

NX-SDK

- About the NX-SDK, on page 1
- About On-Box (Local) Applications, on page 2
- Default Docker Images, on page 2
- Guidelines and Limitations for NX-SDK, on page 3
- About NX-SDK 2.0 , on page 3
- About NX-SDK 2.5, on page 3
- NX-SDK Security, on page 4
- Security Profiles for NX SDK 2.0, on page 4

About the NX-SDK

The Cisco NX-OS SDK (NX-SDK) is a C++ abstraction and plugin-library layer that streamlines access to infrastructure for automation and custom application creation, such as generating custom:

- CLIs
- Syslogs
- Event and Error managers
- Inter-application communication
- High availability (HA)
- Route manager

You can use C++, Python, or Go for application development with NX-SDK.

Requirements

The NX-SDK has the following requirements:

- Docker
- A Linux environment (either Ubuntu 14.04, or Centos 6.7). Cisco recommends using the provided NX-SDK Docker containers. For more information, see Cisco DevNet NX-SDK.

Support for Local (On Switch) Applications

Applications that are developed with NX-SDK are created or developed off the Cisco Nexus switch in the Docker containers that NX-SDK provides. After the application is created, you have flexibility of where the applications can be deployed:

- Local (on-box) applications run on the switch. For information, see About On-Box (Local) Applications, on page 2

Related Information

For more information about Cisco NX-SDK, go to:

- Cisco DevNet NX-SDK. Click the `versions.md` link (https://github.com/CiscoDevNet/NX-SDK/blob/master/versions.md) to get information about features and details on each supported release.
- NX-SDK Readmes

As needed, Cisco adds information for NX-SDK to GitHub.

Considerations for Go Bindings

Go bindings are supported at various levels depending on the release of NX-SDK and whether apps are running locally or remotely.

- Go bindings for any version of NX-SDK remote application are pre-EFT quality.
- Go bindings for a local NX-SDK 2.0 application is pre-EFT.
- Go bindings for a local NX-SDK 1.7.5 application or earlier is supported.

For more information, see GO Bindings for NX-SDK Applications.

About On-Box (Local) Applications

With on box (local) applications, you install the NX-SDK, build your application in whichever supported language you choose, package the app as an `.rpm` file which can be installed on the switch, then install and run your applications on the switch. The `.rpm` files can be manually generated or autogenerated.

Application development occurs in the containers that are provided by NX-SDK. You will use a different container and tools for local applications. For more information, see Default Docker Images, on page 2.

For information about building, installing, and running local applications, see Cisco DevNet NX-SDK .

Default Docker Images

NX-SDK has the following Docker images and tools by default for local or remote use.

Usage	Contents
On Switch	Cisco ENXOS SDK Wind River Linux (WRL) tool chain for cross compiling Multi-language binding toolkit Beginning with NX-SDK 1.75, a Go compiler

For more information, see https://github.com/CiscoDevNet/NX-SDK#readme.

Guidelines and Limitations for NX-SDK

NX-SDK has usage guidelines and limitations for running applications locally (on box).

For guidelines and limitations, see "Helpful Notes" at Cisco DevNet NX-SDK .

About NX-SDK 2.0

The NX-SDK version 2.0 enables execution-environment flexibility for developers to run their applications wherever needed. With this version of NX-SDK, your applications are still developed off the switch in containers.

NX-SDK 2.0 offers the following benefits:

- Easy integration of the switch into the customer environment.
- Scalability to enable the switch to seamlessly operate in data centers, public clouds, and private clouds.
- Decoupling customer apps from switch resources so that changes at the switch-level resources do not require change or rewrite of applications.
- Single library with simple to use APIs for applications to link against, which simplifies switch interactions and allows applications to be written in high-level languages that are easier to write and debug.

For more information, see https://github.com/CiscoDevNet/NX-SDK/blob/master/readmes/NXSDK_in_NXOS.md.

About NX-SDK 2.5

Beginning with Cisco NX-OS Release 9.3(3), support is added for the Streaming Syslog feature.

For more information, see CiscoDevNet.

Table 1: Syslog Events

Features	Details
Syslog Events	• Ability for custom applications to register for Cisco NX-OS syslog events. • Refer to watchSyslog and postSyslogCb APIs in nx_trace.h for more details.

NX-SDK Security

Beginning with NX-OS 9.3(1), NX-SDK 2.0 supports the following security features:

- Server certificate security. For new switch deployments with Cisco NX-OS 9.3(1), the NX-SDK server generates a one-day temporary certificate to provide enough time to install a custom certificate.

  If your NX-SDK server already has a custom certificate that is installed, for example, if you are upgrading from a previous NX-SDK version to NX-SDK 2.0, your existing certificate is retained and used after upgrade.

- API write-call control. NX-SDK 2.0 introduces security profiles, which enable you to select a pre-defined policy for controlling how much control an application has with the NX-SDK server. For more information about security profiles, see Security Profiles for NX SDK 2.0, on page 4.

Security Profiles for NX SDK 2.0

In previous releases, the APIs for SDK version 1.75 were permitted only to read and get data for events. Beginning in Cisco NX-OS Release 9.3(1), NX-SDK 2.0 supports different types of operations, including write calls.

The ability of an app to read or write to the switch can be controlled through a security profile. A security profile is an optional object that is attached to the applications' service running in the switch. Security profiles control an application's ability to write to the switch, and in turn, control the applications ability to modify, delete, or configure switch functionality. By default, application writes are disallowed, so for each application, you will need to create a security profile that enables write access to the switch.

Cisco's NX-SDK offers the following security profiles.

Profile	Description	Values
Deny	Prevents any API calls from writing to the switch except for adding CLIs.	This is the default profile.

Profile	Description	Values
Throttle	Allows APIs that modify the switch, but only up to a specified number of calls. This security profile applies throttling to control the number of API calls. The application is allowed to write up to the limit, but when the limit is exceeded, writing stops, and the reply sends an error message.	The throttle is 50 API calls, and the throttle resets after five seconds.
Permit	APIs that modify the switch are allowed without restriction	

For more information about security profiles in NX-SDK, see Security Profiles for NX-SDK Applications .

For additional information about building, installing, and running applications, go to CiscoDevNet NX-SDK .