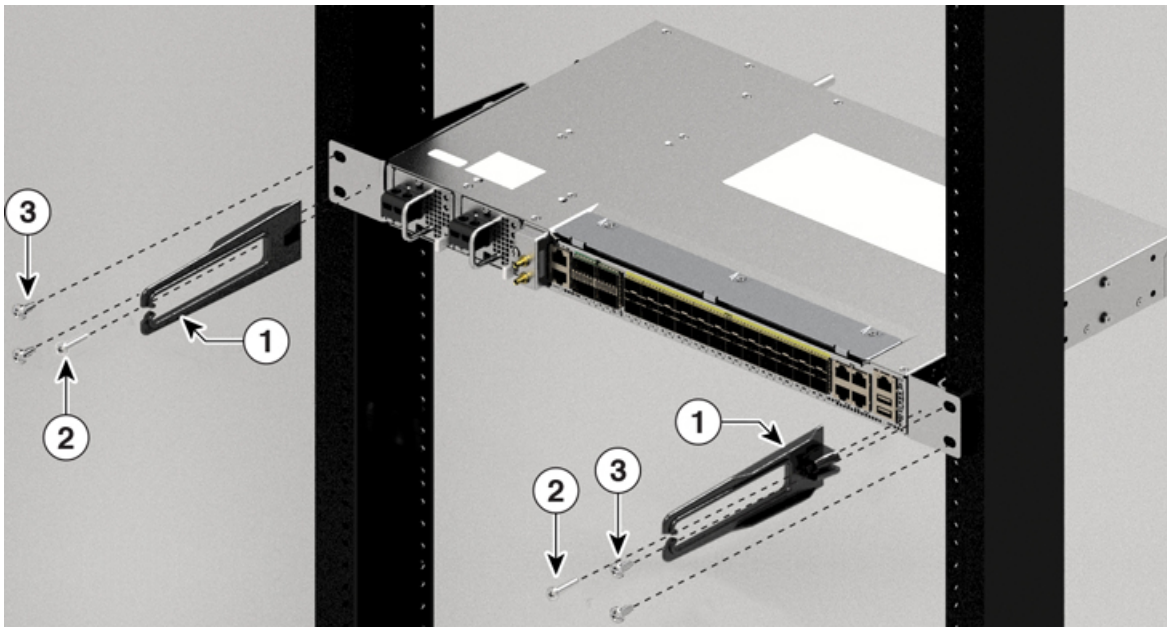
1	Cable Management Bracket
2	Cable Management Screw
3	Screw

Figure 14: Installing ETSI Rack-Mount Brackets in the Front



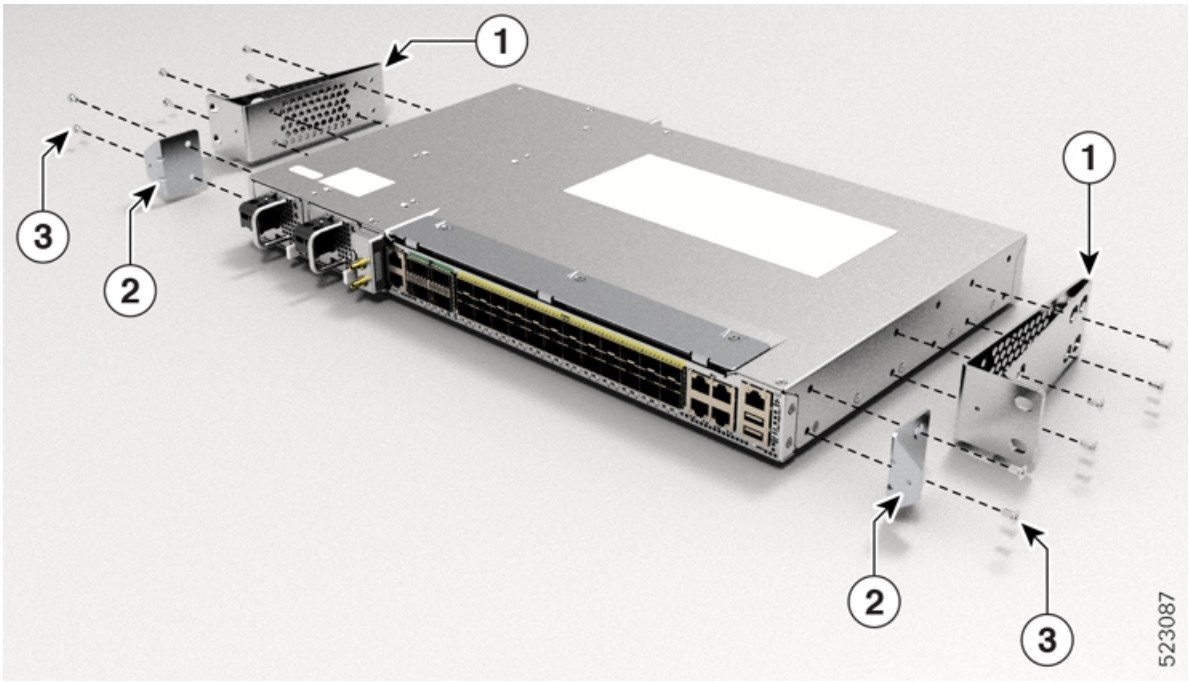
1	Mount Bracket
2	Screw

Figure 15: Installing Cable Management and ETSI Rack-Mount Brackets in the Front



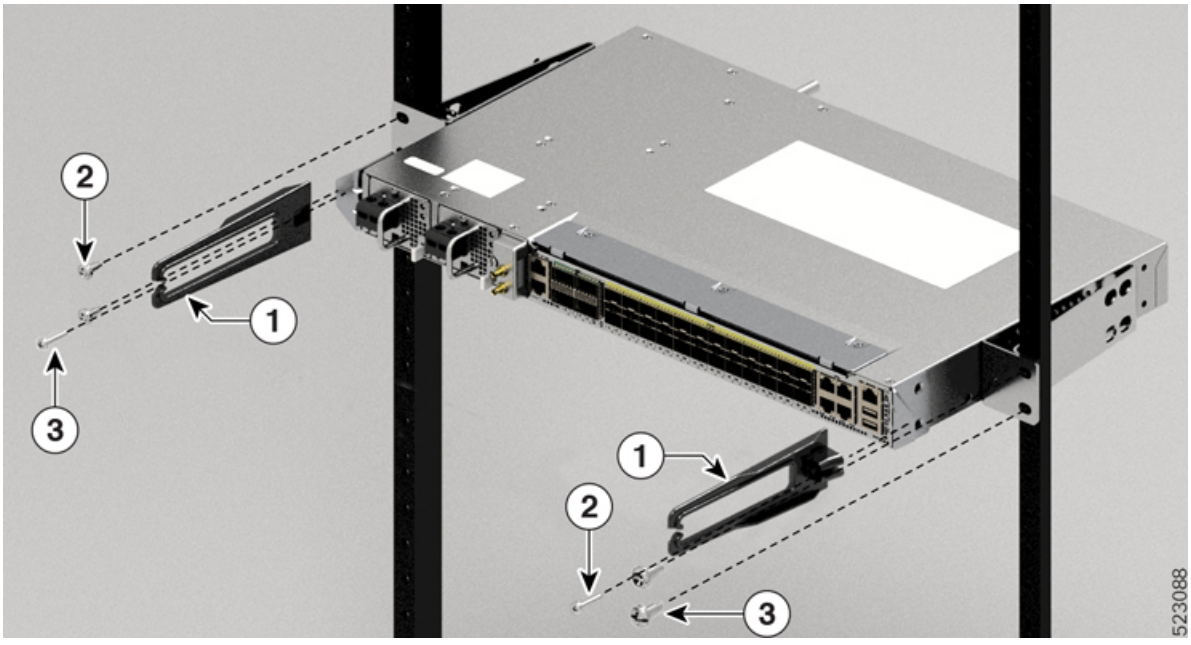
1	Cable Management Bracket
2	Cable Management Screw
3	Screw

Figure 16: Installing ETSI Rack-Mount Brackets in the Middle



1,2	Mount Bracket
3	Screw

Figure 17: Installing Cable Management and ETSI Rack-Mount Brackets in the Middle



1	Cable Management Bracket

2	Cable Management Screw
3	Screw

d. Repeat Steps 1b and 1c with the other rack-mount bracket on the other side of the router.

e. Use four 12-24 screws and mount the router to the rack.

2. Install the router onto the 2-post rack as follows:

a. Lift and position the router into position between the two rack posts.

b. Move the router until the rack-mount brackets come in contact with the two rack posts.

c. Hold the chassis at level and have another while the second person inserts two screws 12-24 in each of the two rack-mount brackets (using a total of four screws) and into the cage nuts or threaded holes in the vertical rack-mounting rails.

d. Tighten the 12-24 screws to 30 in-lb (3.39 N.m).

Cisco 8011-32Y8L2H2FH – Two-post and four-post sliders

Figure 18: Cisco 8011-32Y8L2H2FH - Two-post and four-post sliders

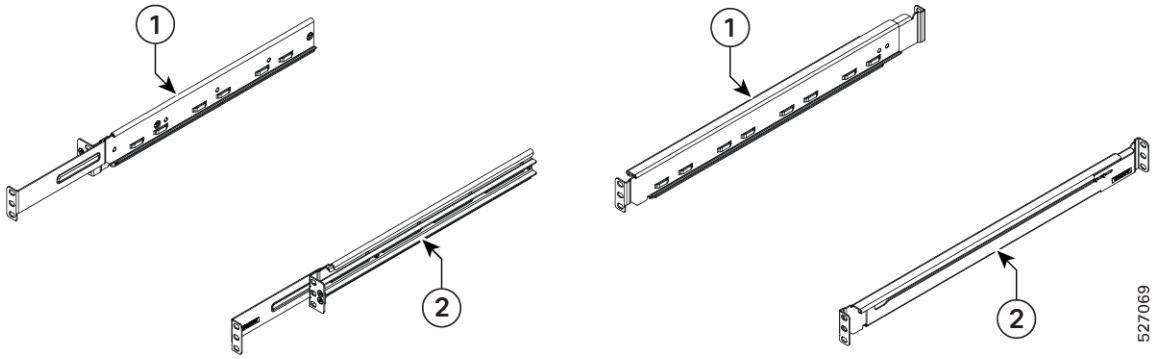


Table 6: Cisco 8011-32Y8L2H2FH - Two-post slider

1	LH slider assembly (800-50378-01)
2	RH slider assembly (800-50377-01)

Table 7: Cisco 8011-32Y8L2H2FH - Four-post slider

1	LH slider assembly (800-50376-01)
2	RH slider assembly (800-50375-01)

Note Check the part number marking sticker on the slider to identify whether it is a LH or RH slider assembly.

Cisco 8011-32Y8L2H2FH – Four-post LH and RH sliders

Figure 19: Cisco 8011-32Y8L2H2FH – Four-post LH and RH sliders

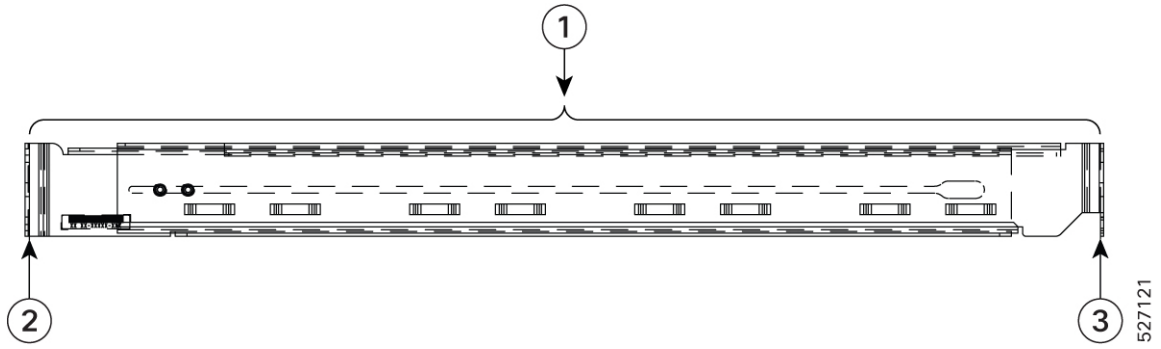


Table 8: Cisco 8011-32Y8L2H2FH – Four-post LH and RH sliders

1	Mounting depth • Minimum depth – 500mm • Maximum depth – 840mm
2	Front rail mating surface
3	Rear rail mating surface

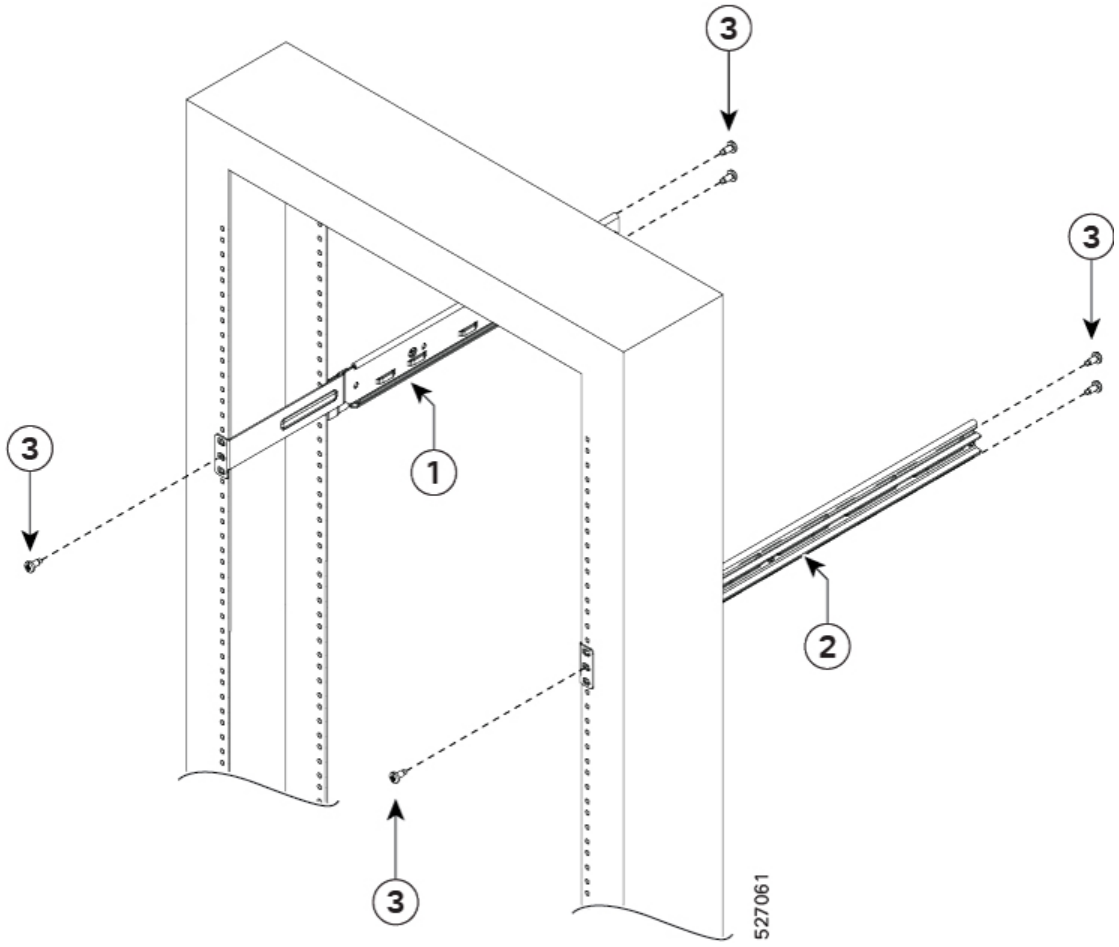
Note The front and rear vertical rails of four-post racks must be within the range, 500mm to 840mm to install the Cisco 8011-32Y8L2H2FH router.

The Cisco 8011-32Y8L2H2FH router cannot be installed on a four-post rack if the distance between rails exceeds this maximum depth (840mm).

Cisco 8011-32Y8L2H2FH Router on the 19-inch 2-post rack

1. Install the Left (L) and Right (R) slider assembly brackets on the 19-inch 2-post rack.

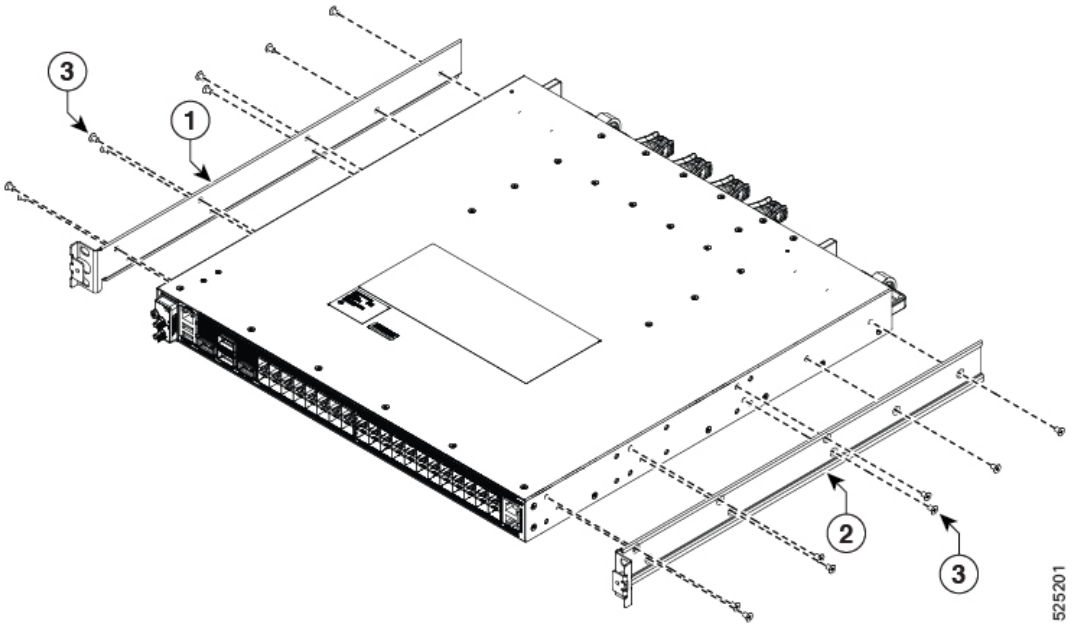
Figure 20: Installing L & R slider assembly brackets on the 19-inch 2-post rack



1	LH slider assembly (800-50378-01)
2	RH slider assembly (800-50377-01)
3	Screws (48-101524-01)

2. Attach the rack-mount brackets and the cable management to the router as follows:
   a. The router has port-side intake modules, position the router so that its ports are facing the cold aisle.
   b. Position the bracket ears facing front rack-mount, on the side of the chassis so that the holes are aligned.
   c. Use sixteen M4 screws to attach the brackets to the chassis. Tighten the M4 screws to 13.3 inch-pounds (1.5 Nm).

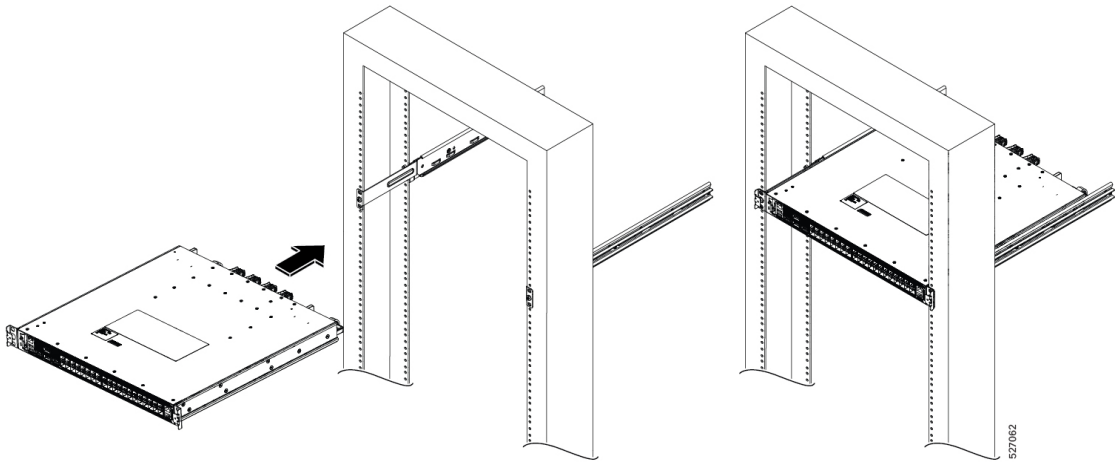
Figure 21: Installing rack-mount brackets in the front



1	LH rail bracket (700-131280-01)
2	RH rail bracket (700-131279-01)
3	Screws (48-101238-01)

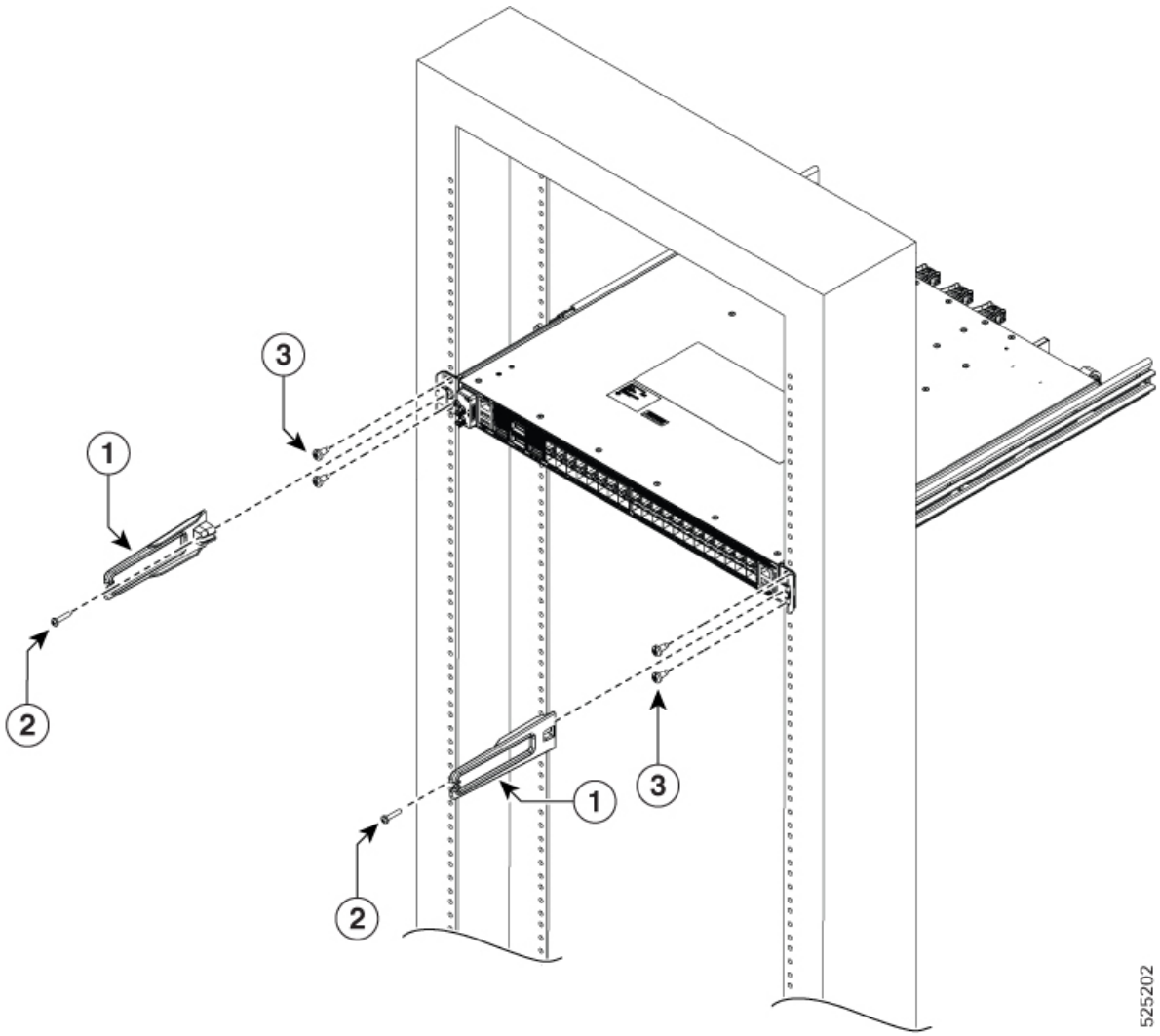
3. Place the router with slider bracket assembly on the 19-inch 2-post rack.

Figure 22: Installing the router with slider bracket assembly on the 19-inch 2-post rack



4. Install the cable mangement with 19-inch 2-post rack mount brackets in the front.

Figure 23: Installing cable management with 19-inch 2- post rack-mount brackets in the front



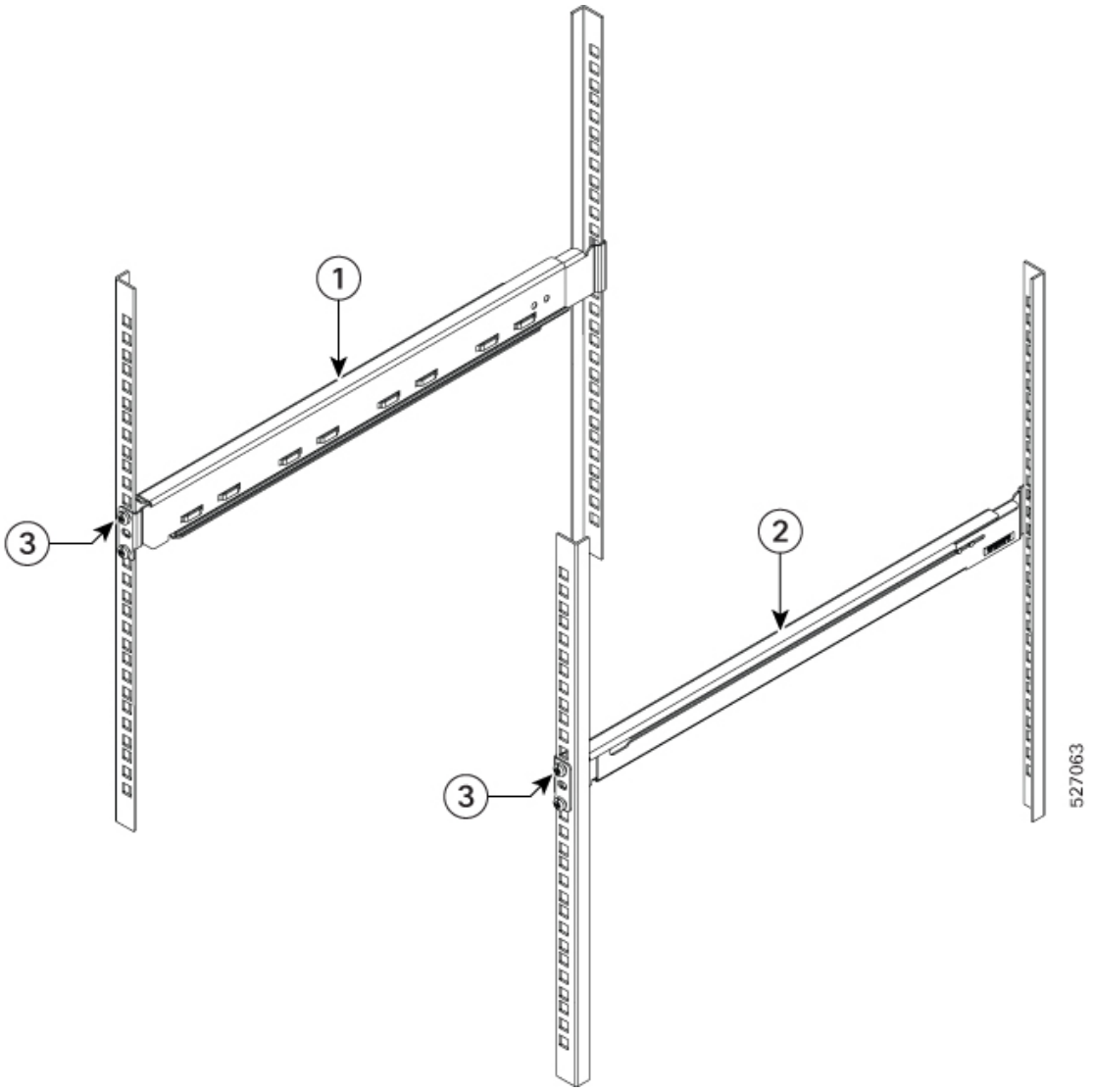
1	Cable management (700-05613-01)
2	Screws (48-0654-01)
3	Screws (48-101524-01)

5. Install the router onto the 2-post rack as follows:
   a. Lift and position the router into position between the two rack posts.
   b. Move the router until the rack-mount brackets come in contact with the two rack posts.
   c. Hold the chassis at level and have another while the second person inserts two screws 12-24 in each of the two rack-mount brackets (using a total of four screws) and into the cage nuts or threaded holes in the vertical rack-mounting rails.
   d. Tighten the 12-24 screws to 30 in-lb (3.39 N.m).

Cisco 8011-32Y8L2H2FH on the 19-inch 4-post rack

1. Install Left (L) and Right (R) slider assembly brackets on the 19-inch 4-post rack.

Figure 24: Installing L & R slider assembly brackets on the 19-inch 4-post rack

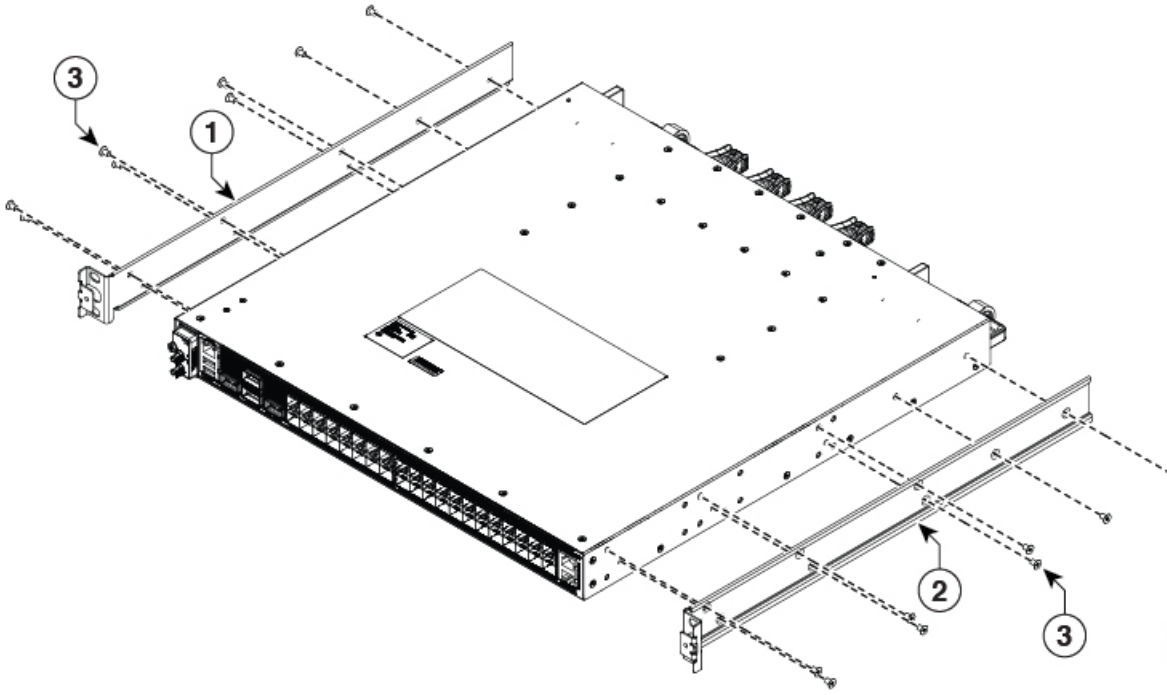


1	LH four-post slider assembly (800-50376-01)
2	RH four-post slider assembly (800-50375-01)
3	Screws (48-101524-01)

2. Attach the rack-mount brackets and the cable management to the router as follows:
   a. The router has port-side intake modules, position the router so that its ports are facing the cold aisle.
   b. Position the bracket ears facing front rack-mount, on the side of the chassis so that the holes are aligned.

c. Use sixteen M4 screws to attach the brackets to the chassis. Tighten the M4 screws to 13.3 inch-pounds (1.5 Nm).

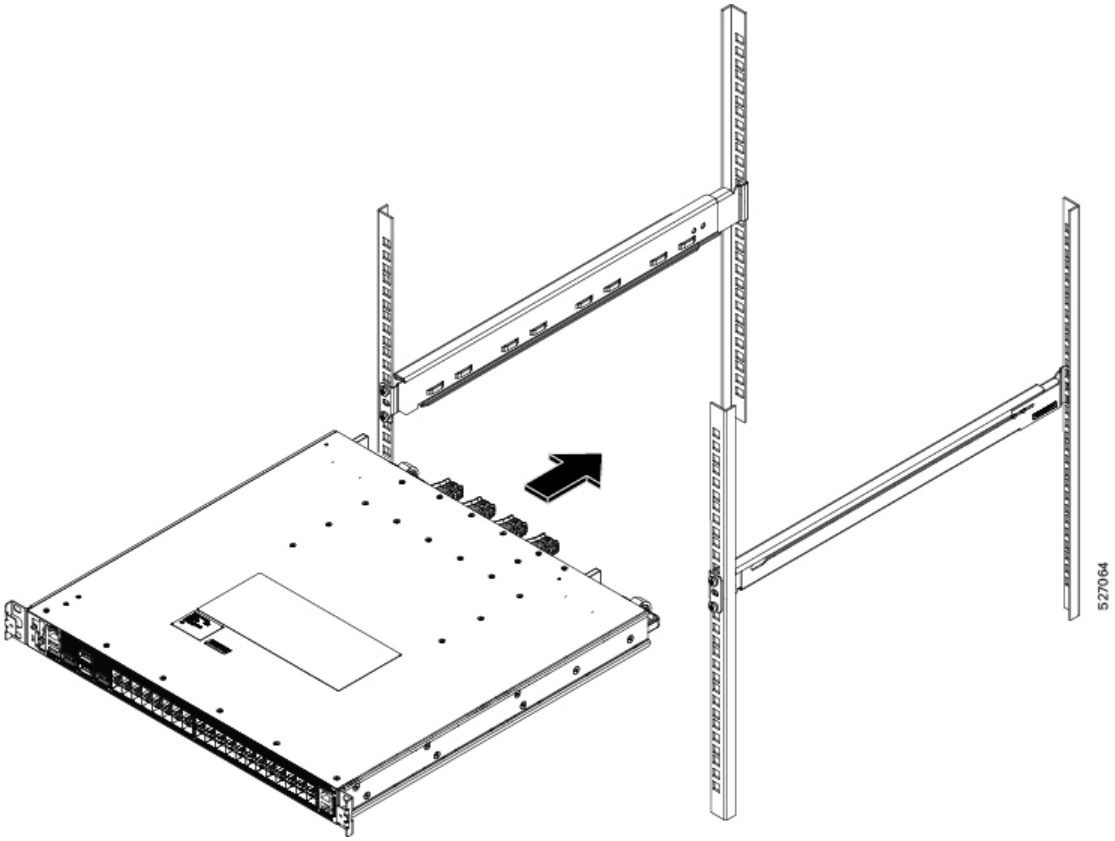
Figure 25: Installing rack-mount brackets in the front



1	LH rail bracket (700-131280-01)
2	RH rail bracket (700-131279-01)
3	Screws (48-101238-01)

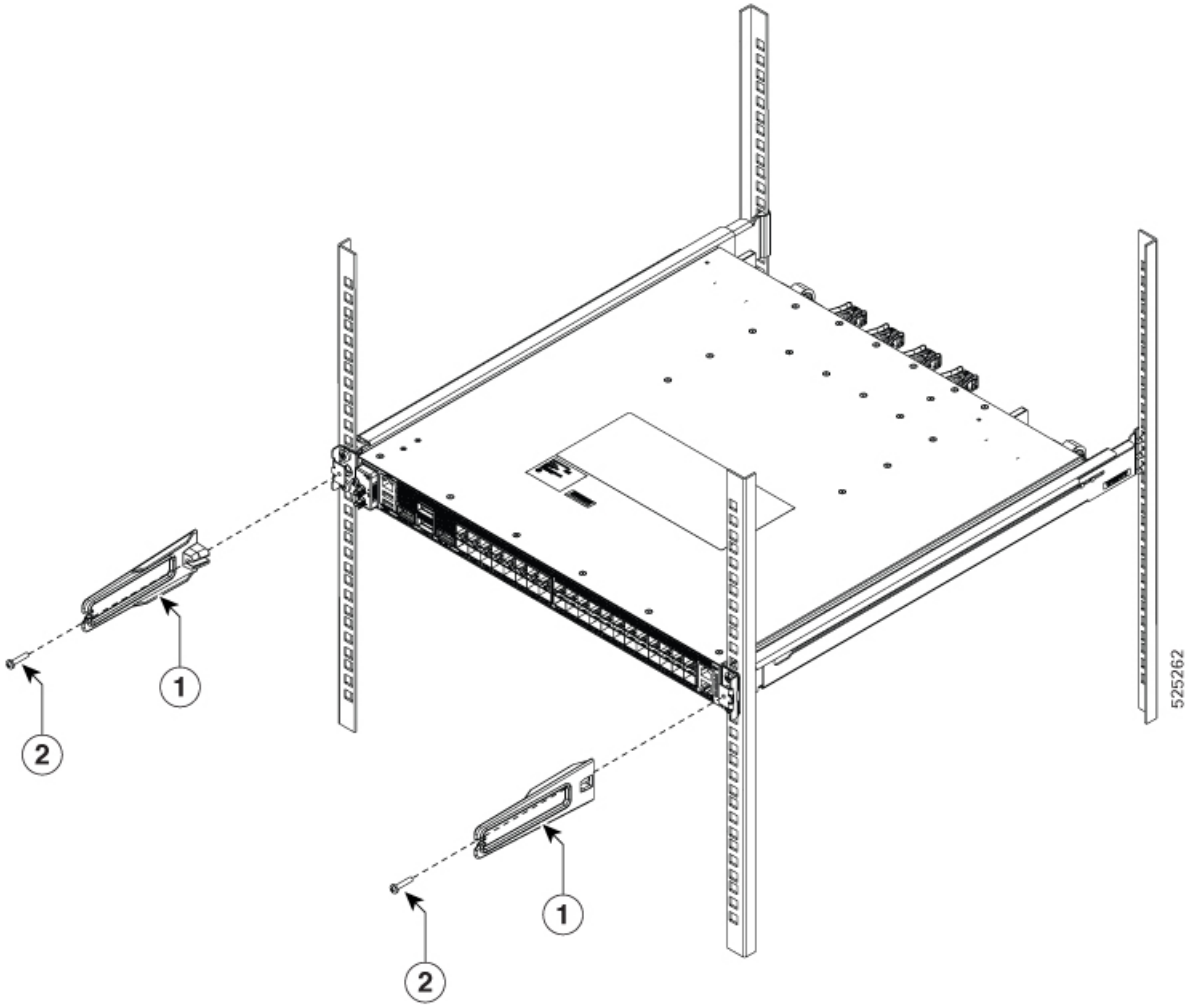
3. Place the router with slider bracket assembly on the 19-inch 4-post rack.

Figure 26: Installing the router with slider bracket assembly on the 19-inch 4-post rack



4. Install the cable management with 19-inch 4-post rack-mount brackets in the front.

Figure 27: Installing cable management with 19-inch 4-post rack-mount brackets in the front



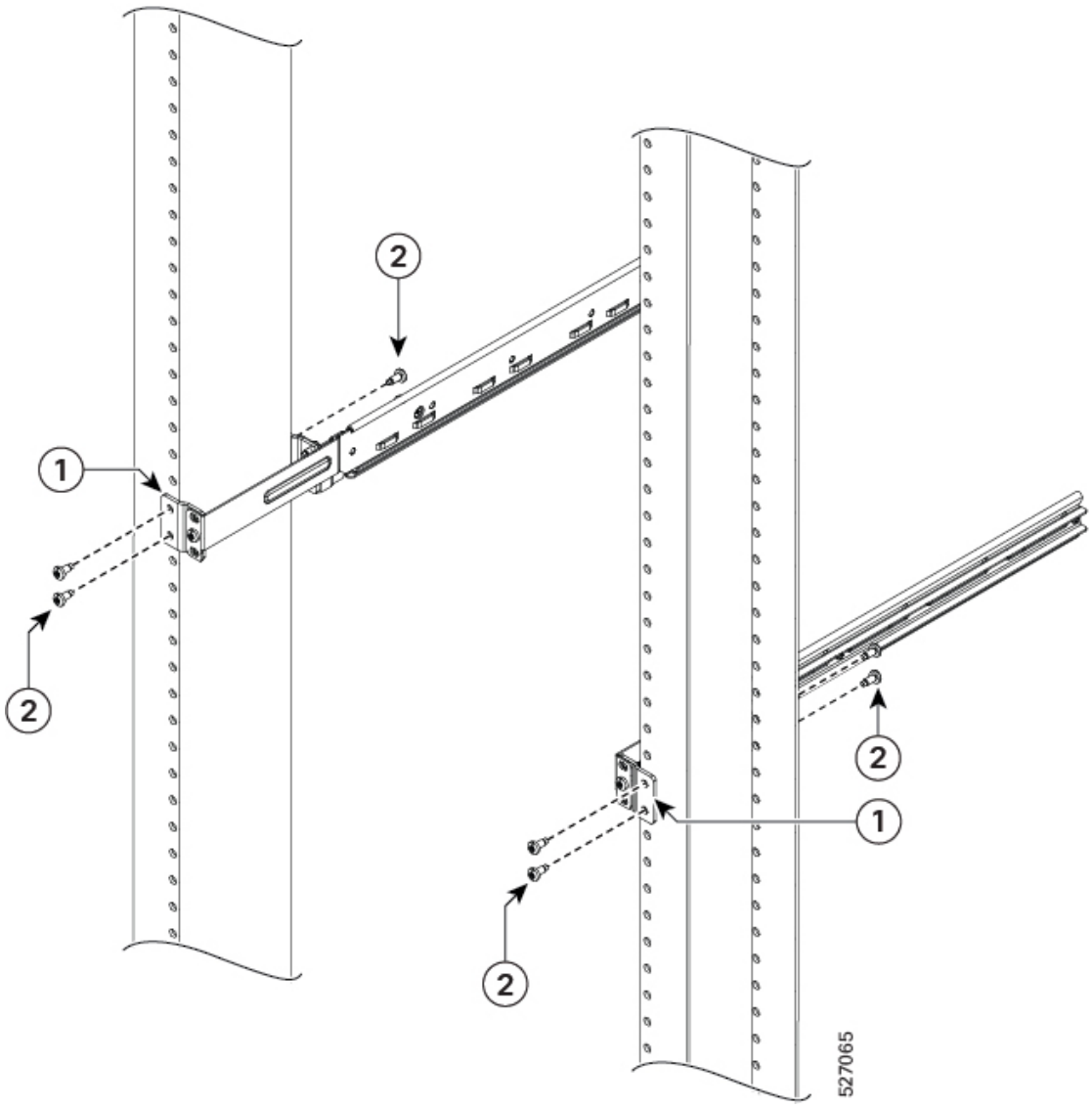
1	Cable management (700-05613-01)
2	Screws (48-0654-01)

5. Install the router onto the 4-post rack as follows:
   a. Lift and position the router into position between the four rack posts.
   b. Move the router until the rack-mount brackets come in contact with the four rack posts.
   c. Hold the chassis at level and have another while the second person inserts two screws 12-24 in each of the four rack-mount brackets (using a total of four screws) and into the cage nuts or threaded holes in the vertical rack-mounting rails.
   d. Tighten the 12-24 screws to 30 in-lb (3.39 N.m).

Cisco 8011-32Y8L2H2FH on the 21-inch 2-post rack

1. Install the Left (L) and Right (R) slide assembly brackets on the 21-inch 2-post rack.

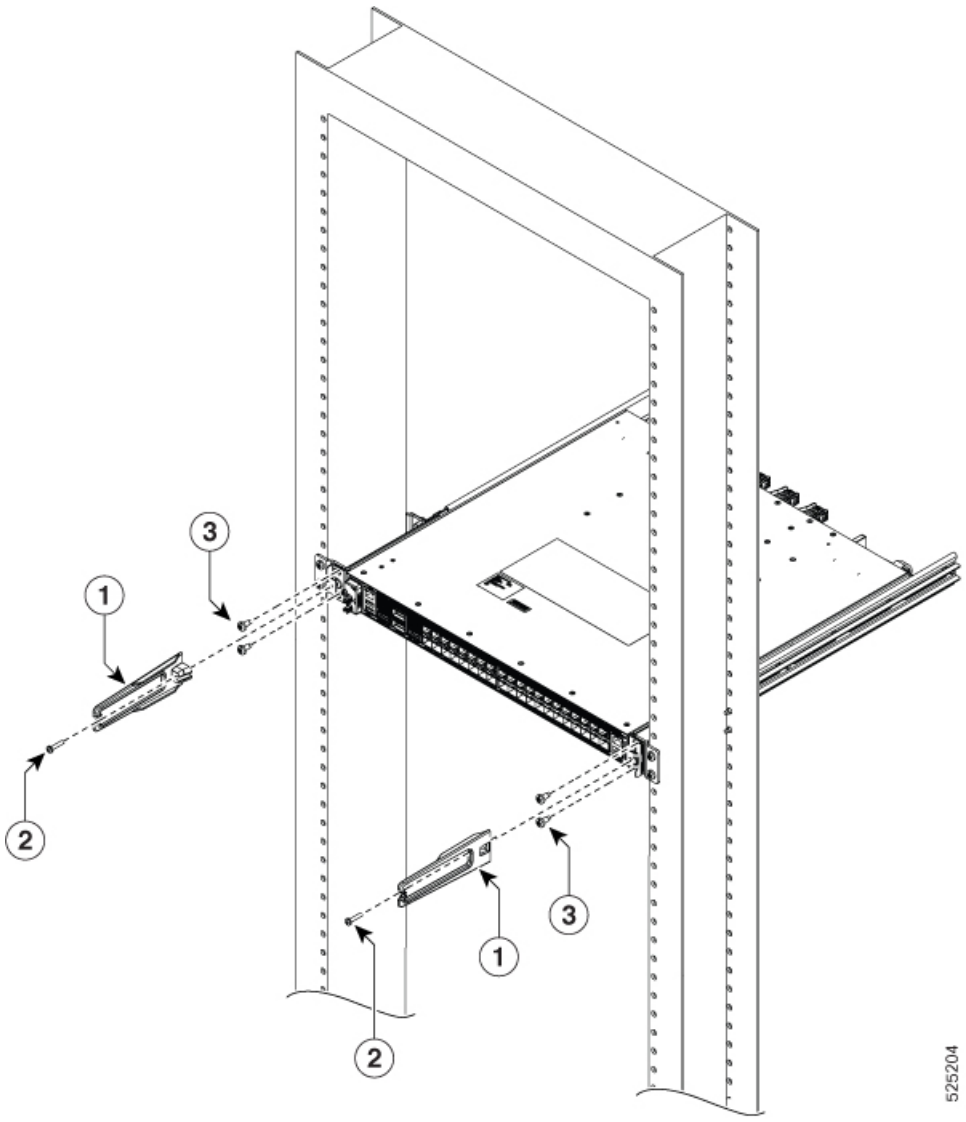
Figure 28: Installing L & R slider assembly brackets on the 21-inch 2-post rack



1	21-inch ETSI adapter (700-112689-01)
2	Screws (48-101524-01)

2. Install the cable management with 21-inch 2-post rack mount brackets in the front.

Figure 29: Installing cable management with 21-inch 2-post rack-mount brackets in the front



1	Cable management (700-05613-01)
2	Screws (48-0654-01)
3	Screws (48-101524-01)

3. Install the router onto the 2-post rack as follows:
   a. Lift and position the router into position between the two rack posts.
   b. Move the router until the rack-mount brackets come in contact with the two rack posts.
   c. Hold the chassis at level and have another while the second person inserts two screws 12-24 in each of the two rack-mount brackets (using a total of four screws) and into the cage nuts or threaded holes in the vertical rack-mounting rails.

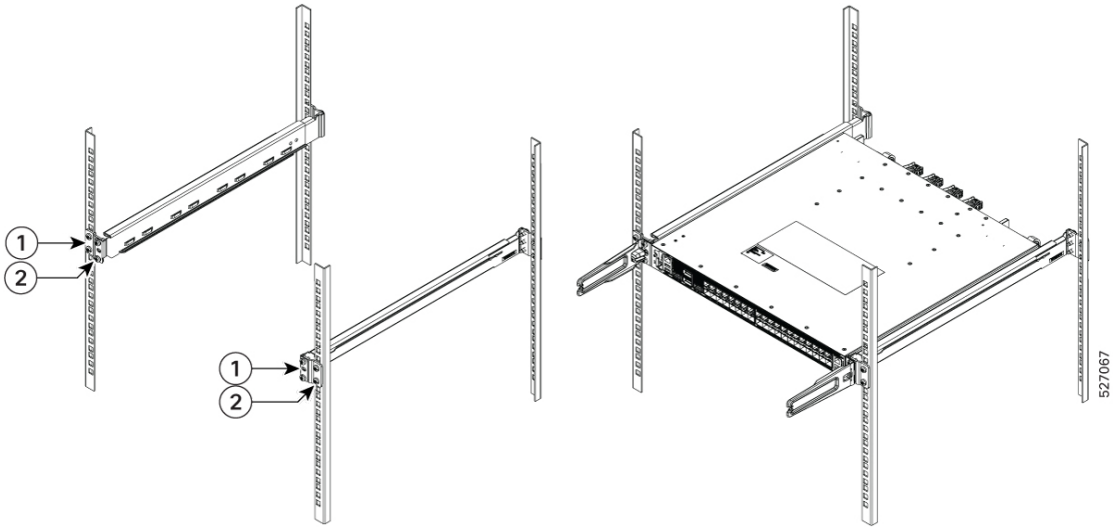
d. Tighten the 12-24 screws to 30 in-lb (3.39 N.m).

Cisco 8011-32Y8L2H2FH on the 21-inch 4-post rack

1. Install the Left (L) and Right (R) slider assembly brackets on the 21-inch 4-post rack.

   Install the cable management with 21-inch 4-post rack mount brackets in the front.

   Figure 30: Installing L & R slider assembly brackets on the 21-inch 4-post rack



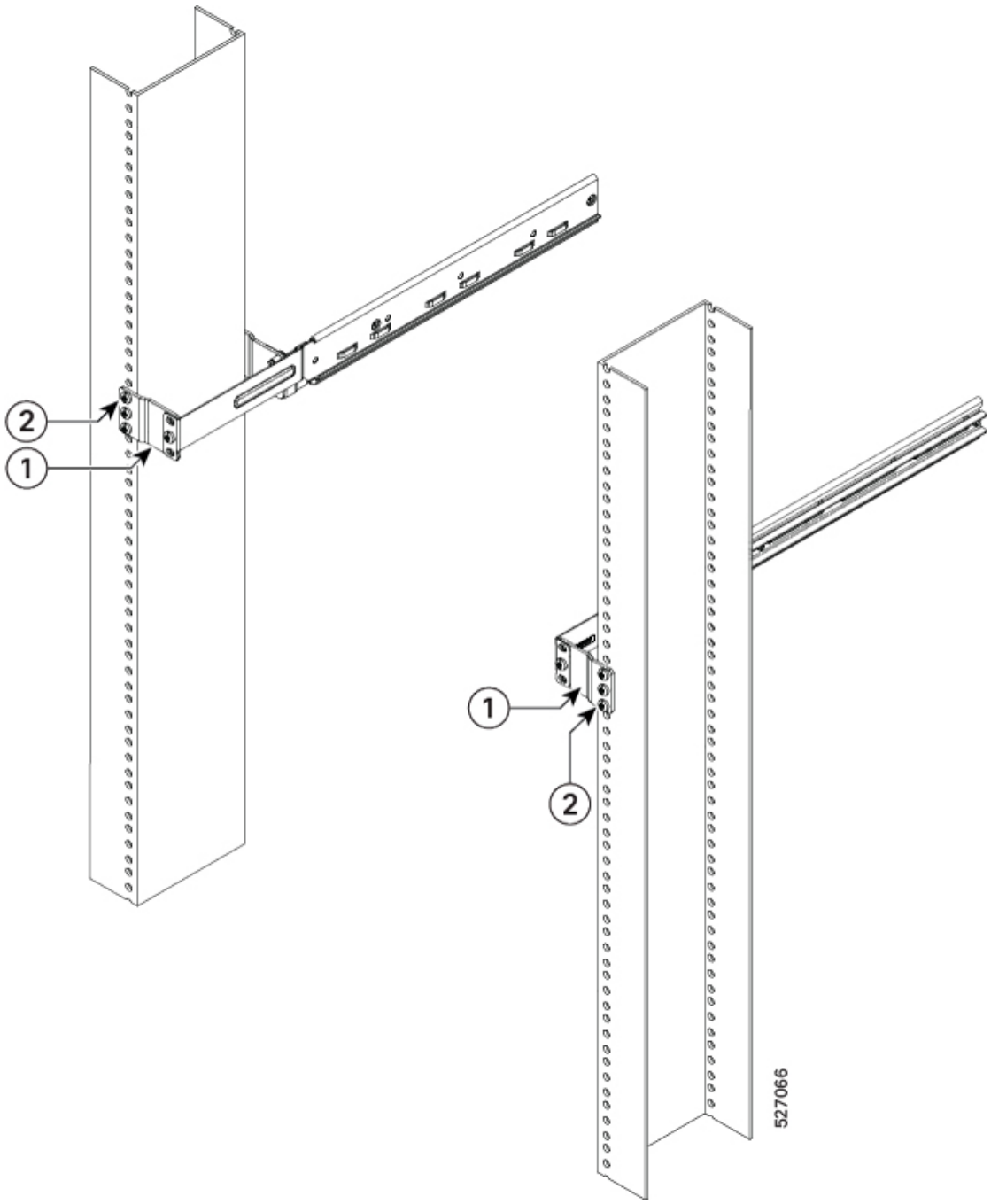
1	21-inch ETSI adapter (700-112689-01)
2	Screws (48-101524-01)

2. Install the router onto the 4-post rack as follows:
   a. Lift and position the router into position between the four rack posts.
   b. Move the router until the rack-mount brackets come in contact with the four rack posts.
   c. Hold the chassis at level and have another while the second person inserts two screws 12-24 in each of the four rack-mount brackets (using a total of four screws) and into the cage nuts or threaded holes in the vertical rack-mounting rails.
   d. Tighten the 12-24 screws to 30 in-lb (3.39 N.m).

Cisco 8011-32Y8L2H2FH on the 23-inch 2-post rack

1. Install the Left (L) and Right (R) slider assembly brackets on the 23-inch 2-post rack.

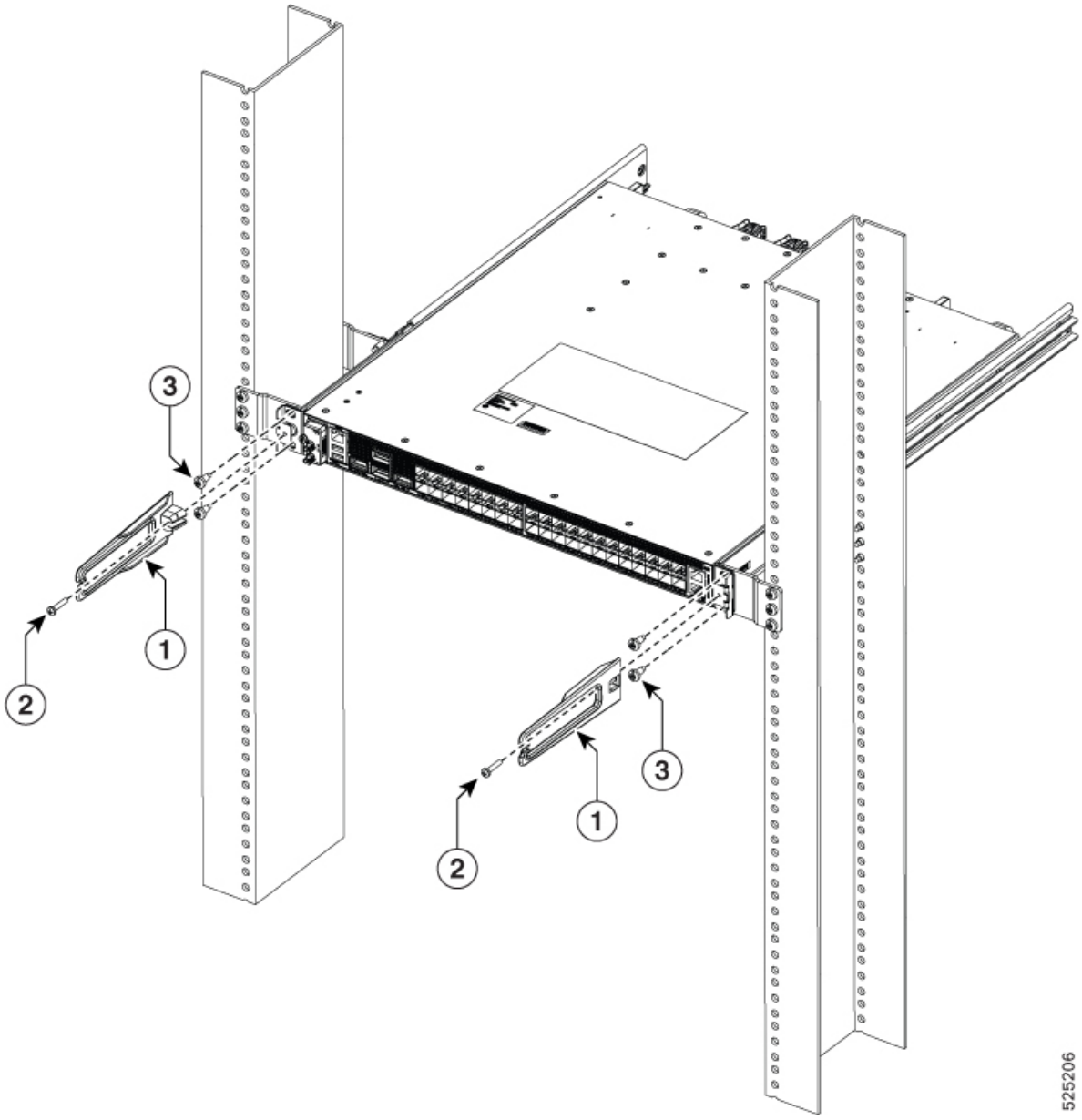
Figure 31: Installing L & R slider assembly brackets on the 23-inch 2-post rack



1	23-inch adapter (700-112688-01)
2	Screws (48-101524-01)

2. Install the cable management with 23-inch 2-post rack mount brackets in the front.

Figure 32: Installing cable management with 23-inch 2-post rack-mount brackets in the front



1	Cable management (700-05613-01)
2	Screws (48-0654-01)
3	Screws (48-101524-01)

3. Install the router onto the 2-post racks as follows:
   a. Lift and position the router into position between the two rack posts.
   b. Move the router until the rack-mount brackets come in contact with the two rack posts.

c. Hold the chassis at level and have another while the second person inserts two screws 12-24 in each of the two rack-mount brackets (using a total of four screws) and into the cage nuts or threaded holes in the vertical rack-mounting rails.

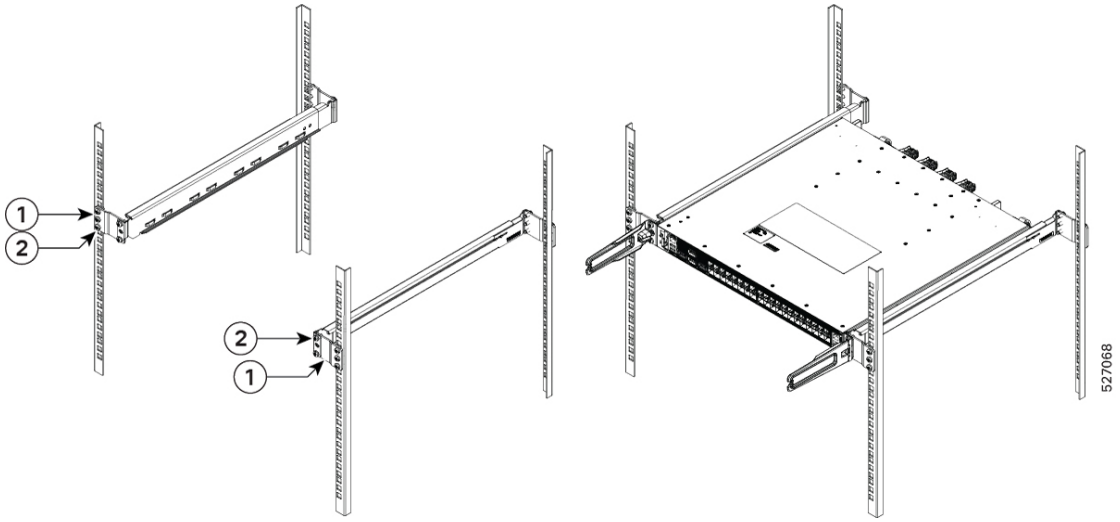
d. Tighten the 12-24 screws to 30 in-lb (3.39 N.m).

Cisco 8011-32Y8L2H2FH on the 23-inch 4-post rack

1. Install the Left (L) and Right (R) slider assembly brackets on the 23-inch 4-post rack.

   Install the cable management with 23-inch 4-post rack mount brackets in the front.

   Figure 33: Installing L & R slider assembly brackets on 23-inch 4-post rack



1	23-inch adapter (700-112688-01)
2	Screws (48-101524-01)

2. Install the router onto the 4-post rack as follows:

   a. Lift and position the router into position between the four rack posts.

   b. Move the router until the rack-mount brackets come in contact with the four rack posts.

   c. Hold the chassis at level and have another while the second person inserts two screws 12-24 in each of the four rack-mount brackets (using a total of four screws) and into the cage nuts or threaded holes in the vertical rack-mounting rails.

   d. Tighten the 12-24 screws to 30 in-lb (3.39 N.m).

Cisco 8011-12G12X4Y Router

1. Attach the rack-mount brackets and the cable management to the router as follows:

   a. The router has port-side intake modules, position the router so that its ports are facing the cold aisle.

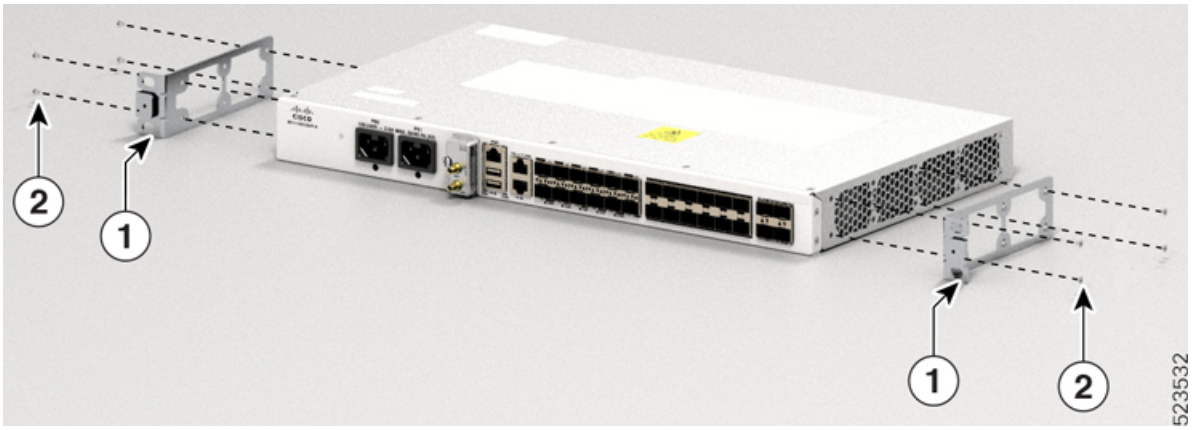
b. Position the bracket ears facing front or middle rack-mount, on the side of the chassis so that the holes are aligned.

c. Use four M3 screws to attach the brackets to the chassis.

d. Repeat Steps 1b and 1c with the other rack-mount bracket on the other side of the router.

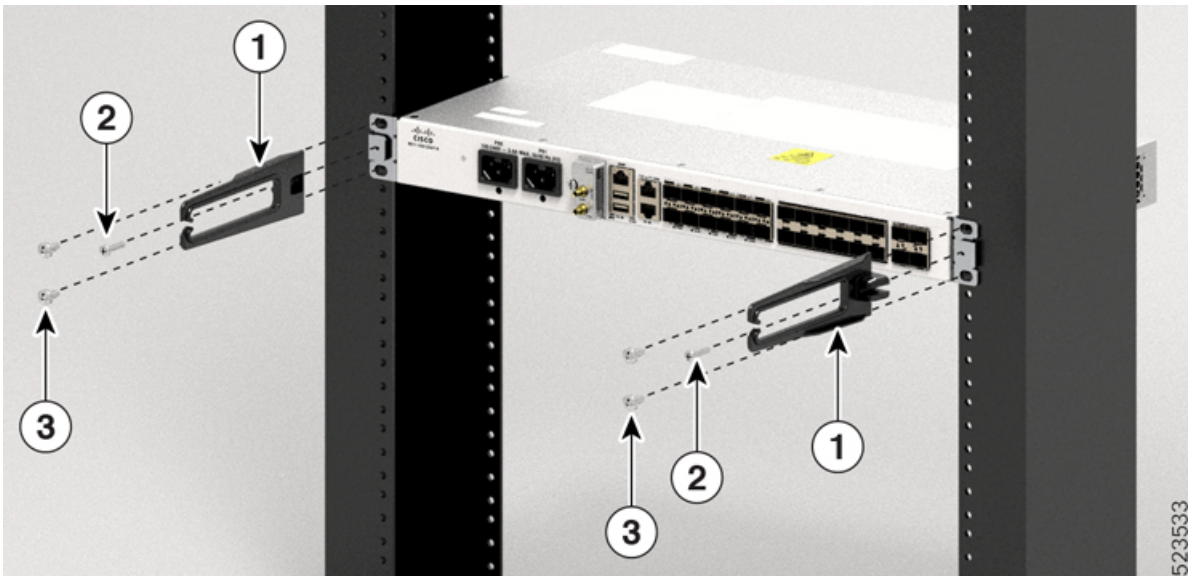
e. Use four No. 12-24 screws and mount the router to the rack.

Figure 34: Installing 19 inch Rack-Mount Brackets in the Front



1	Mount Bracket
2	Screw

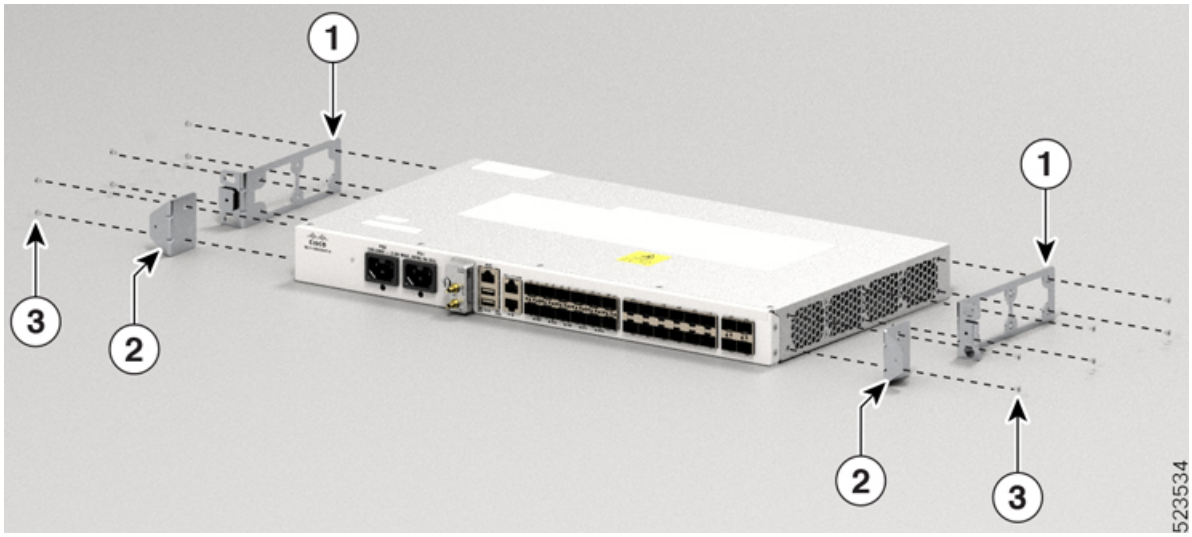
Figure 35: Installing Cable Management and 19 inch Rack-Mount Brackets in the Front



1	Cable Management Bracket
2	Cable Management Screw

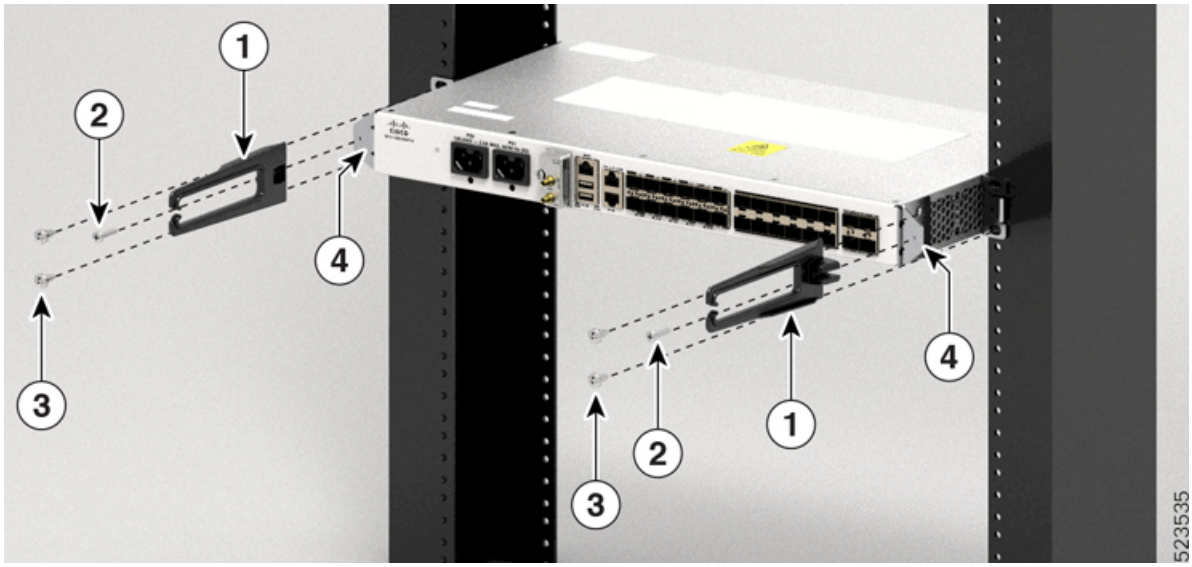
3	Screw

Figure 36: Installing 19 inch Rack-Mount Brackets in the Middle



1	Mount Bracket
2	Cable Management Bracket
3	Screw

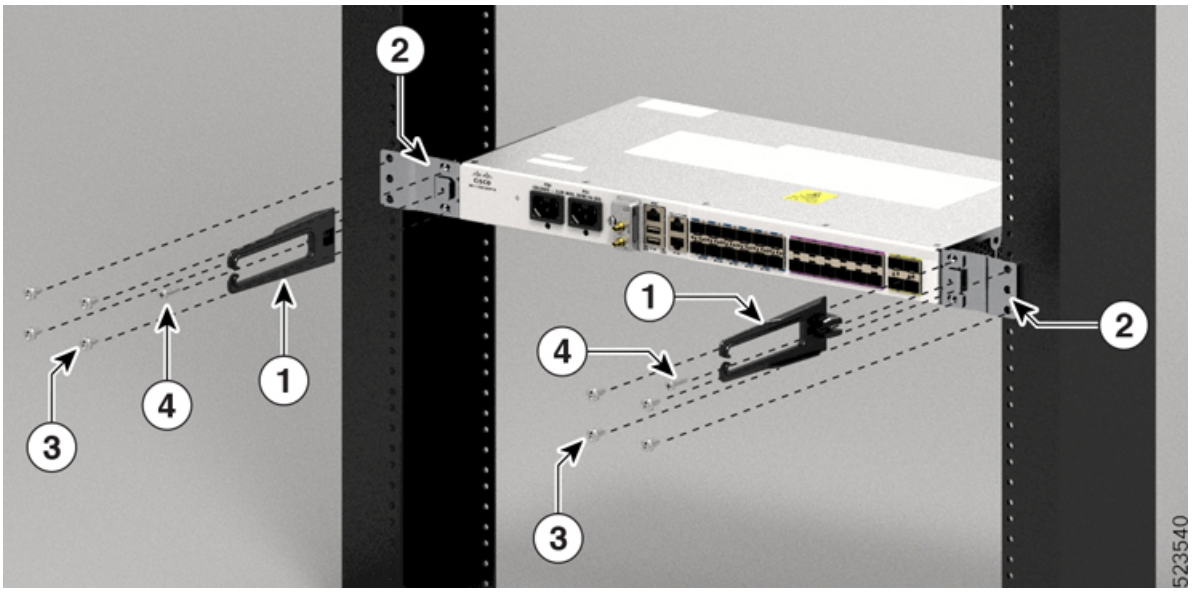
Figure 37: Installing Cable Management and 19 inch Rack-Mount Brackets in the Middle



1	Cable management bracket
2	Cable management screw

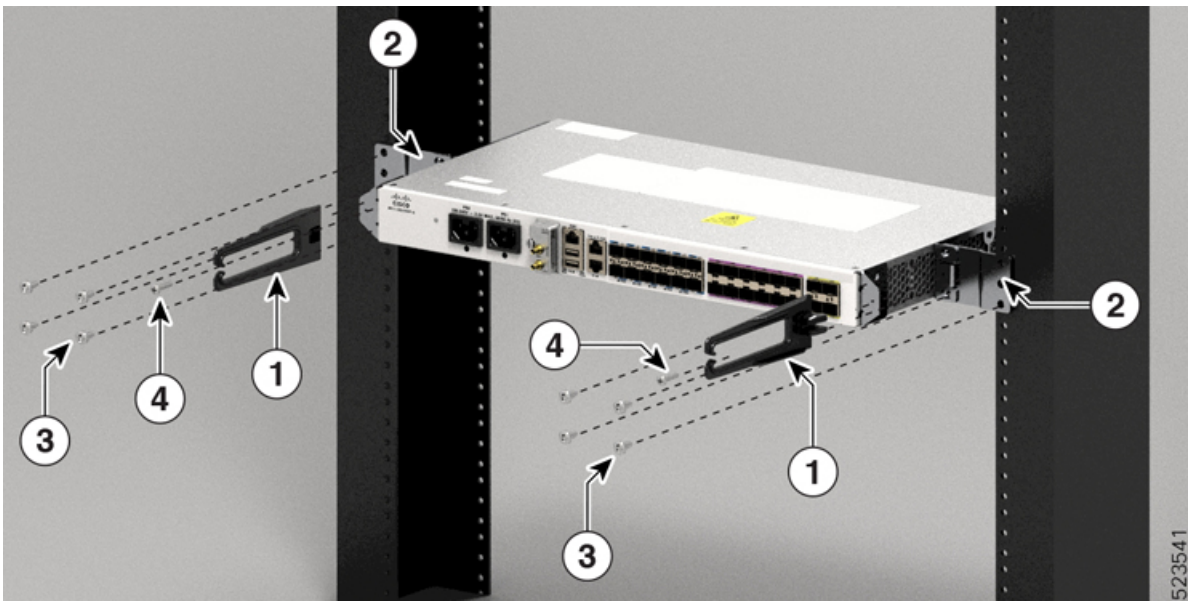
3	Screw
4	Bracket

Figure 38: Installing 23 inch Rack-Mount Brackets in the Front



1	Mount Bracket
2	Screw

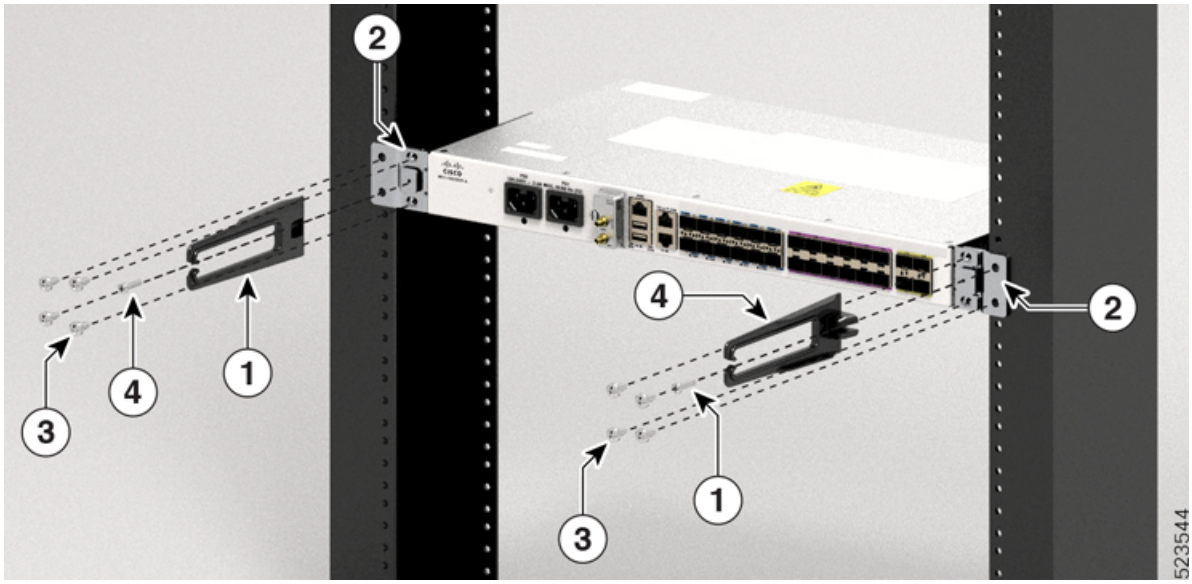
Figure 39: Installing 23 inch Rack-Mount Brackets in the Middle



1, 2	Mount Bracket

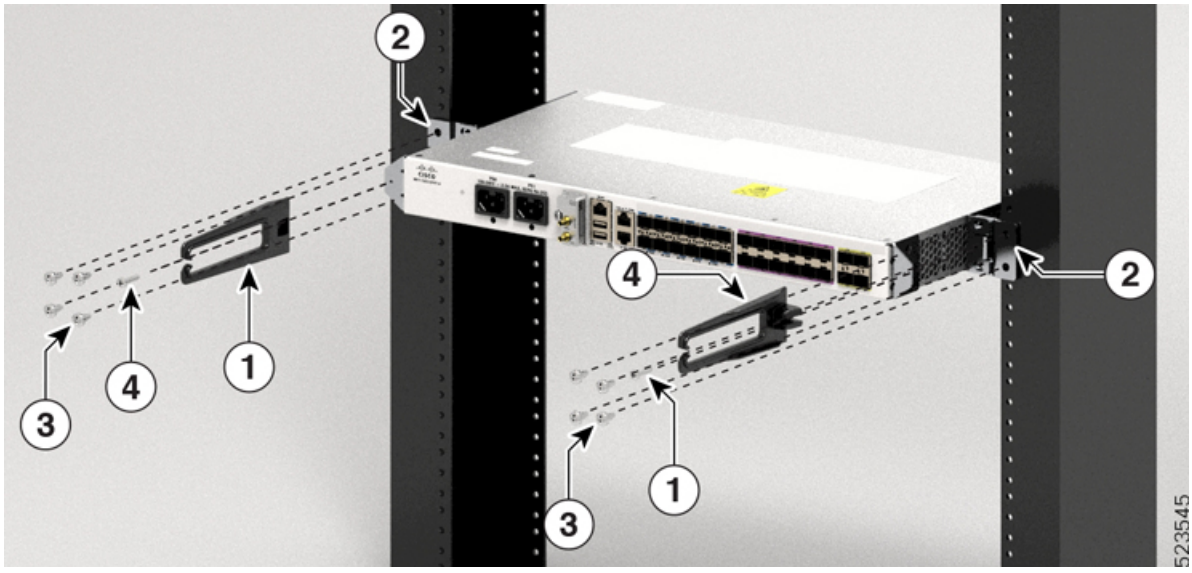
3	Screw

Figure 40: Installing Cable Management and ETSI Rack-Mount Brackets in the Front



1	Cable Management Bracket
2	Cable Management Screw
3	Screw

Figure 41: Installing Cable Management and ETSI Rack-Mount Brackets in the Middle



1	Cable Management Bracket

2	Cable Management Screw
3	Screw

2. Install the router onto the 2-post rack as follows:
   a. Lift and position the router into position between the two rack posts.
   b. Move the router until the rack-mount brackets come in contact with the two rack posts.
   c. Hold the chassis at level and have another while the second person inserts two screws 12-24 in each of the two rack-mount brackets (using a total of four screws) and into the cage nuts or threaded holes in the vertical rack-mounting rails.
   d. Tighten the 12-24 screws to 30 in-lb (3.39 N.m).

Wall Mount

Note This feature is supported only for the Cisco 8011-4G24Y4H-I Router.

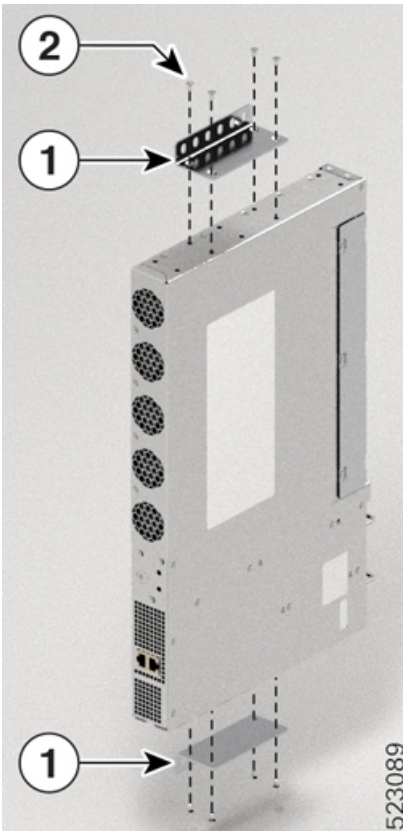
The router is shipped with wall mounting brackets that are to be secured on the sides of the router.

Install the wall mounting brackets and cable guides on to the chassis before you mount the chassis on the wall.

Install Wall Brackets

1. Remove the wall mounting brackets from the accessory kit and position them beside the router. You can install the brackets as shown in the figure.

Figure 42: Install Wall Mount Brackets



1	Wall Mount Bracket
2	Screw

2. Secure the bracket to the router with the recommended maximum torque of 13.3 inch-pounds (1.5 newton meters) using M4 flat head screws.

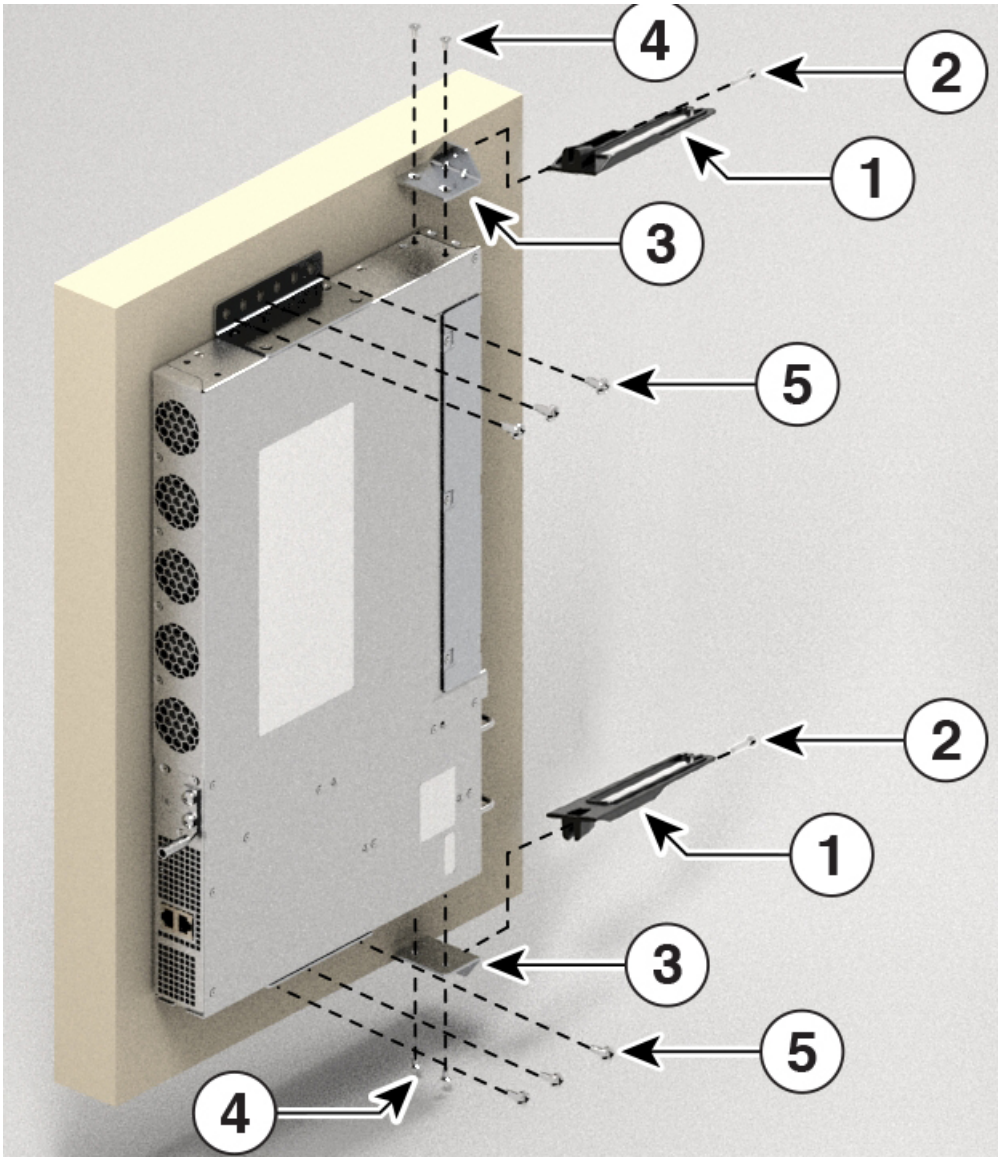
Wall Mount the Router

Caution Before mounting the router, ensure that all unused holes at the sides of the router are always protected by screws.

Note While you mount the router, always ensure that the power supplies are at the bottom position.

For the support of the router and cables, ensure that the router is attached securely to wall studs or to a firmly attached plywood mounting backboard.

Figure 43: Install Brackets to Wall



1	Cable Management
2	Cable Management Screw
3	Cable Management Bracket
4	Cable Management Bracket Screw
5	Wall Mount Bracket Screw

Ground the Router

Before you begin this task, ensure that you have read and understood the safety warnings in the Preventing ESD Damage section of the *Safety Warnings* handout.

Before you connect the power or turn on the power to the router, you must provide an adequate router ground (earth) connection to your router.

This section describes how to ground the router. The grounding lug location is on the back panel of the router.

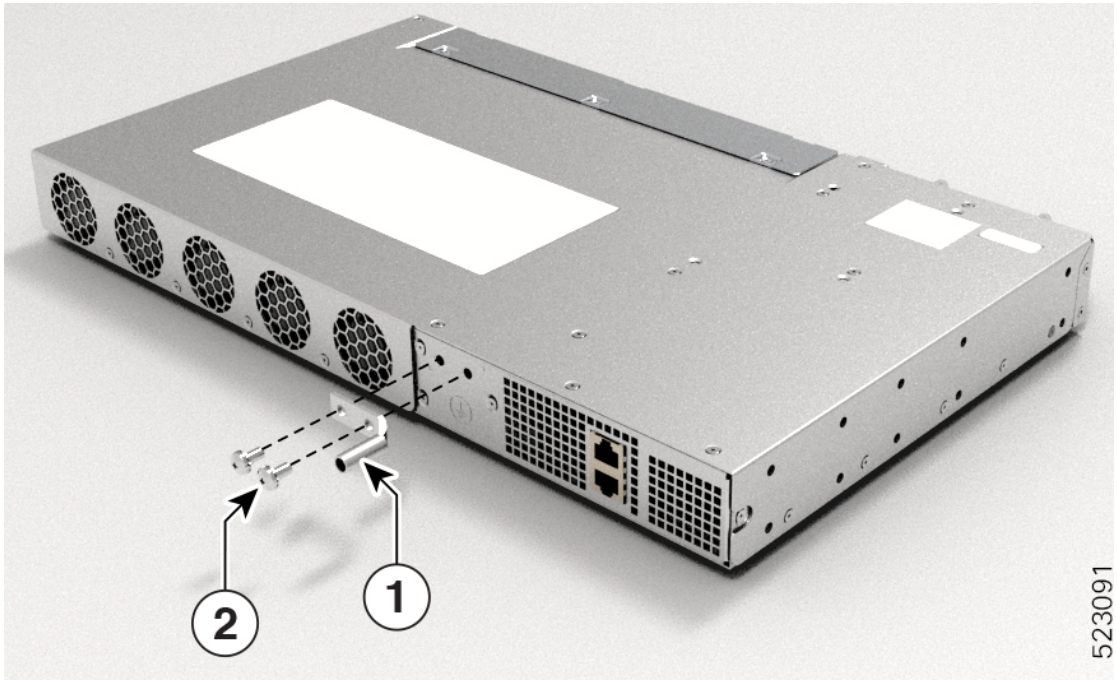
Note A minimum of 5 inches (127 mm) space must be provided at the rear to accommodate 90 degree grounding lug with a minimum bend radius for 6 AWG ground cable.

Cisco 8011-4G24Y4H-I Router

To ground the router:

1. Verify that the ground cable is connected to the top of the rack and according to local site practice.

Figure 44: Ground Lug



1	Lug (Part number is 32-0608-01)
2	Screw (Part number is 48-101620-01)

Caution Use only Cisco supplied screws for mounting the grounding lugs. If procured from local market or from outside other source, ensure that the grounding lug screw length should not exceed 0.365 inches (9.27 mm). Using excessive length screw for mounting the grounding lug may cause short-circuit as it may come in contact with parts inside the router.

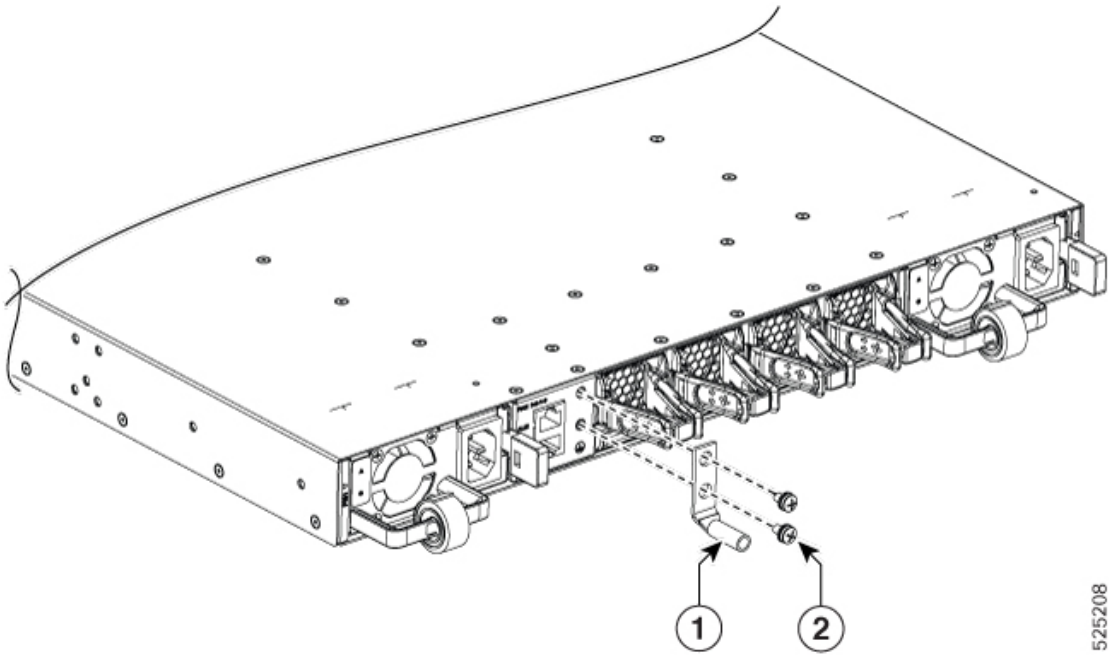
2. Attach one end of the shelf ground cable (No. 6 AWG cable) to the ground point on the rear of the router using the specified dual-hole lug connector.
   a. Use a wire-stripping tool to remove approximately 0.75 inches (19 mm) of the covering from the end of the grounding cable.
   b. Insert the stripped end of the grounding cable into the open end of the grounding lug.
   c. Use the crimping tool to secure the grounding cable in the grounding lug.
   d. Remove the adhesive label from the grounding pad on the chassis.
   e. Place the grounding lug against the grounding pad so that there is solid metal-to-metal contact, and insert the two 10-32 screws with washer through the holes in the grounding lug and into the grounding pad. Tighten the 10-32# screws to 27.5 inch-pounds (3.1 Nm).
   f. Ensure that the lug and cable do not interfere with other equipment.
   g. Prepare the other end of the grounding cable and connect it to an appropriate grounding point in your site to ensure adequate earth ground.

Cisco 8011-32Y8L2H2FH Router

To ground the router:

1. Verify that the ground cable is connected to the top of the rack and according to local site practice.

Figure 45: Ground Lug



1	Lug (Part number is 32-0670-01)
2	Screw (Part number is 48-0418-01)

Caution Use only Cisco supplied screws for mounting the grounding lugs. If procured from local market or from outside other source, ensure that the grounding lug screw length should not exceed 0.315 inches (8 mm). Using excessive length screw for mounting the grounding lug may cause short-circuit as it may come in contact with parts inside the router.

2. Attach one end of the shelf ground cable (No. 6 AWG cable) to the ground point on the rear of the router using the specified dual-hole lug connector.
   a. Use a wire-stripping tool to remove approximately 0.75 inches (19 mm) of the covering from the end of the grounding cable.
   b. Insert the stripped end of the grounding cable into the open end of the grounding lug.
   c. Use the crimping tool to secure the grounding cable in the grounding lug.
   d. Remove the adhesive label from the grounding pad on the chassis.
   e. Place the grounding lug against the grounding pad so that there is solid metal-to-metal contact, and insert the two M4 screws with washer through the holes in the grounding lug and into the grounding pad. Tighten the M4 screws to 13.5 inch-pounds (1.5 Nm).
   f. Ensure that the lug and cable do not interfere with other equipment.

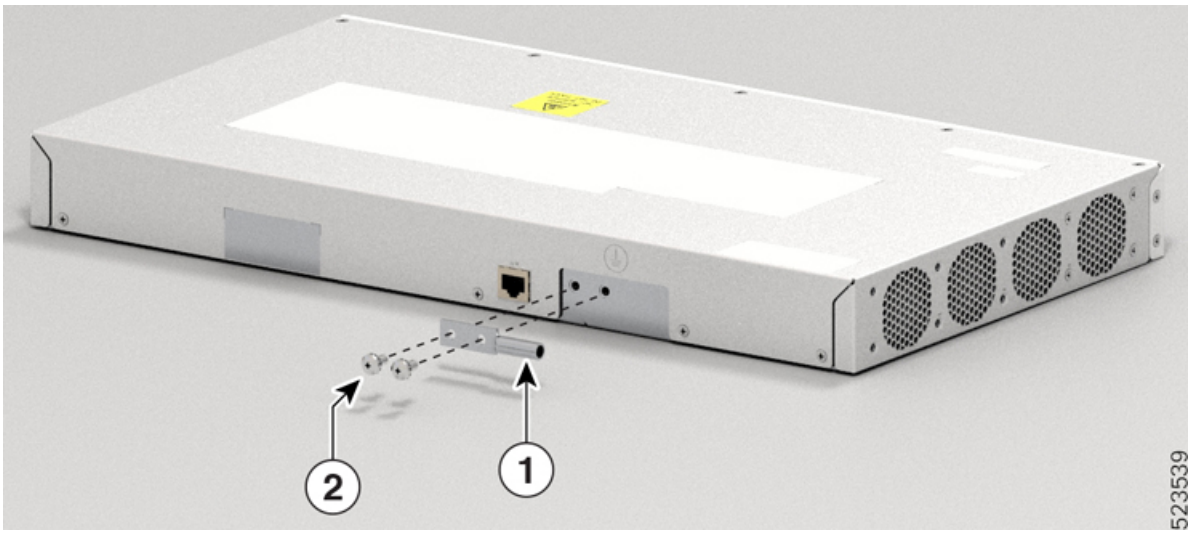
g. Prepare the other end of the grounding cable and connect it to an appropriate grounding point in your site to ensure adequate earth ground.

Cisco 8011-12G12X4Y Router

To ground the device:

1. Verify that the ground cable is connected to the top of the rack and according to local site practice.

Figure 46: Ground Lug



1	Lug (32-0619-01)
2	Screw (48-101620-01) (SCR,M,PAN,PH,SEX,10-32x0.365"L,CSwZN,NICKEL ALLOY)

Warning Use only Cisco supplied screws for mounting the grounding lugs. If procured from local market or from outside other source, ensure that the grounding lug screw length should not exceed 0.365 inches (9.27 mm). Using excessive length screw for mounting the grounding lug may cause short-circuit as it may come in contact with parts inside the router.

2. Attach one end of the shelf ground cable (No. 6 AWG cable) to the ground point on the rear of the router using the specified dual-hole lug connector.
   a. Use a wire-stripping tool to remove approximately 0.75 inches (19 mm) of the covering from the end of the grounding cable.
   b. Insert the stripped end of the grounding cable into the open end of the grounding lug.
   c. Use the crimping tool to secure the grounding cable in the grounding lug.
   d. Remove the adhesive label from the grounding pad on the chassis.

e. Place the grounding lug against the grounding pad so that there is solid metal-to-metal contact, and insert the two M4 screws with washers through the holes in the grounding lug and into the grounding pad.

f. Ensure that the lug and cable do not interfere with other equipment.

g. Prepare the other end of the grounding cable and connect it to an appropriate grounding point in your site to ensure adequate earth ground.

Connect to an AC Power Source



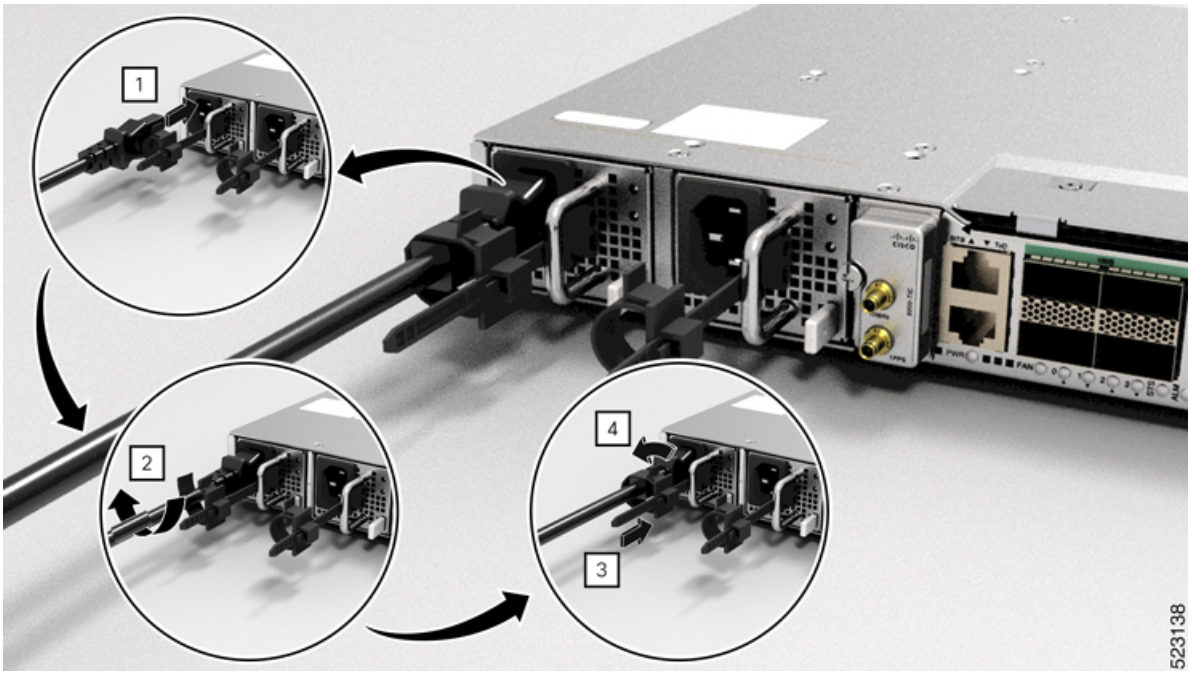
Note A dual pole breaker is needed for the installation. The rating of the dual pole breaker for 110V is 20A and for 220V is 16A. The minimum cable size is 14AWG for 110V and 16AWG for 220V.

Cisco 8011-4G24Y4H-I Router

To connect to a power source:

1. Plug the power supply cord in to the power supply module.
2. Wrap the tie around the power supply cord.
3. Ensure that the power supply cord is secured to the power supply module.
4. Tighten the tie around the power supply cord as shown.
5. Ensure that the power cord is secured always to a cable support to ensure the cable load doesn't act on the PSU.

Figure 47: Attach the AC Power Cables



Note These images are for representation purpose only. Certain Cisco 8010 Series Routers may not include a tie for the power supply cord.

1	Insert power cord
2	Wrap power cord with tie
3	Attach the power cord
4	Secure power cord with tie

Cisco 8011-32Y8L2H2FH Router

Note Prior to connecting the power supply to a power source, ensure that the chassis is properly grounded.

To connect to a power source, follow these steps:

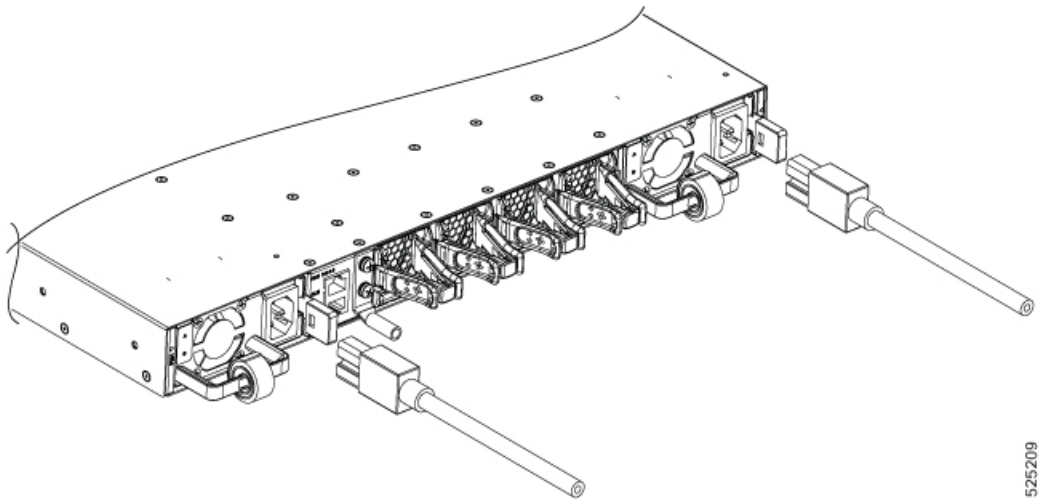
1. Plug the power cable into the power supply.
2. Plug the other end of the power cable into a power source supplied by the data center.

Note When using redundant mode, connect each power supply to a separate power source.

3. Verify that the power supply is receiving power by checking that the LED is on and is amber or red. For more information about the power supply LEDs and the conditions that they indicate, see Power Status LEDs.

   When you first activate the power supply, you can verify the functionality of the LED by checking that LED turns on for a couple of seconds. If the LED is flashing amber or red, check the power connections on the power supply and the power source.

Figure 48: Attach the AC Power Cables



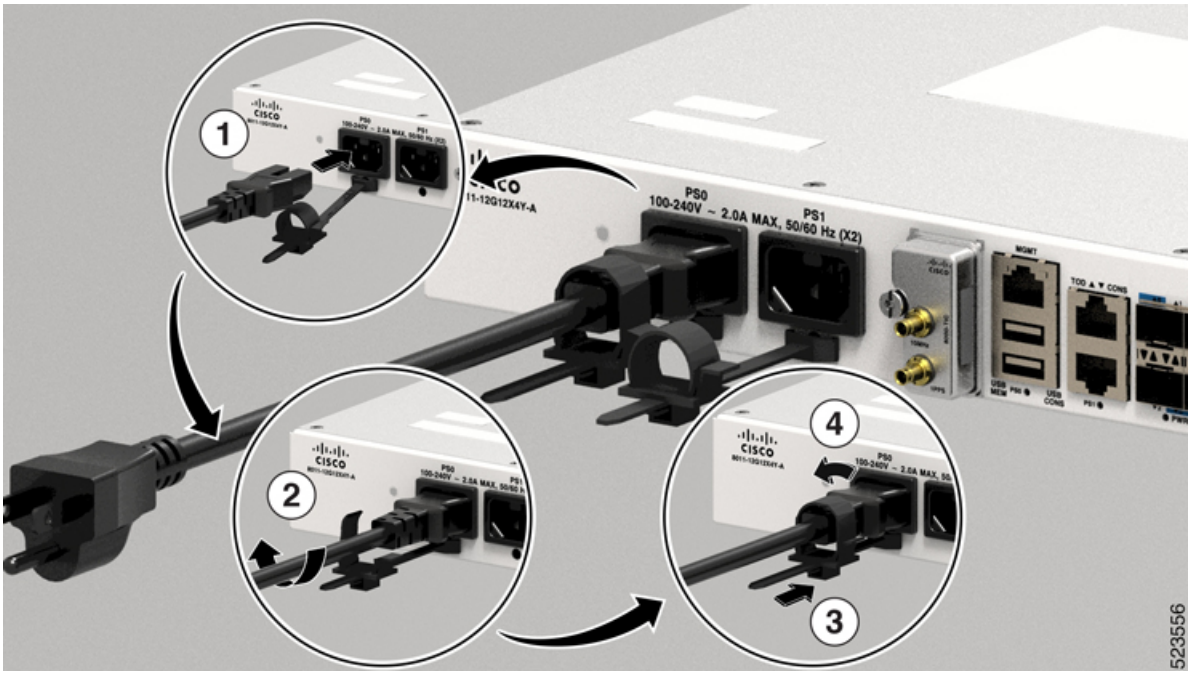
Note These images are for representation purpose only. Certain Cisco 8010 Series Routers may not include a tie for the power supply cord.

Cisco 8011-12G12X4Y Router

To connect to a power source:

1. Plug the power supply cord in to the power supply module.
2. Wrap the tie around the power supply cord.
3. Ensure that the power supply cord is secured to the power supply module.
4. Tighten the tie around the power supply cord as shown.
5. Ensure that the power cord is secured always to a cable support to ensure the cable load doesn't act on the PSU.

Figure 49: Attach the AC Power Cables



Note These images are for representation purpose only. Certain Cisco 8010 Series Routers may not include a tie for the power supply cord.

1	Insert power cord
2	Wrap power cord with tie
3	Attach the power cord
4	Secure power cord with tie

Turn On an AC Power Supply Module

Perform the following procedure to activate an AC power supply:

1. Plug the power cord into the power supply.
2. Connect the other end of the power cord to an AC-input power source.
3. Verify power supply operation by checking if the respective power supply front panel LED (PM0 or PM1) is green.
4. If the LEDs indicate a power problem, see *Appendix* for troubleshooting information.
5. If you're also connecting a redundant AC power supply, repeat these steps for the second power source.

Note If you're connecting a redundant AC power supply, ensure that each power supply is connected to a separate power source in order to prevent power loss in the event of a power failure.

Operating Voltage Range

- **Cisco 8011-4G24Y4H-I:** 100V-240VAC, 50/60Hz, 5-2.2A maximum.
- **Cisco 8011-32Y8L2H2FH:** 100V-240VAC, 50/60Hz, 7.6-3.65A maximum.
- **Cisco 8011-12G12X4Y:** 100V-240VAC, 50/60Hz, 2A maximum.

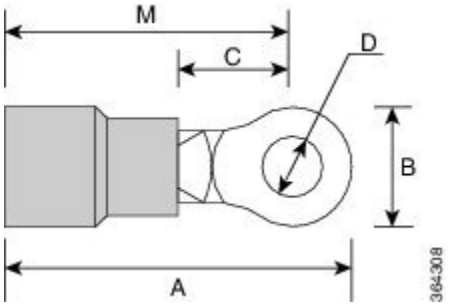
Connect to a DC Power Source

Cisco 8011-4G24Y4H-I Router

Note When installing DC power supply, use 14AWG for longer cables and 14-16AWG for shorter cables, 90°C temperature rated cable. The recommended cable length is three meters maximum from source.

Note
- Always ensure that the building's installation for short-circuit (overcurrent) protection does not exceed 15A.
- We recommend you to use a circuit breaker or a fast acting fuse with a maximum DC rating, based on the router variants for over current protection.

Figure 50: DC Lug Dimensions

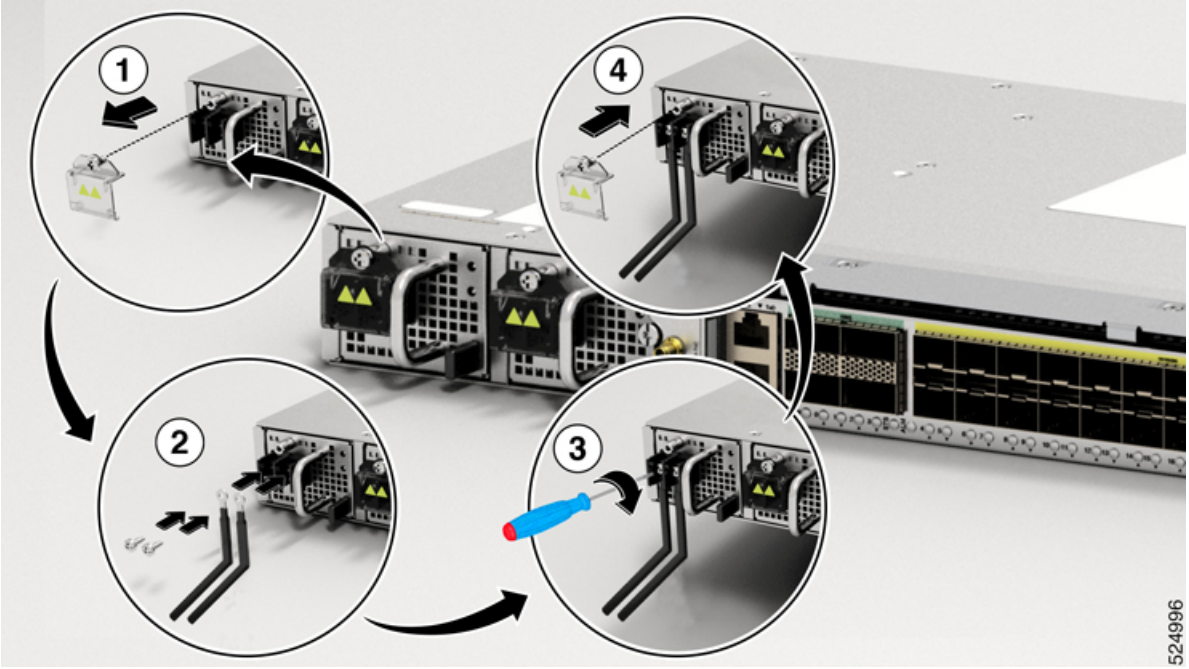


A	0.97 in. (2.4 cm)	C	0.27 in. (0.68 cm)
B	0.31 in. (0.78 cm)	D	0.17 in. (0.43 cm)
M	0.81 in. (2 cm)		

To connect to the DC power source:

1. Locate the terminal block plug.
2. Insert the DC-input power source wires into the terminal block plug.
3. Attach the DC supply wires using the designated screws.
4. Use a ratcheting torque screwdriver to torque the terminal block plug captive screw. (See the following figure.)

Figure 51: Attach the DC Power Supply Wires



Note These images are for representation purpose only. Certain Cisco 8010 Series Routers may not include a tie for the power supply cord.

Cisco 8011-32Y8L2H2FH Router

Prior to connecting the power supply to a power source, ensure that the chassis is properly grounded.

Note When installing DC power supply, use 14AWG for longer cables and 14-16AWG for shorter cables, 90°C temperature rated cable. The recommended cable length is three meters maximum from source.

Note

- Always ensure that the building's installation for short-circuit (overcurrent) protection does not exceed 30A.
- We recommend you to use a circuit breaker or a fast acting fuse with a maximum DC rating, based on the router variants for over current protection.

To connect the DC power supply directly to one or two DC power sources, follow these steps:

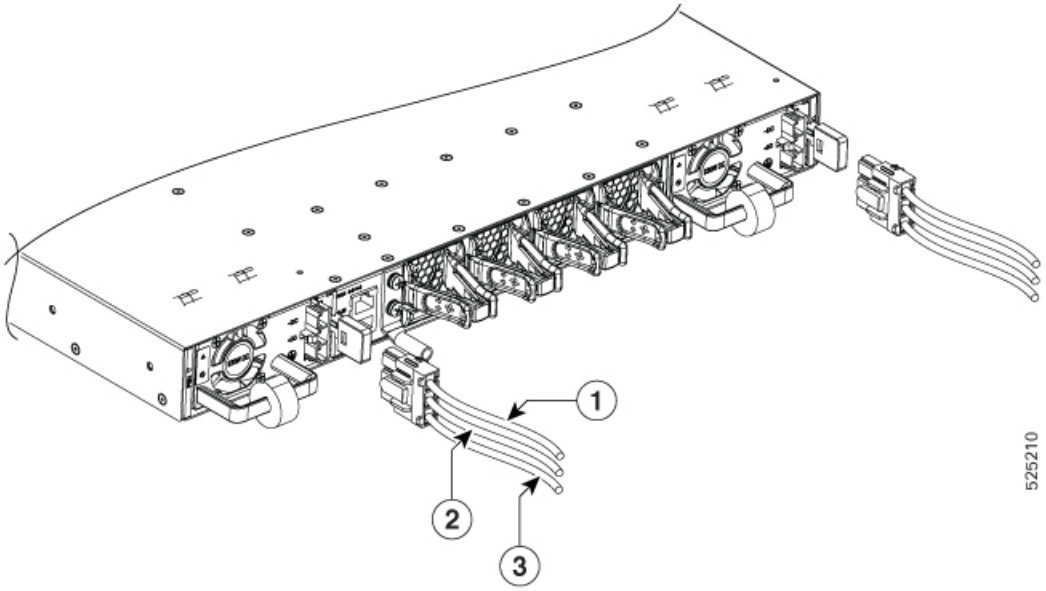
Warning **Statement 1003—**DC Power Disconnection

To reduce risk of electric shock or personal injury, disconnect DC power before removing or replacing components or performing upgrades.

1. Plug the DC power cable (CAB-48DC-40A-8AWG) into the DC power supply.
2. Turn off the power at the circuit breakers for the portions of the DC grid power that you are connecting to and verify that all of the LEDs on the DC grid power supplies are off.
3. Depending on the power supply installed, install the two cables from the DC power supply to the DC power source as follows:
   a. If the unconnected end of each power cable is not stripped off of its insulation for the last 0.75 inches (19 mm), use wire strippers to remove that amount of insulation.
   b. Attach the negative cables to the negative terminals of a DC power source, and attach the positive cables to the positive terminals of the same power source.
4. Verify that the power supply is receiving power by checking that the LED is on and is amber or red. For more information about the power supply LEDs and the conditions that they indicate, see Power Status LEDs.

   When you first activate the power supply, you can verify the functionality of the LED by checking that LED turns on for a couple of seconds. If the LED is flashing amber or red, check the power connections on the power supply and the power source

Figure 52: Attach the DC Power Supply Wires



1	Negative terminal	3	Ground terminal
2	Positive terminal		

Note These images are for representation purpose only. Certain Cisco 8010 Series Routers may not include a tie for the power supply cord.

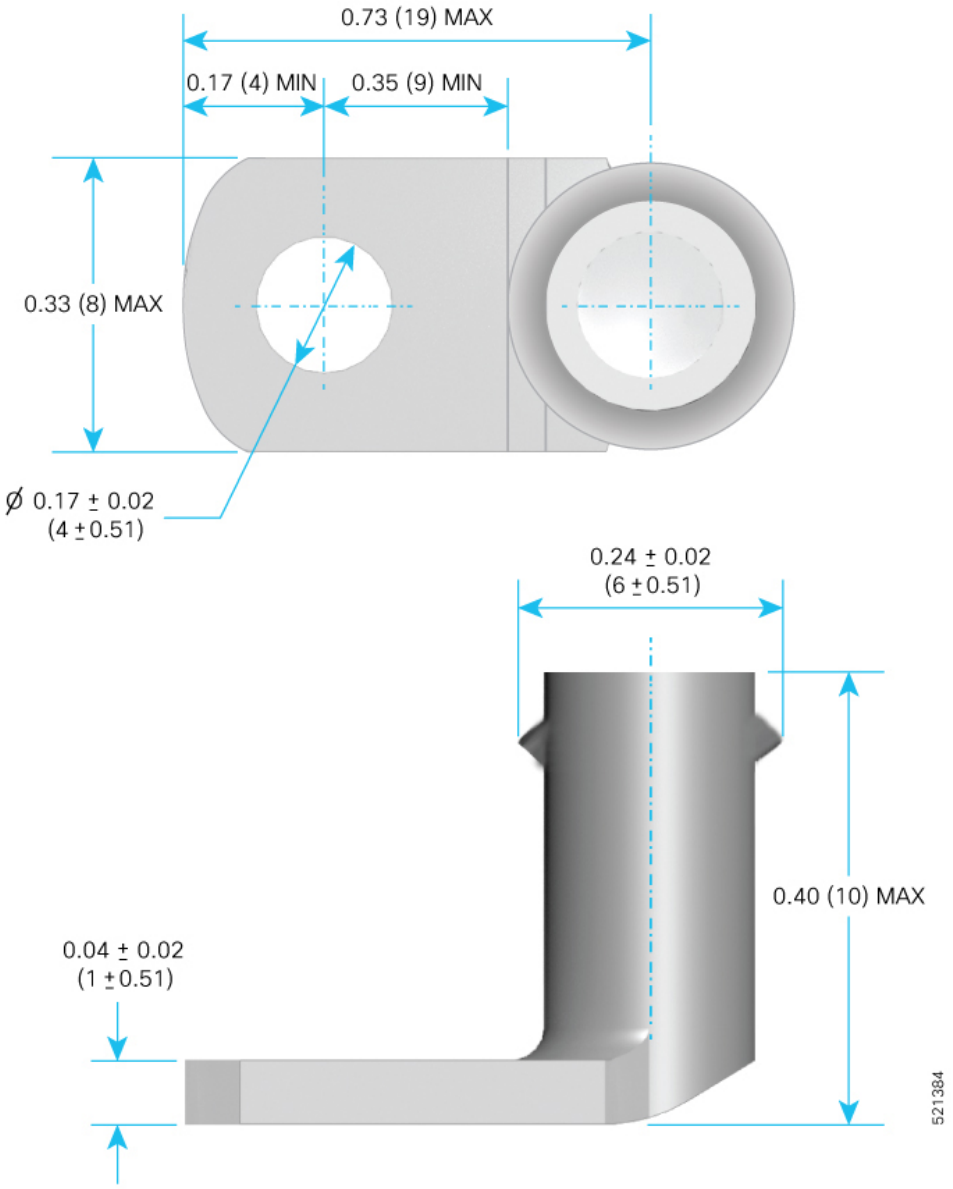
Cisco 8011-12G12X4Y Router

Note When installing DC power supply, use 14AWG for longer cables and 14-16AWG for shorter cables, 90°C temperature rated cable. The recommended cable length is three meters maximum from source.

Note

- Always ensure that the building's installation for short-circuit (overcurrent) protection does not exceed 6A.
- We recommend you to use a circuit breaker or a fast acting fuse with a maximum DC rating, based on the router variants for over current protection.

Figure 53: DC Connector with In built Screw



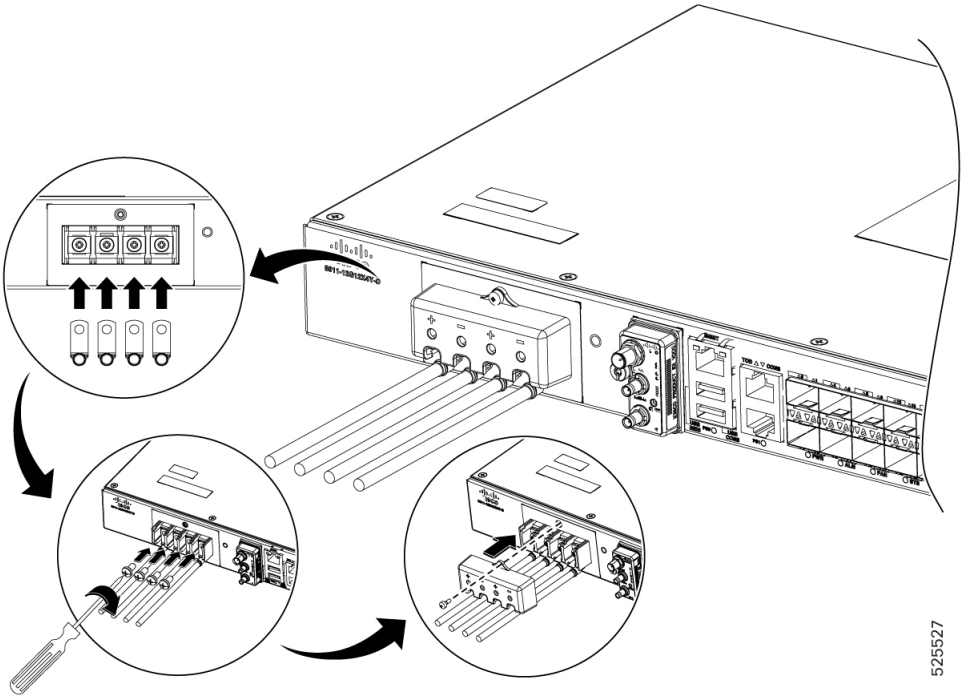
A	0.97 in. (2.4 cm)	C	0.27 in. (0.68 cm)
B	0.31 in. (0.78 cm)	D	0.17 in. (0.43 cm)
M	0.81 in. (2 cm)		

To connect to the DC power source:

1. Locate the terminal block plug.
2. Insert the DC-input power source wires into the terminal block plug.

3. Attach the DC supply wires using the designated screws.
4. Use a ratcheting torque screwdriver to torque the terminal block plug captive screw. (See the following figure.)

Figure 54: Attach the DC Power Supply Wires



Note These images are for representation purpose only. Certain Cisco 8010 Series Routers may not include a tie for the power supply cord.

Turn On a DC Power Supply Module

Perform this procedure to activate a DC power supply:

1. Verify the power supply operation by checking whether the respective power supply front panel LED (PS0 or PS1) is green.
2. If the LEDs indicate any issues with power problem, see *Appendix*.
3. If you are also connecting a redundant DC power supply, repeat these steps for the second power source.

Note If you are connecting a redundant mix mode (AC and DC) power supply, ensure that each power supply is connected to a separate power source to prevent power loss in the event of a power failure.

Operating Voltage Range

Table 9: Operating voltage range for mixed mode power supply

Port Connection Guidelines

These are the port connection guidelines:

- Depending on the chassis, you can use Quad Small Form-factor Pluggable Double Density (QSFP-DD), QSFP28, SFP, SFP+, and RJ45 connectors to connect the ports on the system to other network devices.
- To prevent damage to the fiber-optic cables, we recommend that you keep the transceivers disconnected from their fiber-optic cables when installing the transceiver in the system. Before removing a transceiver from the router, remove the cable from the transceiver.
- To maximize the effectiveness and life of your transceivers and optical cables, do the following:
  - Wear an ESD-preventative wrist strap that is connected to an earth ground whenever handling transceivers. The router is typically grounded during installation and provides an ESD port to which you can connect your wrist strap.
  - Do not remove and insert a transceiver more often than is necessary. Repeated removals and insertions can shorten its useful life.
  - Keep the transceivers and fiber-optic cables clean and dust free to maintain high signal accuracy and to prevent damage to the connectors. Attenuation (loss of light) is increased by contamination and should be kept below 0.35 dB.
    - Clean these parts before installation to prevent dust from scratching the fiber-optic cable ends.
    - Clean the connectors regularly; the required frequency for cleaning depends upon the environment. In addition, clean connectors when they are exposed to dust or accidentally touched. Both wet and dry cleaning techniques can be effective; refer to your site's fiber-optic connection cleaning procedures.
    - Do not touch the ends of connectors. Touching the ends can leave fingerprints and cause other contamination.
  - Inspect routinely for dust and damage. If you suspect damage, clean and then inspect fiber ends under a microscope to determine if damage has occurred.

Console Port Connection

The system console port is an RJ45 receptacle for connecting a data terminal to perform the initial configuration of the router. After you create a local management connection, you can use the console to perform these functions through the management interface:

- Configure the router using the command-line interface (CLI).
- Monitor network statistics and errors.
- Configure Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) agent parameters.

- Download software updates.

The console cable is shipped with the hardware. Only RJ45 to DB-9 adapter cable is provided in the package.

Figure 55: Cisco 8011-4G24Y4H-I Router — Connecting the USB Type-A Console Cable to the Chassis

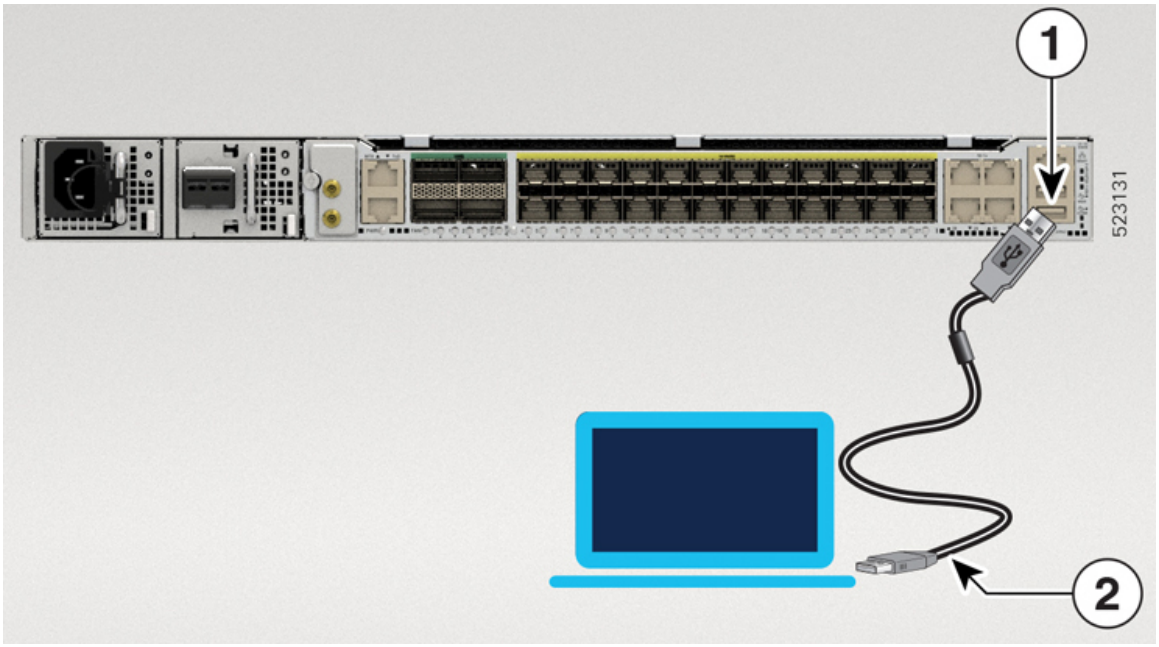


Figure 56: Cisco 8011-32Y8L2H2FH — Connecting the USB Type-A Console Cable to the Chassis

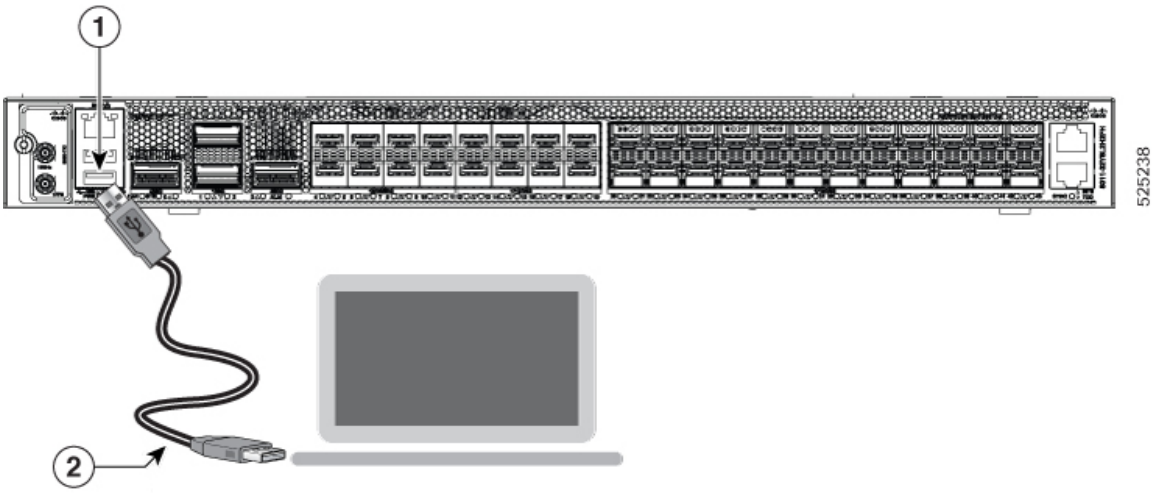
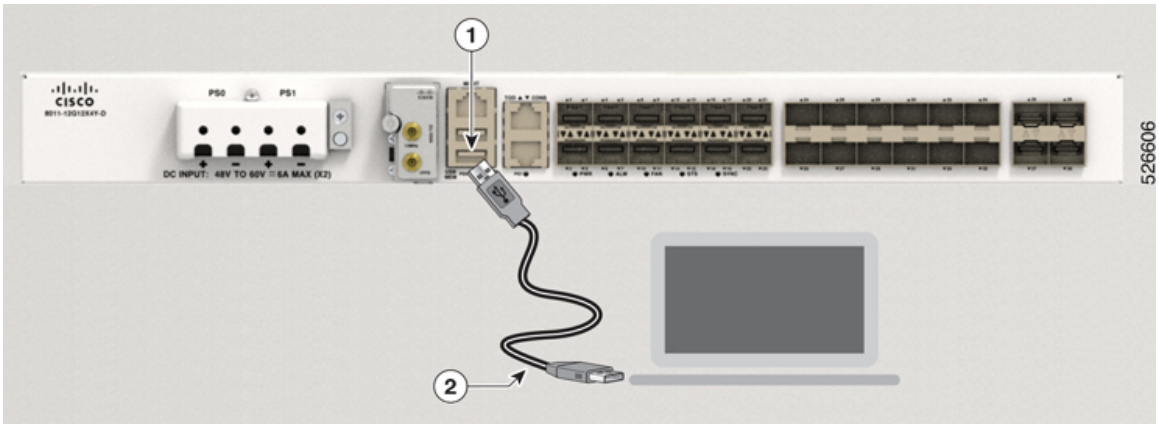


Figure 57: Cisco 8011-12G12X4Y — Connecting the USB Type-A Console Cable to the Chassis



1	USB Type-A console port	2	USB Type-A to USB Type-A cable

Connect a Data Terminal to the Console Port

To connect a data terminal to the console port:

Before you begin

- Before you create a network management connection for the router or connect the router to the network, you must create a local management connection through a console terminal and configure an IP address for the router.

  The router must be fully installed in its rack, connected to a power source, and grounded.

- The necessary cabling for the console, management, and network connections must be available.
  - An RJ45 rollover cable and DB9F/RJ45 adapter are provided in the router accessory kit.
  - Network cabling should already be routed to the location of the installed router.

Procedure

Step 1 Set your terminal to these operational values: 115200 bps, 8 data bits, no parity, and two stop bits.

Step 2 Attach the terminal end of the cable to the interface port on the data terminal.

Step 3 Attach the other end of the cable to the console port.

Management Ethernet Port Connection

The management Ethernet port provides out-of-band management, which enables you to use the Command Line Interface (CLI) to manage the router by its IP address. This port uses a 10/100/1000 Ethernet connection with an RJ45 interface.

Figure 58: Cisco 8011-4G24Y4H-I — Management Ethernet Port

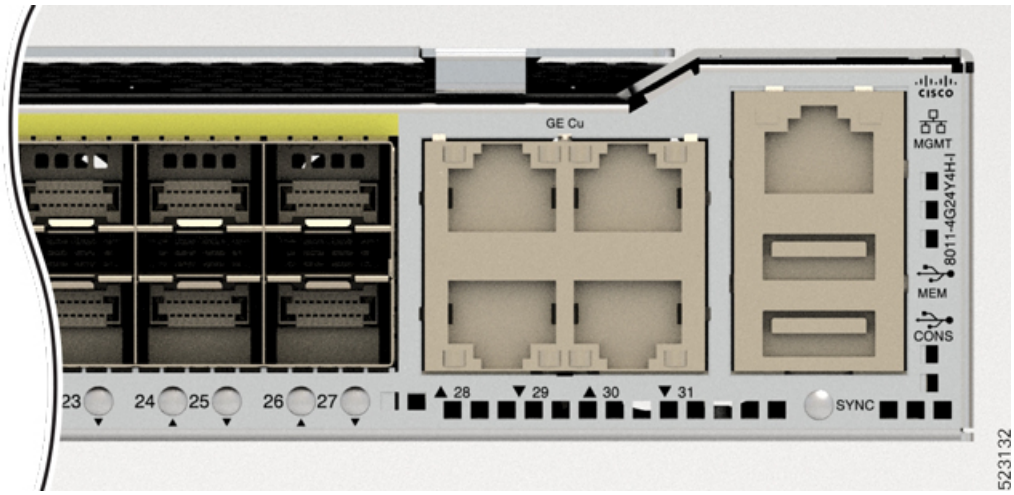


Figure 59: Cisco 8011-32Y8L2H2FH — Management Ethernet Port

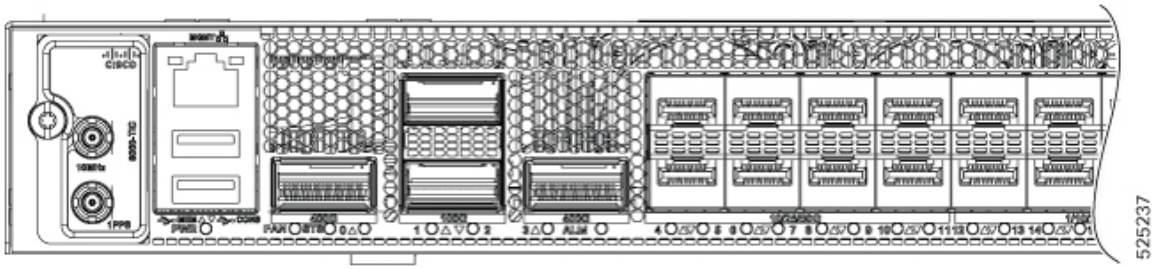
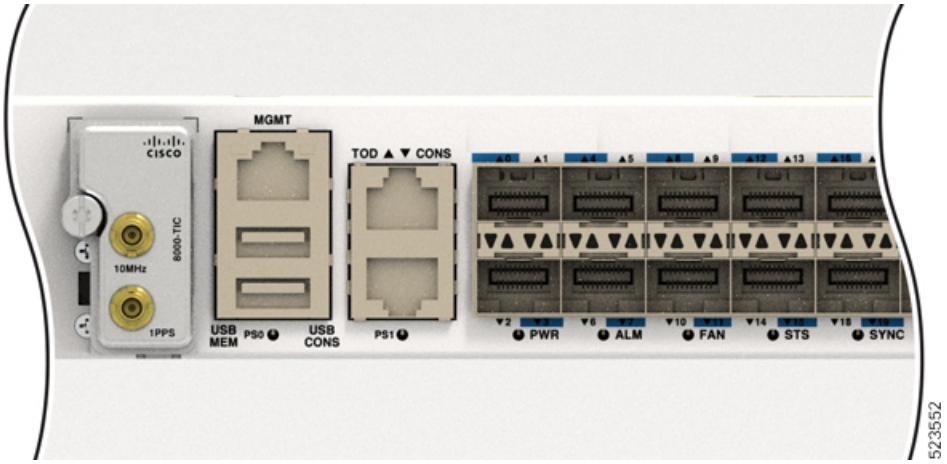


Figure 60: Cisco 8011-12G12X4Y — Management Ethernet Port



Note To comply with GR-1089-CORE, the intra-building port(s) of the equipment must use shielded intra-building cabling or wiring that is grounded at both ends.

Connect to the Management Ethernet Port

To connect cables to the system management port:

Before you begin

You must complete the initial router configuration.

Note To prevent an IP address conflict, do not connect the management Ethernet port until the initial configuration is complete.

Procedure

Step 1 Attach category 5 cables directly to the RJ45 receptacle on the management Ethernet port.

Step 2 Connect the network end of your RJ45 cable to a switch, hub, repeater, or other external equipment.

Connecting Cables to Timing Interfaces Card

Perform these steps on how to connect cables from the router to a Timing Interfaces Card unit for input 10Mhz or 1PPS interface.

1. Connect one end of a mini-coax cable to the Timing Interfaces Card unit.
2. Connect the other end of the mini-coax cable to the 10MHz or 1PPS port on the router.

Inserting and Securing Timing Interfaces Card with GNSS Module

Summary

This process involves physically integrating the module into a device and fastening it to ensure proper connection and stability.

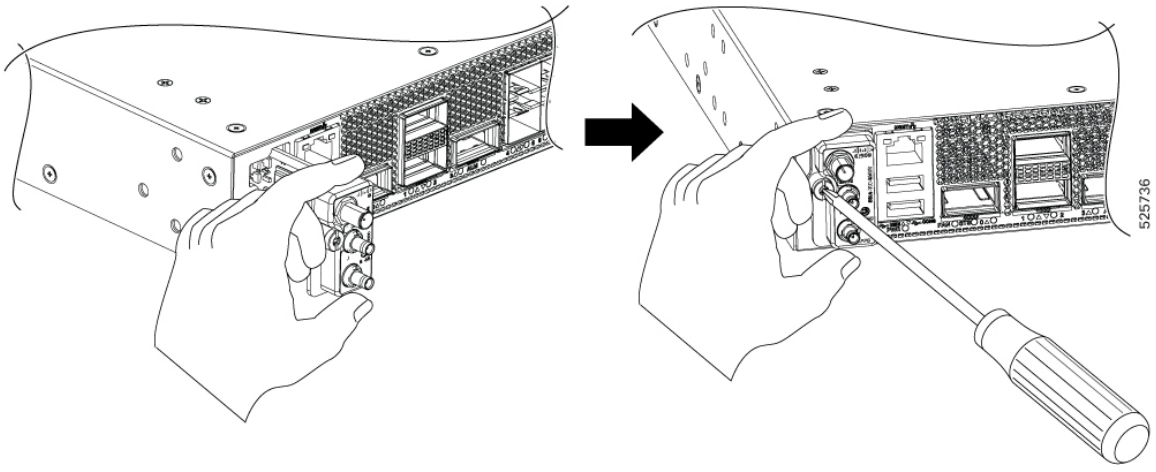
The key components involved in the process are:

- Installer: The individual performing the physical installation and securing actions.
- GNSS module: The hardware component being installed, which provides Global Navigation Satellite System capabilities to the device.
- Device chassis: The main equipment or system where the GNSS module is inserted.
- Screwdriver: A tool used to tighten the captive screws on the module, ensuring it is firmly secured.

Workflow

Note You can insert and secure the Cisco 8000-TIC-GNSS module only on the Cisco 8011-32Y8L2H2FH Router.

Figure 61: Cisco 8011-32Y8L2H2FH Router: Inserting and securing the Cisco 8000-TIC-GNSS module



These are the stages of inserting and securing a Timing Interfaces Card with GNSS module:

1. Module Insertion: The installer carefully aligns the GNSS module with the designated slot on the device chassis and pushes it into place until it is fully seated within the device's internal connectors.

2. Module Securing: The installer uses a screwdriver to tighten the captive screws located on the faceplate of the GNSS module. This action secures the module firmly to the device chassis, preventing accidental dislodgement and ensuring a stable connection.

Note Ensure that the captive screws are tightened with a torque of 5lbs-in or 0.65 Nm.

Result

The GNSS module is successfully installed and secured within the device, establishing a stable physical connection and preparing it for operational use.

Install and Remove Transceiver Module

Caution Removing and installing a transceiver can shorten its useful life. Do not remove and insert transceivers more than it is absolutely necessary. We recommended that you disconnect cables before installing or removing transceivers to prevent damage to the cable or transceiver

This section shows how to install and remove transceiver module:

Safety Precautions for Module Installation and Removal

Be sure to observe the following safety precautions when you work on the chassis.

Warning **Statement 1006—**Chassis Warning for Rack-Mounting and Servicing

To prevent bodily injury when mounting or servicing this unit in a rack, you must take special precautions to ensure that the system remains stable. The following guidelines are provided to ensure your safety:

- This unit should be mounted at the bottom of the rack if it is the only unit in the rack.
- When mounting this unit in a partially filled rack, load the rack from the bottom to the top with the heaviest component at the bottom of the rack.
- If the rack is provided with stabilizing devices, install the stabilizers before mounting or servicing the unit in the rack.

Warning **Statement 1008—**Class 1 Laser Product

This product is a Class 1 laser product.

Note **Statement 1089—**Instructed and Skilled Person Definitions

An instructed person is someone who has been instructed and trained by a skilled person and takes the necessary precautions when working with equipment.

A skilled person or qualified personnel is someone who has training or experience in the equipment technology and understands potential hazards when working with equipment.

Warning **Statement 1090—**Installation by a Skilled Person

Only a skilled person should be allowed to install, replace, or service this equipment. See statement 1089 for the definition of a skilled person.

Install and Remove SFP Modules

Before you remove or install an SFP module, read the installation information in this section.

Caution Protect all the unused ports by inserting clean dust covers or dust caps into them.

Warning **Statement 1055—**Class 1/1M Laser

Invisible laser radiation is present. Do not expose to users of telescopic optics. This applies to Class 1/1M laser products.



Warning **Statement 1056—**Unterminated Fiber Cable

Invisible laser radiation may be emitted from the end of the unterminated fiber cable or connector. Do not view directly with optical instruments. Viewing the laser output with certain optical instruments, for example, eye loupes, magnifiers, and microscopes, within a distance of 100 mm, may pose an eye hazard.

Caution Protect the system by inserting a clean SFP module cage cover (shown in the following figure) into the optical module cage when there is no SFP module installed. The SFP module cage cover is not a standard part of the accessories kit.

Figure 62: SFP Module Cage Cover



Caution Protect the SFP or SFP+ modules by inserting clean dust covers into them after the cables are removed. Be sure to clean the optic surfaces of the fiber cables before you plug them back into the optical ports of another module. Avoid getting dust and other contaminants into the optical ports of your SFP modules, because the optics do not work correctly when obstructed by dust.

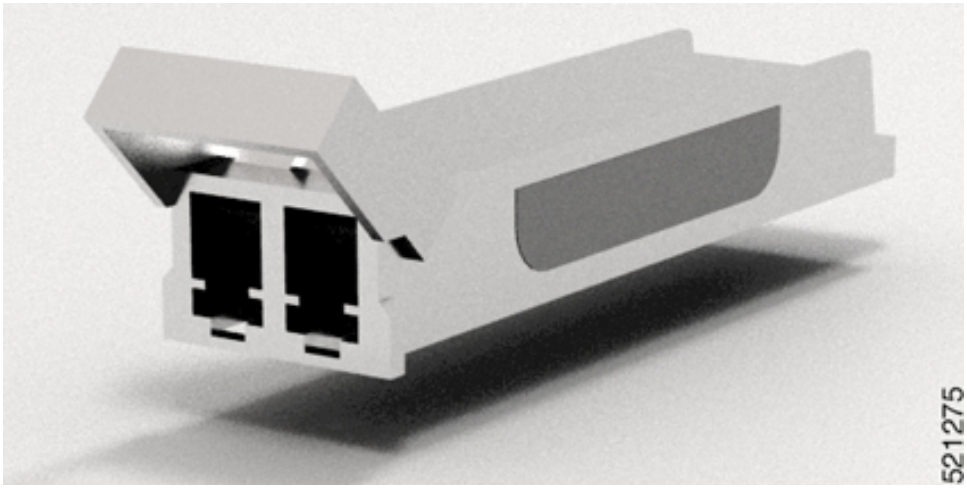
Caution We strongly recommend that you do not install or remove the SFP module with fiber-optic cables attached to it because of the potential of damaging the cable, the cable connector, or the optical interfaces in the module. Disconnect all cables before removing or installing an SFP module. Removing and inserting a module can shorten its useful life; so you should not remove and insert modules more than it is absolutely necessary.

Note When installing an SFP module, you would hear a click as the triangular pin on the bottom of the module snaps into position into the hole in the receptacle. The click indicates that the module is correctly seated and secured in the receptacle. Verify that the modules are completely seated and secured in their assigned receptacles on the system by firmly pushing on each SFP module.

Bale Clasp SFP Module

The bale clasp SFP module has a clasp that you use to remove or install the module. (See the figure below.)

Figure 63: Bale Clasp SFP Module

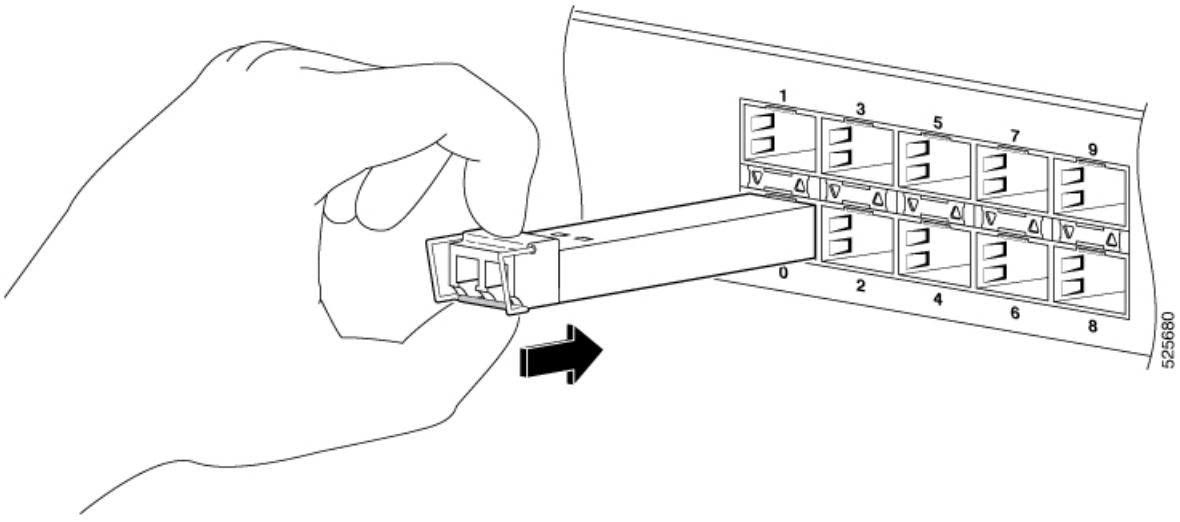


Install a Bale Clasp SFP Module

To install this type of SFP module:

1. Attach an ESD-preventive wrist or ankle strap and follow its instructions for use.
2. Close the bale clasp before inserting the SFP module.
3. Line up the SFP module with the port and slide it into the port. (See the figure below.)

Figure 64: Installing a Bale Clasp SFP Module into a Port



Note When installing an SFP or SFP+ module, you should hear a click as the triangular pin on the bottom of the SFP module snaps into the hole in the receptacle. This click indicates that the module is correctly seated and secured in the receptacle. Verify that the SFP modules are completely seated and secured in their assigned receptacles on the system by firmly pushing on each SFP module.

Remove a Bale Clasp SFP Module

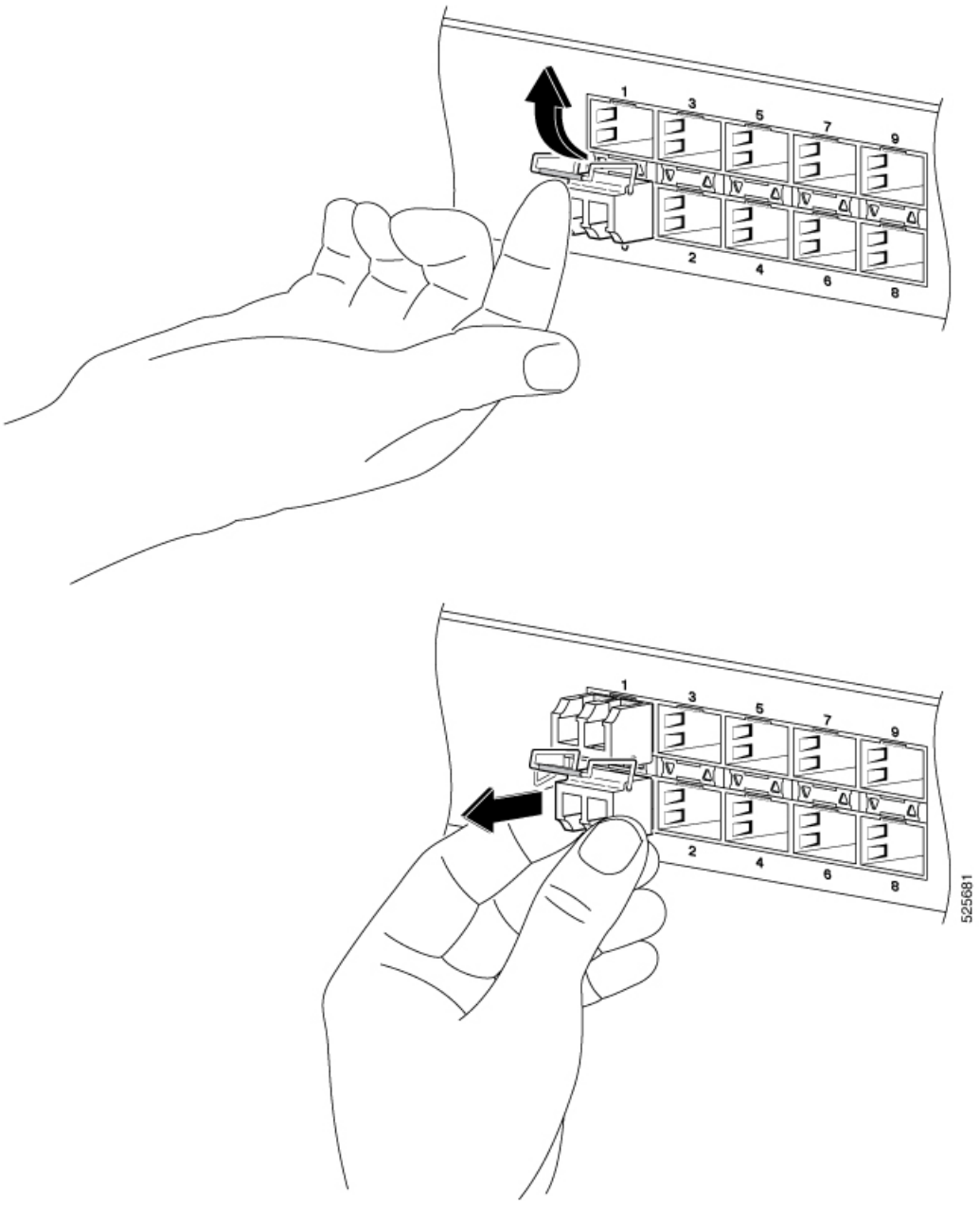
To remove this type of SFP module:

1. Attach an ESD-preventive wrist or ankle strap and follow its instructions for use.
2. Disconnect and remove all interface cables from the ports; note the current connections of the cables to the ports on the system.
3. Open the bale clasp on the SFP module with your index finger, as shown in the figure below. If the bale clasp is obstructed and if you cannot open it, use your index finger, use a small flat-blade screwdriver or other long, narrow instrument to open the bale clasp.
4. Grasp the SFP module between your thumb and index finger and carefully remove it from the port, as shown in the figure below.



Note This action must be performed during your first instance. After all ports are populated, this may not be possible.

Figure 65: Removing a bale clasp SFP module



5. Place the SFP module that you removed on an antistatic mat, or immediately place it in a static shielding bag if you plan to return it to the factory.
6. Protect your system by inserting a clean SFP module cage covers into the optical module cage when there is no SFP module installed.

Connect Interface Ports

You can connect optical interface ports on with other devices for network connectivity.

Connect a Fiber-Optic Port to the Network

Depending on the model that you are using, you can use either QSFP+ or QSFP28 transceivers. Some transceivers work with fiber-optic cables that you attach to the transceivers and other transceivers work with pre-attached copper cables. When installing fiber-optic cables for a port, you must install SFP transceivers for 1-Gigabit optical ports or install SFP+ transceivers for 10-Gigabit optical ports or QSFP+ transceivers for 100-Gigabit ports before installing the fiber-optic cable in the transceivers.



Caution Removing and installing a transceiver can shorten its useful life. Do not remove and insert transceivers more than it is absolutely necessary. We recommended that you disconnect cables before installing or removing transceivers to prevent damage to the cable or transceiver.

Disconnect Optical Ports from the Network

When you need to remove fiber-optic transceivers, you must first remove the fiber-optic cables from the transceiver before you remove the transceiver from the port.

Maintain Transceivers and Optical Cables

To maintain high signal accuracy and to prevent damage to the connectors, transceivers and fiber-optic cables must be kept clean and free of dust. Attenuation (loss of light) is increased by contamination and should be below 0.35 dB.

Consider the following maintenance guidelines:

- Transceivers are static sensitive. To prevent ESD damage, wear an ESD-preventative wrist strap that is connected to the grounded chassis.
- Do not remove and insert a transceiver more than it is necessary. Repeated removals and insertions can shorten its useful life.
- Keep all optical connections covered when not in use. Clean them before use to prevent dust from scratching the fiber-optic cable ends.
- Do not touch the ends of connectors. Touching the ends would leave fingerprints and cause other contamination.
- Clean the connectors regularly; the required frequency of cleaning depends upon the environment. In addition, clean connectors if they are exposed to dust or have been accidentally touched. Both wet and dry cleaning techniques can be effective; refer to your site's fiber-optic connection cleaning procedures.
- Inspect routinely for dust and damage. Clean and then inspect fiber ends under a microscope to determine whether any damage has occurred.

Installing the Air Filter (AF-CVR-C)

This section describes installing the air filter, AF-CVR-C, on the following Cisco 8010 router variants:

- 8011-12G12X4Y-A
- 8011-12G12X4Y-D

Note The maximum operating temperature is 60°C when air filters and dust covers are installed on the system.

The maximum operating temperature increases to 70°C when air filters and dust covers are removed from the system.

Note Air filters are consumable items and must be ordered separately by customers. Customers may contact TAC for assistance in identifying the correct air filter PID to order. We recommend having spare air filters in stock.

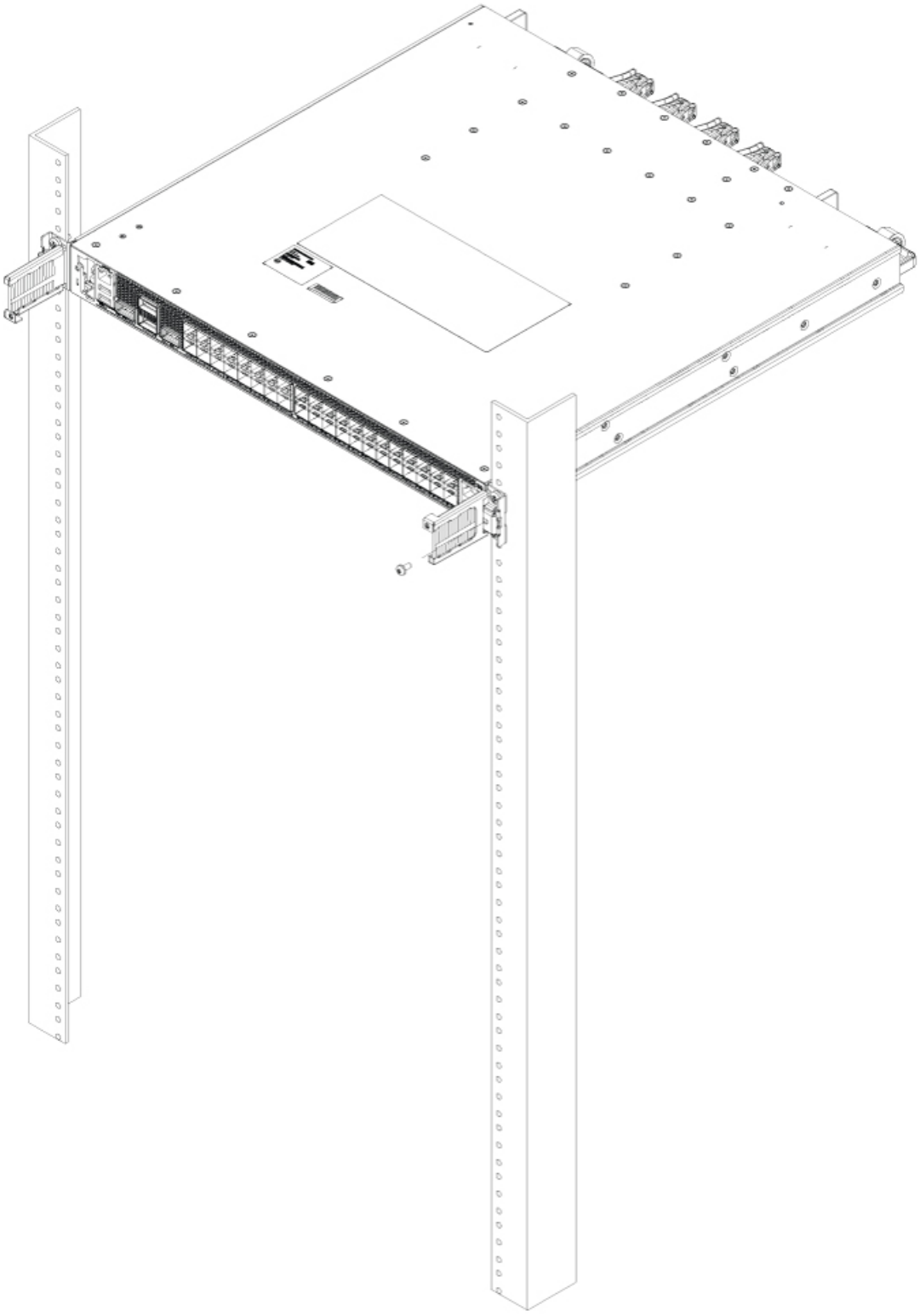
Before you begin

- Complete the "Rack Mount" procedure.
- Since the air filter is installed from the top, make sure that there is approximately 2 rack units of space above the router.

Procedure

Step 1 Position the air filter on top of the air inlet side of the chassis as shown in the figure.

Figure 66: Position the air filter



Note
Locate the label "TOP REAR" on the air filter's top bracket. The label serves as an installation guide indicating that this side of the air filter should be positioned at the top of the router chassis.

Step 2 From the top, slide the air filter to cover the air vents as shown in the figure.

Figure 67: Slide the air filter

Note
There are three magnetic points on the air filter as shown in the figure. The magnetic points keep the air filter secured to the router chassis.

Figure 68: Magnetic points

Install the air filter (AF-CVR-A, AF-CVR-B, AF-CVR-C) (front and side views)

This section describes installing the air filter, AF-CVR-A, on the following Cisco 8010 router variants:

- 8011-12G12X4Y-A
- 8011-12G12X4Y-D

Note Air filters are consumable items and must be ordered separately by customers. Customers may contact TAC for assistance in identifying the correct air filter PID to order. We recommend having spare air filters in stock.

Before you begin

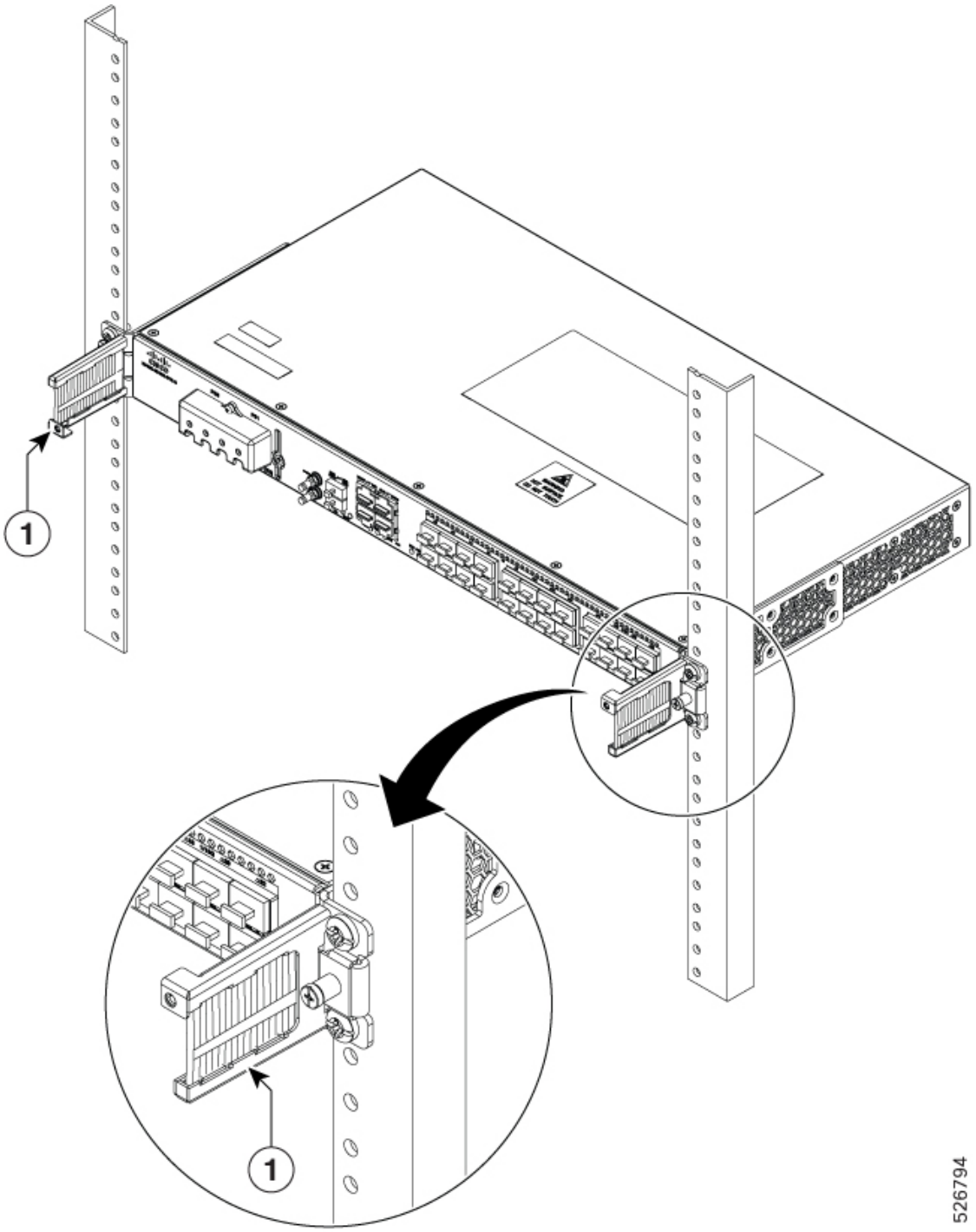
- Complete the "Rack Mount" procedure.
- Since the air filter is installed from the top, make sure that there is approximately 2 rack units of space above the router.

Procedure

Step 1 Mount the cable management onto the mounting ears on both sides.

Figure 69: Mount the cable management

Install the air filter (AF-CVR-A, AF-CVR-B, AF-CVR-C) (front and side views)



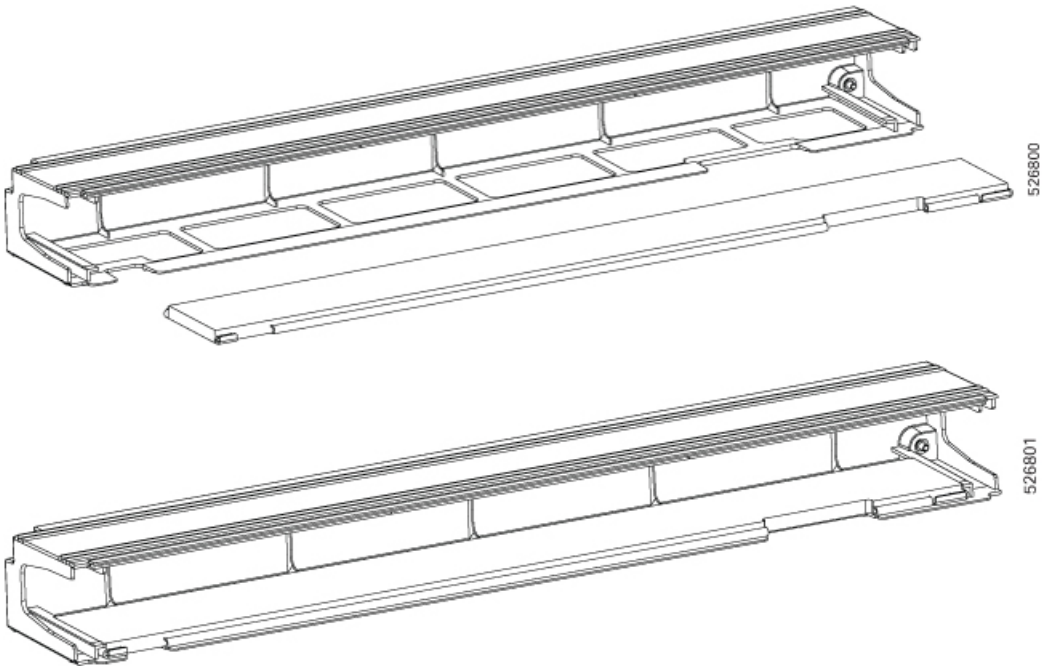
Part	Part Number	Quantity
1 - Cable management	800-52079-01	2

Note

Use thumb screw to fix cable management with rack mount bracket.

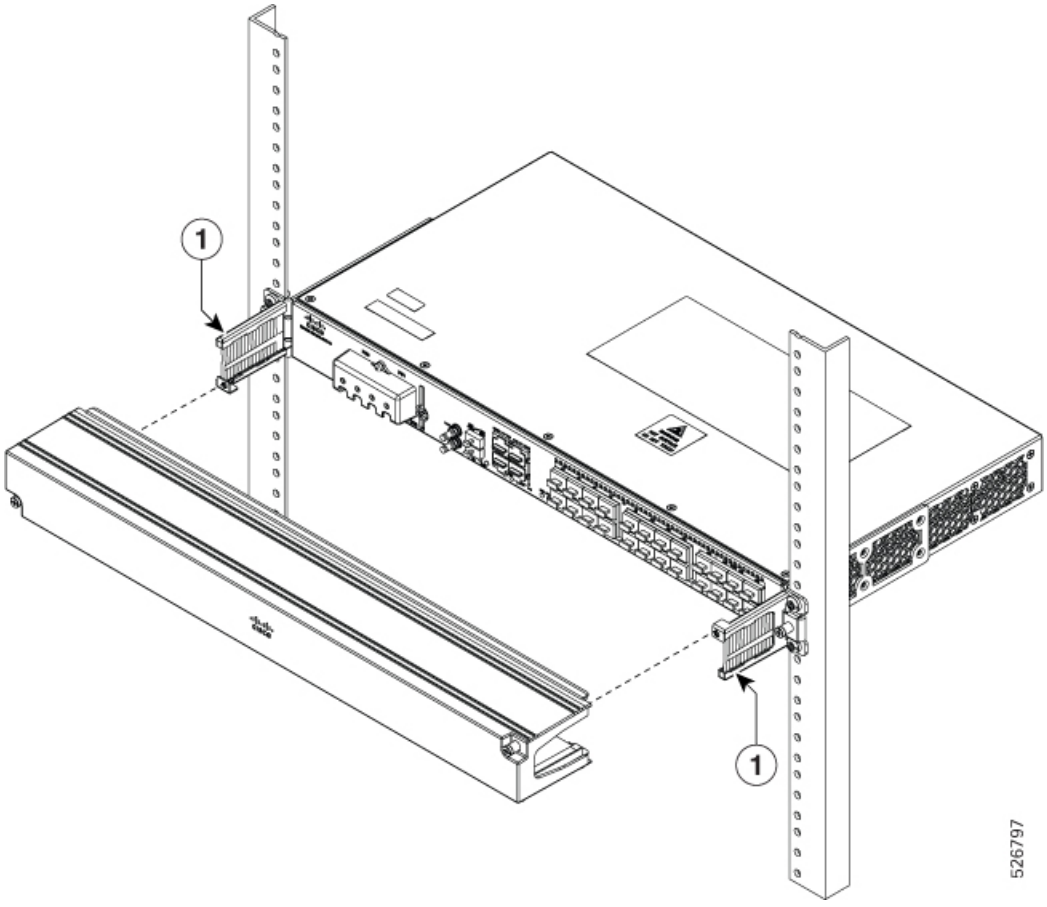
Step 2 Install the air filter (800-52742-01) inside the front air filter cover (700-137145-01).

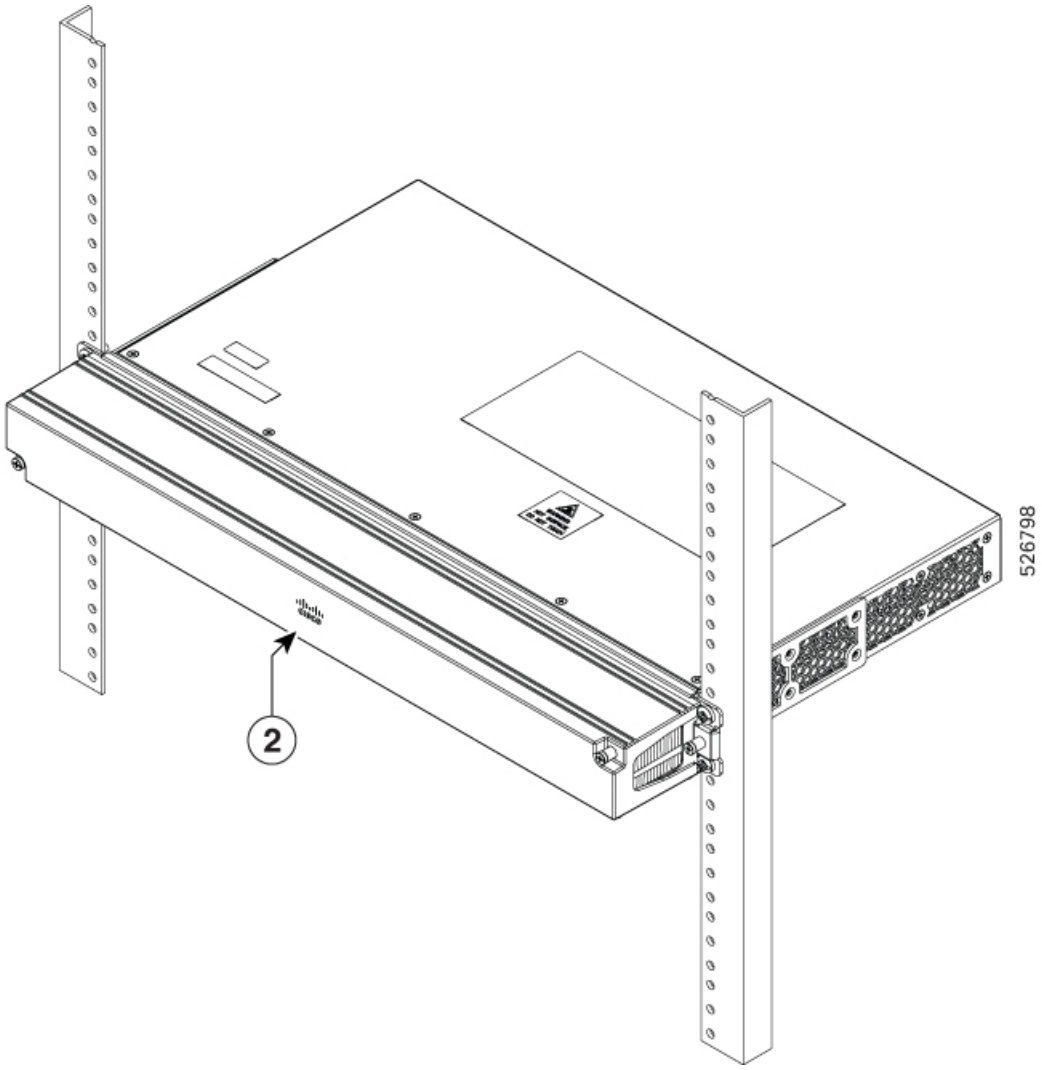
Figure 70: Air filter with filter cover



Step 3 Assemble the front air filter cover.

Figure 71: Front air filter

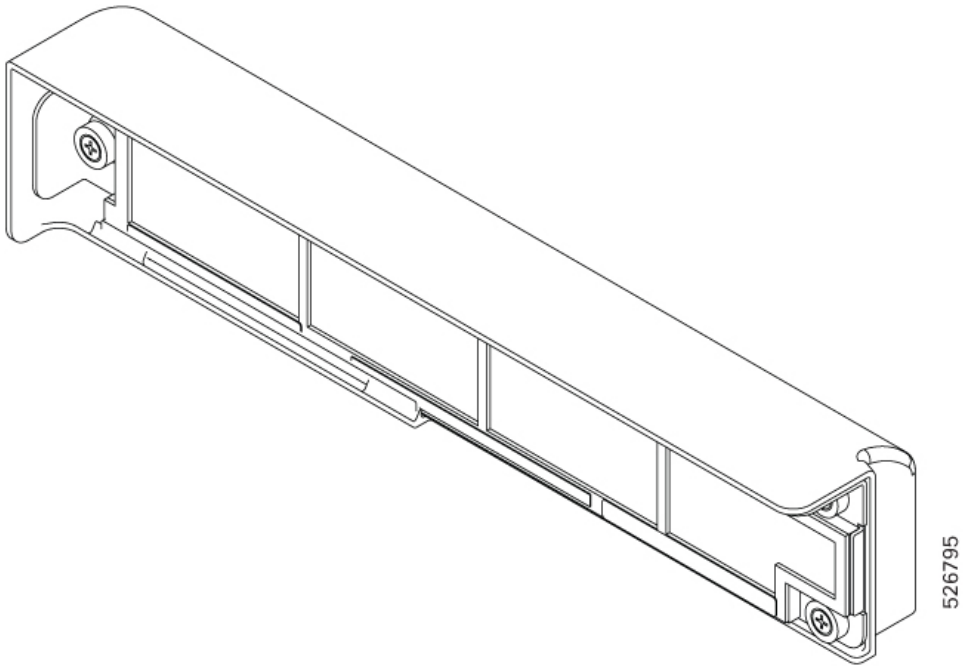




Part	Part Number	Quantity
1 - Cable management	800-52079-01	2
2 - Air filter front cover	700-137145-01	1

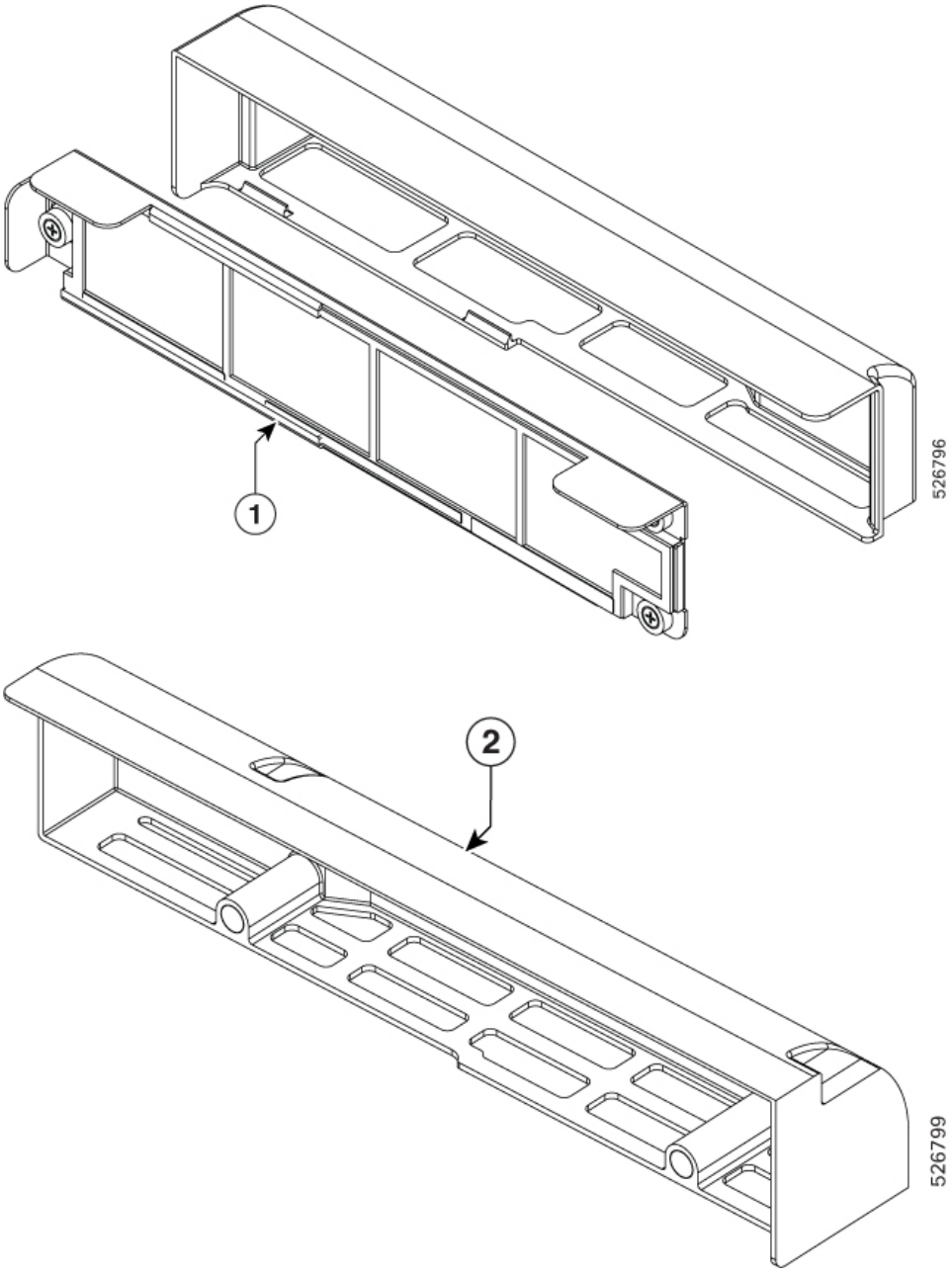
Step 4 Fix the side-mounted air filter onto the air baffle (RH).

Figure 72: Side-mounted air filter



Part	Part Number	Quantity
1 - Air filter	800-52029-01	1
2 - Air baffle	700-137564-01	1

Figure 73: Air filter

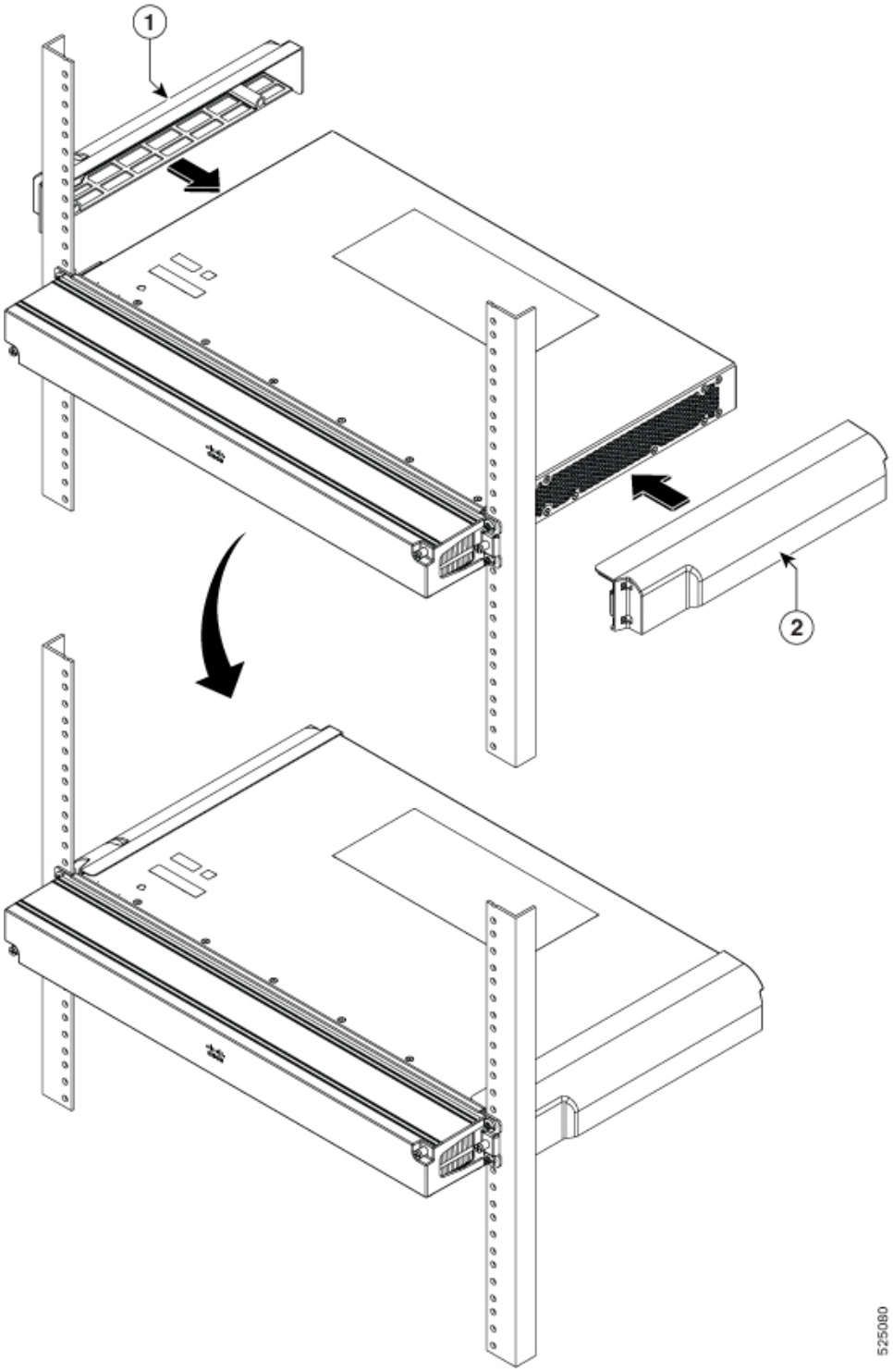


Part	Part Number	Quantity
1 - Air baffle - Right side with air filter	700-137564-01 800-52029-01	1
2 - Air baffle left side	700-137569-01	1

Note
Air filter baffle with air filter should be assembled in right side of the chassis air inlet.

Step 5 Mount both the right and left air baffles on the chassis.

Figure 74: Mounting air filters on both sides of chassis



Part	Part Number	Quantity
1 - Exhaust Baffle	700-137569-01	1
2 - Right side air baffle with filter	700-137564-01 800-52029-01	1

Warning
We recommend that you use only the screws with part number 48-101690-01 to mount the chassis on rack. Other screws are not recommended for the side filter assembly.

Warning
The ports without optics should be closed with dust caps.